Data Dictionary

The Arizona State Trauma Registry

(ASTR)

Reduced Data Set



Mission: To use and provide data in the communication of process improvement, best practices, and advances in patient care to all.

ARIZONA STATE TRAUMA REGISTRY (ASTR) 2008-Forward DATA DICTIONARY <u>REDUCED</u> Data Set Version 2.8 Last updated January 25, 2024

FULL Data Set is required for designated Level I, Level II, and Level III Trauma Centers

*Level IV Trauma Centers, Non-Designated hospitals and ALS base hospitals have the option of submitting the full or reduced data set

Effective for ED/Hospital Arrival Dates January 1, 2008 - forward Supplement with database information from vendor specifications. Please refer to the Appendices and Index at the end of this document for more information on ASTR.

ASTR Database Information / Limitations:

Only patients meeting the ASTR Trauma Patient Inclusion Definition are included in the ASTR database. ASTR inclusion criteria were changed in 2008, 2012 and back to 2008 criteria for 2013 and forward. The criteria are published on the <u>ASTR website</u>.

The ASTR database does not contain all fatal and non-fatal injury events within Arizona. Injured patients are NOT captured in the ASTR database if they:

- 1. Died at the scene and were not transferred to a trauma center,
- 2. Were treated only at a non-reporting hospital, or
- 3. Patient did not meet the ASTR trauma patient inclusion criteria.

A limited number of Arizona hospitals submit data to ASTR, but all designated trauma centers report data to ASTR. The list of reporting facilities is on the <u>ASTR website</u>:

Designated Level I, Level II, and Level III Trauma Centers are required to submit to ADHS the full data set as outlined in this data dictionary.

Level IV Trauma Centers, Non-Designated Hospitals, and ALS Base Hospitals may collect the full data set, but do have the option of submitting a reduced data set.

Duplicate records may exist in the ASTR database for patients who transferred from one reporting hospital to another during the course of their injury management.

Many required data element definitions and drop down menus were changed for 2008. It is important to account for these changes when comparing trauma registry data from multiple years.

This dictionary pertains to records with ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 2008-Forward. A separate ASTR data dictionary exists for records with ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 2005-2007.

For questions regarding the ASTR database (including what quality checks have been run on the data received), please contact the ASTR Trauma Registry Manager at 480-601-4615.

For more information on the Arizona State Trauma Registry, please go to the <u>ASTR website</u>:

http://www.azdhs.gov/preparedness/emergency-medical-services-traumasystem/index.php#data-quality-assurance-astr

Definitions (for this document):

Data elements shaded in gray are ASTR-only database fields and are NOT required for submission by reporting hospitals.

Data Element = Name of ASTR required data element. Please use data element name when submitting an ASTR data request. To assist users with reporting on multiple years of data, a text box was added (below data element description) to document ASTR data changes. Differences between the 2005-2007 and 2008 ASTR data dictionary are documented to assist users with reporting. Changes from reporting years 2008 forward are also documented in this area.

Table Name = ASTR Oracle table name in which the data element values are stored (Note: If a Care Phase applies, it will be listed in parenthesis after table name. See Care Phase info below.)

**Note on ASTR Trauma One® Oracle tables: In the ASTR Oracle database, "ACCTNO" is the common key field and the MAINDATA table is the primary table. The "ACCTNO" field is auto-generated by the ASTR Trauma One database.

Carephase = Reporting constraints exist for data elements that are stored with the same table and field name (Example: Vital sign data from different data entry pages require a carephase). Attention to carephase constraint is only needed if using NON-Trauma One software to report on data. The Trauma One reporting module already accounts for carephase.

Field Name = Field name as stored in ASTR database. *Database field names may not correspond to the type of data being recorded - refer to data element description instead.

Copy Field = this information is important for both Trauma One & non-Trauma One reporting methods. For some data elements, multi-copy data is stored in the same data field. User must select which data values (1st, 2nd, etc.) that the report should query to get the intended results. Not all fields are copy fields, but it is important to pay attention to the ones that are. If a number is listed under Copy Field, the number indicates which copy should be selected to report on that specific data element.

<u>Copy Field Example 1</u>: Method of payment is stored as a copy field. The first and second methods of payment are stored in order in the same location of the database. If you want to report only the primary method of payment, you must indicate to report software that you want FIRST value. Otherwise, your report will contain both primary and secondary payer information. <u>Copy Field Example 2</u>: When querying data fields for First and Second Referring fields, you must indicate to the software if you want 1st or 2nd. Otherwise, your report will contain both.

Field Type = Indicates whether the data value requires a Character, Numeric, Date, Time or Memo type of data entry response.

Field Width = the maximum amount of characters or numbers (including spaces and punctuation) that the database will accept for that specific data field.

NTDS refers to the National Trauma Data Standard, the format specifications for submission of data to the National Trauma Data Bank (NTDB). For more info: <u>http://www.ntdsdictionary.org/</u>

NTDS Data Element # = National data element number in the corresponding NTDS Data Dictionary. If no NTDS # is listed, that element is not a national requirement.

Pick list? (Yes/No) = Indicates whether there is an ASTR required pick list (drop-down menu) associated with the data element.

Data Value = Indicates the actual data values (short text) stored in database for reporting. Data values submitted to ASTR must match the state-required pick list values and must be UPPERCASE.

Primary/Sub pick list Descriptions = Long text description of the pick list values, as users view them on the data entry screen. When mapping data for interfacing, use the data values (short text). When the registrar selects a long text description from the data entry screen, the corresponding short text data value is stored in the database for reporting purposes. "Single pick list entry" indicates that the user may select only one data value from the list. "Multiple entry pick list" indicates that the user may select more than one value from the list.

Definition = Brief definition of the data element, including important data entry instructions for registrars entering the trauma data.

Comments = Contains additional information about the data element, including acceptable Null Values.

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DEMOGRAPHICS SECTION

Data Element D1_01: Account Number

DEFINITION:

Unique account number generated by the database for each record. In the ASTR database, this is referred to as the Lancet Account No. or Patient Account No.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

**ASTR Reporting note: ACCTNO is the common key field in the ASTR Oracle tables. MAINDATA is the primary table. Automatically generated by system. ASTR Account Number will not be the same number in reporting hospital databases. A "State Unique ID" field was created to help ASTR and hospitals communicate regarding specific records (see below).

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ACCTNO FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 9 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element D1_02: Registration Number

DEFINITION:

Unique number assigned by your hospital for this specific episode of care.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

May also be referred to in hospital billing as "Patient Control Number", "Patient Account Number" or "Patient Encounter Number". It is the unique number for this hospital visit. For linking purposes, this number should match what your facility submits to HDD. Do not add leading zeros or trailing zeros unless they are an official part of your hospital numbering system. Not Documented and Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: EMRNUM FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element D1_03: Medical Record Number

DEFINITION:

Hospital record number through which the patient's hospital medical history can be retrieved.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

May also be referred to as the "Patient Health Record Number". Number is unique for the patient, but not unique for this hospital visit. For linking purposes, this number should match what your facility submits to HDD. Do not add leading or trailing zeros unless they are an official part of your hospital numbering system. Not Documented and Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: MEDRECNUM FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element D1_04: ED/Hospital Arrival Date*

DEFINITION:

First recorded arrival date into the emergency department of your facility. If patient did not enter your hospital through the ED (e.g., direct admit), enter the date of first contact with the patient for this injury event. This field is found on both the ASTR Demographic and ED/Trauma page. Editing either field should update the other. Format is MMDDYYYY.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- *Determines the case date range for data submission and for ASTR data reporting. Valid entry is required for all records.
- System will auto calculate Patient Age from entry of ED/Hospital Arrival Date and Date of Birth.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable should not be used. Field should not be left blank.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TR_ENT_DT FIELD TYPE: Date FIELD WIDTH: 8 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_01 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 4. Hospital Discharge Summary

Data Element D1_05: Hospital Admission Date

DEFINITION:

Date of inpatient admission at your facility. Format is MMDDYYYY.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Field is used to calculate Hospital Admission LOS.
- Not Documented should not be used.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was not admitted as an inpatient to your facility.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ADMDATE FIELD TYPE: Date FIELD WIDTH: 8 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element D1_06: Admission Status at Reporting Facility

DEFINITION:

Admission status of the patient at your facility. (This field indicates to ASTR whether the patient had ED care, inpatient care or both.) Single entry pick list. The Pick list Data Value (short text) is what is stored in the database.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 Change: New Field.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable should not be used.
- If patient was not admitted, enter one of the ED choices from pick list. If patient left AMA before admission, select "Seen in your ED and released."

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
ED_ADMIT	Admitted through ED at your hospital
DIR_ADMIT	Direct Admit at your hospital
ED_TRANSFR	Seen in your ED then transferred out by EMS
ED_RELEASE	Seen in your ED and released (or refer priv. vehicle)
ED_DEATH	DOA or Died in ED

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008 ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: INP_STATUS FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 10 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Element D1_07: Patient Last Name

DEFINITION: Patient's last name as it appears in medical record.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate): Not Documented may be used. Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: LASTNAME FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 25 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element D1_08: Patient First Name

DEFINITION: Patient's first name as it appears in medical record.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

• Not Documented may be used. Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: FIRSTNAME FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 12 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element D1_09: Patient Middle Initial

DEFINITION:

Patient's middle initial as it appears in medical record.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

• Not Documented and Not Applicable may be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: MIDINIT FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element D1_10: Social Security Number

DEFINITION:

Patient's Social Security Number as it appears in medical record.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Not Documented should be used when patient has a SSN, but number is unknown.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient does not have a SSN.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PT_SSN FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 11 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element D1_11: Patient Date of Birth

DEFINITION:

The patient's date of birth (DOB). Format is MMDDYYYY

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- System will auto calculate Patient Age from entry of DOB and ED/Hospital Arrival Date.
- If DOB is unknown, enter Not Documented for DOB and then enter an estimated age for patient.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: BIRTHDAY FIELD TYPE: Date FIELD WIDTH: 8 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: D_07 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. ED Admission Form
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 5. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element D1_12: Patient Age

DEFINITION:

The patient's age upon arrival at your facility. If DOB is unknown, enter best approximation of age. Valid values are 1-120.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Patient Age now auto calculated using ED/Hospital Arrival Date, not Admit Date. Updated instructions for 2008: Not Documented and Not Applicable will not be accepted enter best approximation of age if DOB is unknown.
- Registrar note: System will auto calculate patient Age and Age Units when ED/Hospital Arrival Date and DOB are entered. If Age is entered in months, days or hours, the user may need to manually enter the age and units.
- If patient age is less than 1 day, enter Age in "Hours";
- If patient age is greater than or equal to 1 day but less than 1 month, enter Age in "Days";
- If patient age is greater than or equal to 1 month but less than 1 year, enter Age in "Months";
- If age is 13 23 months, you may enter the age in months or as 1 year;
- Age 2 or older must be entered in "Years".

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: AGE FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 3 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: D_08 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. ED Admission Form
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 5. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element D1_13: Units of Age

DEFINITION:

The units used to document the patient's age (Years, Months, Days or Hours).

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: Pick list updated Added minutes
- 2008 change: Pick list updated. YE, ME, DE removed from list. Added H (Hours).
- Registrar note: If patient age is less than one day, enter Age in "Hours"; if less than one hour, enter age in minutes;
- If patient age is greater than or equal to 1 day but less than 1 month, enter Age in "Days";
- If patient age is greater than or equal to 1 month but less than 1 year, enter Age in "Months";
- If age is 13 23 months, you may enter the age in months or as 1 year;
- Age 2 or older must be entered in "Years".
- Not Documented and Not Applicable should not be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
Y	Years
Μ	Months
D	Days
Н	Hours
Ι	Minutes (new 2016)

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: AGE_UNIT FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 2 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: D_09 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. ED Admission Form
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 5. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element D1_14: Age (Years)

DEFINITION:

The patient's age, converted by ASTR database into an Age (Years) value for reporting purposes.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- ASTR system only. Automatically populated by ASTR database at import. Age of patient is calculated by using Date of Birth and ED/Hospital Arrival Date.
- If "Age" is less than 12 months, less than 365 days, or entered in hours, "Age (Years)" will populate as 0.
- If "Age Units" is entered as months and "Age" is greater than 12, Age (Years) will be calculated as the closest age with no rounding.

Example of Age (Years) calculation:

- If patient age is 5 Hours, Age (Years) = 0;
- If patient age is 11 Months, Age (Years) = 0;
- If patient age is 19 Months, Age (Years) = 1;
- If patient age is entered in Years, Age (Years) will be equal to the age entered.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: MONTH_INC FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 5 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST:

Data Element D1_15: Gender

DEFINITION: The patient's gender. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Pick list updated. U (unknown) removed from list.
- Not Documented may be used if gender is unknown or unable to be determined.
- Not Applicable should not be used.
- Patients who have undergone reassignment should be coded using the current assignment.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
Μ	Male
F	Female
Ν	Non-Binary

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: SEX FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: D_12 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. ED Admission Form
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 5. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element D1_16: Race (Primary)

DEFINITION:

The patient's primary race. Per NTDS, up to 2 races can be reported per patient. This field refers to patient's primary reported race.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Pick list updated. UNKNOWN removed from list. Secondary race added as a separate field.
- Per NTDS, patient race should be based upon self-report or as identified by a family member.
- Note: Hispanic/Latino refers to patient ethnicity and is captured in a separate field.
- Not Documented may be used if race is not recorded or unknown.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
WHITE	White
BLACK	Black or African American
AMER IND/ALASKA	American Indian or Alaska Native
HAWAII/PACIFIC	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
ASIAN	Asian
OTHER	Other Race

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: RACE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 16 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: D_10 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. ED Admission Form
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 4. EMS Run Sheet
- 5. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element D1_18: Ethnicity

DEFINITION:

The patient's ethnicity. Identifies a patient of a Hispanic or Latino ethnic group. A person of Hispanic ethnicity may be of any race. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Pick list updated. U (unknown) removed from list
- Patient ethnicity should be based upon self-report or identified by a family member.
- "Not Hispanic or Latino" should be selected if patient is not Hispanic.
- Not Documented may be used if patient's ethnic origin is not recorded or unknown.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
Н	Hispanic or Latino
Ν	Not Hispanic or Latino

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ELGBL_ALIN FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: D_11 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. ED Admission Form
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 4. EMS Run Sheet
- 5. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element D1_21: ZIP Code of Residence

DEFINITION:

The patient's home ZIP code of primary residence. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: Updated to accept universal zip/postal codes.
- 2008 change: Lancet ZIP updates.
- Use the Standard U.S. ZIP code list for valid values. Registrar should make attempts (using EMS documentation and internet resources) to identify ZIP code.
- Not Documented may be used if ZIP code cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should only be used if patient is homeless. For *NA zip codes, please submit a value for the NTDS field "Alternate Home Residence".

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PT_ZIP FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: D_01 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 2. ED Admission Form
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 5. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element D1_23: City of Residence

DEFINITION:

The patient's primary city (or township or village) of residence. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Pick list updated. UNKNOWN removed from list
- Automatically populated when ZIP code is entered. Make sure the database populates the correct city, as some zip codes represent multiple cities.
- Cities not on the pick list or outside the U.S. may be manually entered. Please be careful to enter correct spelling.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PT_CITY FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 30 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: D_05 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. ED Admission Form
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 5. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element D1_25: State of Residence

DEFINITION:

The patient's primary state of residence (or territory, province, District of Columbia). Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Pick list updated. *U (unknown) removed from list.
- Automatically populated when valid ZIP code is entered. If State is outside of U.S., select "Other Out of Country" from pick list.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PT_ STATE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 3 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: D_03 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. ED Admission Form
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 5. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element D1_24: County of Residence

DEFINITION:

The patient's primary county of residence. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Pick list updated. UNKNOWN and OTHER removed from list. OTHER US and OOC added to list.
- Automatically populated when ZIP code is entered.
- Only valid entries from pick list should be entered or auto filled. If patient resides outside of AZ, select either "Other U.S. County (not AZ)" or "Outside of U.S"
- If county is outside of the U.S., select "Outside of U.S." from pick list.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
APACHE	Apache
COCHISE	Cochise
COCONINO	Coconino
GILA	Gila
GRAHAM	Graham
GREENLEE	Greenlee
LA PAZ	La Paz
MARICOPA	Maricopa
MOHAVE	Mohave
NAVAJO	Navajo
PIMA	Pima
PINAL	Pinal
SANTA CRUZ	Santa Cruz
YAVAPAI	Yavapai
YUMA	Yuma
OTHER US	Other U.S. County (Not Arizona)
00C	Outside of U.S.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PERHIST ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PT_COUNTY FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 9 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: D_04 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 2. ED Admission Form
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 5. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element D1_29: State Unique ID

DEFINITION:

Unique record identifier in ASTR and hospital systems. Auto-generated by system as the reporting facility "Site ID" plus "Account Number" from the reporting facility database. No manual entry required.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Flagstaff switched from Collector to Trauma One software for 2008. Their State Unique ID data prior to 2008 starts with COL-TFLG. 2008 forward starts with TFLG.
- For facilities submitting a reduced data set, this will be the Site ID plus unique registration number.
- Record identifier used in communication between ASTR and reporting hospitals regarding specific trauma records.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: FULLNAME FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 50 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST:

Data Element D1_30: Reporting Facility Site ID

DEFINITION:

Unique system code identifying the facility submitting the record to ASTR. No manual entry required.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

• Automatically generated by system.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ENTRYMODE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 8 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST: Y Data Element D1_31: Reporting Facility Trauma Designation Level

DEFINITION:

Trauma center designation level for the facility submitting the record.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Based on hospital's designation status at the time of the record's ED/Hospital Arrival Date.
- Automatically populated for state reporting purposes.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
LEVEL I	Level I
LEVEL II	Level II
LEVEL III	Level III
LEVEL III-PROV	Provisional Level III
LEVEL IV-FULL	Level IV – Full Data Set
LEVEL IV-PART	Level IV -Reduced Data Set
NONDESIG-FULL	Non-Designated -Full Data Set
NONDESIG-PART	Non-Designated -Reduced Data Set

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008 ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TRACENTER FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST: Y

Data Element D1_32: Reporting Facility ADHS Number (License Code)

DEFINITION:

ASTR assigned number for the facility submitting the record. This number correlates to the facility ID used in the Hospital Discharge Database. This field will be used for ADHS linking purposes.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- If a reporting hospital does not have a MED #, the hospital's code from the ASTR Hospital pick list will be populated into this field.
- Automatically populated for State reporting purposes.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008 ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: LIC_CODE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 10 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST: Y

DEMOGRAPHIC SECTION - "PATIENT INFO"

Data Element D1_33: Reporting Facility Zip Code

DEFINITION:

Zip code of reporting facility.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Automatically populated for State reporting purposes.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008 ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: FAC_ZIP FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST: Y INJURY/PREHOSPITAL/TRANSPORT SECTION

Data Element I2_01: Injury Incident Date

DEFINITION:

Indicates whether the injury incident time represents an actual or estimated time. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): FLDDETAI ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: FL_ENT_DT FIELD TYPE: Date FIELD WIDTH: 8 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: I_01 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element I2_02: Injury Incident Time

DEFINITION:

The time that the injury event occurred. Format is HH:MM - Military time.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Time fields should be entered in AZ Mountain Standard Time (MST).
- Injury event date/time estimates should be based upon report by patient, witness, family, or health care provider. Per NTDS, other proxy measures (e.g., 911 call times) should not be used.
- Not Documented may be used, but this information is important for reporting. Please make every attempt to obtain a valid estimate.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): FLDDETAI ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: FL_ENT_TM FIELD TYPE: Time FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: I_02 PICK-LIST?: N

Data Source Hierarchy 1. EMS Run Sheet

- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes

RETIRED: Data Element I2_04: ICD-9 Place of Occurrence External Cause Code

DEFINITION:

The ICD-9 place of occurrence external cause code (E849.X) used to describe the place/location where the injury event occurred. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: Retired
- 2009 change: Pick list option 7 "Residential institution" was expanded (7A-7E) to identify the type of residential institution.
- The ICD-9 place of occurrence external cause code describes the place where the event occurred, not the patient's activity at the time of the event.
- Do not use "Unspecified place" (E849.9) if the place of occurrence is not stated. "Unspecified place" means the location is stated, but that location does not fit into any of the choices listed in the ICD-9-CM coding manual. Refer to ICD-9-CM coding manual for more details.
- Not Documented should be used if the injury location is unknown.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
0	Home
1	Farm
2	Mine and quarry
3	Industrial places and premises
4	Place for recreation or sport
5	Street and highway
6	Public building
7	Residential institution
7A	Acute care hospital (2009 and Later)
7B	Jail / Prison / Correctional Facility (2009 and
	Later)
7C	Nursing home (2009 and Later)
7D	Psychiatric facility (inpatient) (2009 and Later)
7E	Other residential institution not listed (2009 and
	Later)
8	Other specified places
9	Unspecified place

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDETS ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: SITE_CLASS FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 2 COPY FIELD:

NTDS Data Element #: I_07

PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 4. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element I2_04a: ICD-10 Place of Occurrence External Cause Code

DEFINITION:

The ICD-10 place of occurrence external cause code (Y92.XXX) used to describe the place/location where the injury event occurred. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 new field
- The ICD-10 place of occurrence external cause code describes the place where the event occurred, not the patient's activity at the time of the event.
- Do not use "Unspecified" place if the place of occurrence is not stated. "Unspecified place" means the location is stated, but that location does not fit into any of the choices listed in the ICD-10-CM coding manual. Refer to ICD-10-CM coding manual for more details.
- Not Documented should be used if the injury location is unknown.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

Field Values

• Relevant ICD-10-CM code value for injury event

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDETS ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: NTDS Data Element #: I_09

COPY FIELD: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes
- 4. History and Physical
- 5. Progress Notes

Data Element I2_06: ZIP Code of Injury Incident Location

DEFINITION:

The ZIP code of the injury incident location. Single-entry pick list. Use Standard U.S. ZIP code list - valid area zip codes that can be mapped.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Lancet ZIP updates.
- This field is very important for reporting. Registrar should make attempts (using EMS documentation and internet resources) to identify an injury ZIP code.
- Not Documented may be used if ZIP code cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should only be used if the incident occurred outside of the U.S.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDETS ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: INJ_ZIP FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: I_12 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element I2_08: City of Injury Incident Location

DEFINITION:

The city or township where the patient was found or to which the EMS unit responded (or best approximation). Single-entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Pick list updated. UNKNOWN removed from list.
- Automatically populated when ZIP code is entered. Make sure the database populates the correct city, as some zip codes represent multiple cities.
- Cities not on the pick list or outside of the U.S. may be manually entered. Please be careful to enter correct spelling.
- This field is important for reporting and registrar should make attempts to obtain best city approximation, even if exact address is unknown.
- Not Documented may be used in rare instances when an approximation cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDETS ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: INJ_CITY FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 30 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: I_16 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element I2_09: County of Injury Incident Location

DEFINITION:

The county where the patient was found or to which the EMS unit responded (or best approximation). Single-entry pick list. Automatically populated when ZIP code is entered.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Picklist updated. UNKNOWN and OTHER removed from list. OTHER US and OOC added to list.
- Only valid entries from pick list should be entered or auto filled.
- If patient resides outside of AZ, select either "Other U.S. County (not AZ)" or "Outside of U.S."
- Even if the exact address is unknown, every attempt should be made to obtain the county where the injury event occurred.
- Not Documented may be used only in rare instances where injury county cannot be determined.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
APACHE	Apache
COCHISE	Cochise
COCONINO	Coconino
GILA	Gila
GRAHAM	Graham
GREENLEE	Greenlee
LA PAZ	La Paz
MARICOPA	Maricopa
MOHAVE	Mohave
NAVAJO	Navajo
PIMA	Pima
PINAL	Pinal
SANTA CRUZ	Santa Cruz
YAVAPAI	Yavapai
YUMA	Yuma
OTHER US	Other U.S. County (Not Arizona)
00C	Outside of U.S.

• Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDETS ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: INJ_CNTY FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 9 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: I_15 PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy 1. EMS Run Sheet

- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element I2_10: State of Injury Incident Location

DEFINITION:

The state, territory or province where the patient was found or to which the EMS unit responded (or best approximation). Single-entry pick list. Automatically populated when ZIP code is entered.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Picklist updated. U (Unknown) removed from list.
- Even if the exact address is unknown, every attempt should be made to obtain the state where the injury event occurred.
- If State is outside of U.S., select "Other Out of Country" from picklist.
- Not Documented may be used only in rare instances where injury state cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDETS ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: INJ_STATE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 3 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: I_14 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element I2_12: Trauma Type

DEFINITION:

Broad categorization of the patient's primary trauma injury type. Single entry picklist. Select the category related to the patient's primary injury.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Picklist updated. U (Unknown) removed from list.
- Not Documented may be used if patient injuries are unknown or not recorded.
- Not Applicable may be used if patient meets the State patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
В	Blunt
Р	Penetrating
Ν	Burn

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDETS ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: INJ_CLASS FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

RETIRED: Data Element I2_13: ICD-9 Primary External Cause Code

DEFINITION:

Primary external cause code used to describe the mechanism (or external factor) that caused the injury event. External cause codes are used to report on the mechanism/cause and manner/intent of the injury event. The primary external cause code should describe the main injury event or circumstance responsible for patient's hospital care. Single-entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: retired
- E849 place of occurrence/location external cause codes and Adverse Effects external cause codes should NOT be entered in this field.
- Valid ICD-9-CM injury codes. Submit to ASTR as an E + 3 digit number, followed by decimal and 4th digit as required. All codes must contain an E and a decimal. Examples: E916. or E813.0.
- Activity external cause codes should not be entered in this field. Activity codes are captured in another ASTR data field.
- Not Documented may be used only in rare instances. Every attempt should be made to identify at least one external cause code for the injury event.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): GENMECH ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ECODE_ICD9 FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: 1 NTDS Data Element #: I_06 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 4. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element I2_13a: ICD-10 Primary External Cause Code

DEFINITION:

Primary external cause code used to describe the mechanism (or external factor) that caused the injury event. External cause codes are used to report on the mechanism/cause and manner/intent of the injury event. The primary external cause code should describe the main injury event or circumstance responsible for patient's hospital care. Single-entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Y92.X place of occurrence/location external cause codes and Adverse Effects external cause codes should NOT be entered in this field.
- Valid ICD-10-CM injury codes: T07 T88 Initial Encounter or V00 Y38 Initial Encounter.
- Activity external cause codes (Y93) should not be entered in this field. Activity codes are captured in another ASTR data field.
- Not Documented may be used only in rare instances. Every attempt should be made to identify at least one external cause code for the injury event.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): GENMECH ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ECODE_ICD9 FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: 1 NTDS Data Element #: I_07 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes
- 4. History and Physical
- 5. Progress Notes

RETIRED: Data Element I2_14: CDC Mechanism/ Cause Category for Primary ICD-9 External Cause Code

DEFINITION:

CDC mechanism of injury category code for the primary ICD-9 external cause code. Field populated based on CDC E-code matrix. MOI = Mechanism of Injury.

http://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisqars/ecode_matrix.html

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: retired
- 2008 change: New field
- ASTR system only. Automatically populated by ASTR database for state reporting purposes.

CUT-PIERCE
DROWNING-SUBMERSION
FALL
FIREARM
FIRE-FLAME
HOT_OBJECT-SUBSTANCE
MACHINERY
MV_TRAFFIC-MOTORCYCLIST
MV_TRAFFIC-OCCUPANT
MV_TRAFFIC-OTHER
MV_TRAFFIC-PEDALCYCLIST
MV_TRAFFIC-PEDESTRIAN
MV_TRAFFIC-UNSPECIFIED
NATURAL-BITES_STINGS
NATURAL-ENVIRONMENTAL
OTHER-SPECIFIED-CLASSIFIED
OTHER-SPECIFIED-NOT-CLASSIFIED
OVEREXERTION
PEDALCYCLIST-OTHER
PEDESTRIAN-OTHER
POISONING
STRUCK-BY-AGAINST
SUFFOCATION
TRANSPORT-OTHER
UNSPECIFIED
*ADVERSE-EFFECTS

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): GENMECH ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: CDC_MOI

INJURY/PREHOSPITAL/TRANSPORT SECTION -"INJURY/PREHOSP" FIELD WIDTH: 30

FIELD TYPE: Character NTDS Data Element #:

COPY FIELD: 1 PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Element I2_14a: CDC Mechanism/ Cause Category for Primary ICD-10 External Cause Code

DEFINITION:

CDC mechanism of injury category code for the primary ICD-10 external cause code. Field populated based on CDC matrix. MOI = Mechanism of Injury.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: New field
- ASTR system only. Automatically populated by ASTR database for state reporting purposes.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): GENMECH ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: CDC_MOI FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 30 COPY FIELD: 1 NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

RETIRED: Data Element I2_15: CDC Intent/ Manner Category for Primary ICD-9 External Cause Code

DEFINITION:

CDC intent category code for the primary ICD-10 external cause code. Field populated based on CDC matrix: http://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisgars/ecode matrix.html

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: retired
- 2008 change: New field
- ASTR system only. Automatically populated by ASTR database for state reporting purposes.

UNINTENTIONAL	
SELF-INFLICTED	
ASSAULT	
UNDETERMINED	
OTHER	
*NA (ADV. EFFECTS)	

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): GENMECH ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: CDC_INT FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 30 COPY FIELD: 1 NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Element I2_15a: CDC Intent/ Manner Category for Primary ICD-10 External Cause Code

DEFINITION:

CDC intent category code for the primary ICD-10 external cause code. Field populated based on CDC matrix.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: New field
- ASTR system only. Automatically populated by ASTR database for state reporting purposes.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): GENMECH ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: CDC_INT FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 30 COPY FIELD: 1 NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Element I2_20: Injury Event Details

DEFINITION:

Text narrative field used to document the cause and circumstances of the injury event. This field will be used to supplement the E-code data, as there are instances where E-codes do not provide enough detail. This field may also be used for QA checks on the E-codes submitted. Please provide a description of the injury incident, with enough information so that ASTR staff could select the appropriate E-code based on the text narrative.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2009 change: New ASTR required field
- If patient was injured while occupying a motor vehicle, please indicate the vehicle type and whether patient was the driver or passenger. Include any other important information, including type of crash, extrication information, etc.
- If patient was injured by a weapon or object, please document the type of object. Include information regarding the intent of the injury event: unintentional, assault, self-inflicted or undetermined intent.
- If injury event was sports-related, please include the type of sport and how the injury was sustained.
- This narrative field is meant to capture details regarding the injury event and the cause of injury. Demographic information, diagnoses, and protective device details are not captured in this field.
- Not Documented should not be used. At least some basic injury event information should be available from the pre-hospital, referring hospital or reporting hospital records.
- Not Applicable should not be used. All patients would have been involved in some type of injury event in order to be considered a trauma patient.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): NARRATIV ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ETIOLOGY FIELD TYPE: Memo (E) FIELD WIDTH: 0 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?:

Data Element I2_21: Protective Devices

DEFINITION:

Protective devices (safety equipment) in use or worn by this patient at the time of the injury event. Use may be reported or observed. It is very important that registrar enter all that apply. Multiple entry pick list (max 10).

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- For patients with EMS run sheets documented only as "Restrained" (and not further specified), select "Lap Belt". If documentation indicates a "3 point restraint", select both LAP BELT and SHOULDER BELT.
- NONE means that protective devices were not in use (or patient was not wearing) any type of protective device at the time of injury event.
- If an airbag was present, do not select None + Airbag Present. (The airbag was a protective device in use at time of injury event, even if it did not deploy.)
- If a child restraint was used, the specific type of restraint should be entered in the Child Specific Restraint Details field.
- If an Airbag was present during a motor vehicle crash, the deployment details should be entered in the Airbag Deployment Details field.
- "Other" means the patient used other protection devices not on this picklist.
- Not Documented should be used if it is unknown whether patient used any protective devices.
- Not Applicable should not be used. Instead, select "None" from picklist.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
NONE	None
LAP BELT	Lap Belt
SHOULDER BELT	Shoulder Belt
CHILD RESTRAINT	Child Restraint (booster seat, child or infant car
	seat)
HELMET	Helmet (e.g., bicycle, skiing, motorcycle)
AIRBAG	Airbag Present
PERSONAL FLOATA	Personal Floatation Device
EYE PROTECTION	Eye Protection
PROTECTIVE CLOT	Protective Clothing (e.g., padded leather pants)
PROTECTIVE NON-	Protective Non-Clothing Gear (e.g., shin guard)
OTHER	Other

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PROTECT ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PROTECTIVE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: I_17 PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy 1. EMS Run Sheet

- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element I2_22: Child Specific Restraint Details

DEFINITION:

Protective child restraint device used by this patient at the time of injury. Use may be reported or observed. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Not Documented may be used if type is unspecified.
- Not Applicable should be used if child restraint was not used or if the injury event did not involve a motor vehicle.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
CHILD_CARSEAT	Child Car Seat
INFANT_CARSEAT	Infant Car Seat
BOOSTER_SEAT	Child Booster Seat

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008 ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: CHILDREST FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: I_18 PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy

1. EMS Run Sheet

2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet

3. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element I2_23: Airbag Deployment Details

DEFINITION:

Indication of airbag deployment during a motor vehicle crash, if an airbag was present. Deployment may be reported or observed. Multiple entry pick list. Select all types of airbag deployment that apply.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- "Airbag Not Deployed" should be selected if an airbag was known to be present and did not deploy.
- If an airbag deployed, but registrar is unable to determine which airbag, select "Airbag Deployed, Type Unspecified". This option is to merge to NTDB as "Airbag Deployed Front".
- Not Documented may be used if no information is available on airbag deployment.
- Not Applicable should be used if the vehicle did not have an airbag present or if the injury event did not involve a motor vehicle.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
NO_DEPLOY	Airbag Not Deployed
FRONT_DEPLOY	Airbag Deployed Front
SIDE_DEPLOY	Airbag Deployed Side
OTHER_DEPLOY	Airbag Deployed Other (knee, air belt, curtain, etc.)
UNSPECIF_DEPLOY	Airbag Deployed, Type Unspecified

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): RES (FLD) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: RESISTNCE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: I_19 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element I2_24: Position in Vehicle / Vehicle Type

DEFINITION:

Patient location in vehicle (or type of vehicle in use) at the time of injury incident. (This field is meant to provide more specific vehicle information than can sometimes be obtained from the E-code.) Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Entirely new pick list adopted for 2008. Pick list was expanded and all system codes are different from the 2005-2007 list, even if long text appears similar. When querying multiple years of data, pay attention to the old and new codes.
- 2009 changes: The data element title was changed from "Patient Position in Vehicle" to "Position in Vehicle / Vehicle Type". Items new to the pick list for 2009 are listed in bold. In 2008, WATERCRAFT_OCCUPANT and AIRCRAFT_OCCUPANT were individual pick list choices. For 2009, these codes were removed from data entry and expanded into sub-pick lists to identify type. ATV_RIDER is found on the 2008 and 2009 lists, but the other off-road vehicle choices are new for 2009. Also added RAILWAY_OCCUPANT as a new choice for 2009.
- Refer to all pick list choices before making selection. Pick list has been expanded to supplement E-code reporting.
- Not Documented may be used if type of vehicle cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was not riding in or upon a vehicle at the time of injury event.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
Rider of off-road vehicle (street and non-street use):	
ATV_RIDER	ATV/Quad (3 or more low press. tires/straddle seat/handlebar)
RHINO_UTV	Rhino, Side by Side, UTV (steering wheel/non-straddle seats) (2009 forward)
DUNEBUG_SANDRAIL	Dune Buggy or Sand Rail (designed for sand or beach use) (2009 forward)
DIRTBIKE	Dirt Bike, Trail Motorcycle (2 wheel, designed for off- road) (2009 forward)
GOLF_CART	Golf Cart (2009 forward)
GO_KART	Go-Kart (2009 forward)
SNOWMOBILE	Snowmobile (2009 forward)
OTHER_OFF-RD	Other all-terrain vehicle
Driver of Motor Vehicle (auto/truck/van) - not motorcycle:	
FRONT_SEAT_MV	Front Seat Passenger
BACK_SEAT_MV	Back Seat Passenger (anyone inside except front seat)

BACK of PICKUP ITUCKUNSPECIFIED_MVPosition in Motor Vehicle Not SpecifiedOTHER_MV_PASSENGEOther Passenger (hanging onto vehicle/riding on top of/etc.)DRIVER_MOTORCYCLEMotorcycle DriverPASSENGER_MOTORCY CLEMotorcycle Passenger CLEBICYCLE_RIDERBicyclist (non-motorized)FARM_CONSTR_INDUST RRiding on Farm, Construction or Industrial Equipment REMERG_VEH_OCCUPAN TEmergency Vehicle Driver/Passenger (ambulance, fire, police)BUS_OCCUPANTBus OccupantLIGHT_RAIL_OCCUPAN TLight Rail Occupant (NOT light rail) (2009 forward)Watercraft / Boat Occupant:Motorboat Occupant (2009 forward)NONMOTOR_BOATMotorboat Occupant (2009 forward)NONMOTORIZED_BOATNon-motorized Boat Occupant (sail, paddle, row) (2009 forward)PERSONAL_WATERCRider of Jet Ski / Sea-Doo / Waverunner / Personal WC (2009 forward)UNSPECIFIED_WATERCUnspecified Watercraft/Boat (2009 forward)WATERCRAFT_OCCUPAFixed Wing Aircraft (2009 forward)WATERCRAFT_OCCUPAFixed Wing Aircraft (2009 forward)NON_MOTOR_AIRCNon-motor Aircraft (balloon, glider, parachute) (2009 forward)NON_MOTOR_AIRCNon-motor Aircraft (balloon, glider, parachute) (2009 forward)UNSPECIFIED_AIRCUnspecified Aircraft (2009 forward)NON_MOTOR_AIRCNon-motor Aircraft (balloon, glider, parachute) (2009 forward)UNSPECIFIED_AIRCUnspecified Aircraft (2009 forward)AIRCRAFT_OCCUPANTAircraft OccupantAIRCRAFT_OCCUPANTAircraft Occupant			
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MILITARY_VEH_OCCUP Military Vehicle Occupant	UNSPECIFIED_AIRC	Unspecified Aircraft (2009 forward)	
ANT	AIRCRAFT_OCCUPANT	Aircraft Occupant (2008 list)	
OTHER_OCCUPANT Other Vehicle Occupant - not listed above		Military Vehicle Occupant	
	OTHER_OCCUPANT	Other Vehicle Occupant - not listed above	

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJMECH ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: INJ_WHERE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 30 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Element I2_29: Report of Physical Abuse

DEFINITION:

A report of suspected physical abuse was made to law enforcement and/or protective services.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2020 change: NTDS will no longer collect; ASTR will continue to collect.
- 2014 change: New field.
- This includes, but is not limited to, a report of child, elder, spouse or intimate partner physical abuse.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable should not be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
1	Yes
2	No

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDETS ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ABUSE_REP FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. ED Records
- 3. H and P
- 4. Nursing Notes
- 5. Case Manager / Social Services' Notes
- 6. Physician Discharge Summary

Data Element I2_30: Investigation of Physical Abuse

DEFINITION:

An investigation by law enforcement and/or protective services was initiated because of the suspected physical abuse.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2020 change: NTDS will no longer collect; ASTR will continue to collect.
- 2014 change: New field.
- This includes, but is not limited to, a report of child, elder, spouse or intimate partner physical abuse.
- Only complete when Report of Physical Abuse is Yes.
- Not Documented may be used.
- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used for patients where Report of Physical Abuse is No.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
1	Yes
2	No

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDETS

ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*:ABUSE_INVFIELD TYPE:CharacterFIELD WIDTH:1NTDS Data Element #:I_21PICK-LIST?:Y

- 1. EMS Run Sheet
- 2. ED Records
- 3. Case Manager / Social Services' Notes
- 4. H and P
- 5. Nursing Notes
- 6. Physician Discharge Summary

Data Element I2_31: Caregiver at Discharge

DEFINITION:

The patient was discharged to a caregiver different than the caregiver at admission due to suspected physical abuse.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2020 change: NTDS will no longer collect; ASTR will continue to collect.
- 2014 change: New field.
- Only complete when Report of Physical Abuse is Yes.
- Only complete for minors as determined by state/local definition, excluding emancipated minors.
- Not Documented may be used.
- The null value "Not Applicable" should be used for patients where Report of Physical Abuse is No or where older than the state/local age definition of a minor. "Not Applicable" cannot be used when Report of Physical Abuse is Yes.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
1	Yes
2	No

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDETS ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: CARE_GIVE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Case Manager / Social Services' Notes
- 2. Physician Discharge Summary
- 3. Nursing Notes
- 4. Progress Notes

Data Element P3_01: System Access (Inclusion Criteria)

DEFINITION:

Indicates which inclusion criteria this patient met to be included in the ASTR registry as a trauma patient. This multiple entry pick list will be used to assess the ASTR inclusion criteria. It is very important registrar enter all criteria that apply.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Entirely new pick list adopted for 2008. Old System Access data is stored in a different database location (see 2005-2007 ASTR Data Dictionary).
- 2009 changes: Long text values updated. Added clarification that pick list items refer to the reporting hospital ("your facility"). Added INTERF_TRNSFR to the 2009 pick list after clarification of the ASTR inclusion criteria.
- 2012 changes: The inter-facility transfer inclusion criteria code was changed to INTERF_TRNSFR2012 for 2012 records. Short text (system code) and long text changes were made to match 2012 Inclusion Criteria changes, as per TEPI advisory committee recommendation. Only Level III and IV hospitals are required in 2012 to submit the ASTR injury transfers by EMS that did NOT meet other inclusion criteria.
- 2013 changes: Per TEPI advisory committee, the 2008-2011 interfacility criteria were reinstated for records with ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 1/1/2013 forward. Inter-facility transfer code for 2013 was changed back to INTERF_TRNSFR.
- A patient may meet one, two, three or all four of the inclusion criteria on this pick list.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable should not be used. Every patient in the ASTR registry should meet at least one of the inclusion criteria.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
EMS_TRIAGE	Triaged from Scene to your facility per EMS Trauma
	Protocol
INTERF_TRNSFR	Acute care injury transfer in or out of your facility by
	EMS
ACTIVATION	Trauma Team Activation at your facility
ICD9_REVIEW	Admission or Death and met ASTR Inclusion Diagnosis
	Codes (ICD-9) (Retired 2016)
ICD10_REVIEW	Admission or Death and met ASTR Inclusion Diagnosis
	Codes (ICD-10)

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): PHYSEXAM (FLD) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PE_ABDN FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 20 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Element P3_02: Triage Criteria

DEFINITION:

Indicates the CDC triage criteria that apply to this patient and injury event, per EMS run sheet(s) for patients transported via EMS from the injury scene. Multiple entry pick list. Select all that apply.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2019 changes to align with NTDB requirements:
 - The null value "Not Known/Not Recorded" should be reported if this information is not indicated as an identical response choice, on the EMS Run Report or if the EMS Run Report is not available.
 - Field Values must be determined by the EMS provider and must not be assigned by the index hospital.
 - Consistent with NEMSIS v3.
- 2008 changes: Entirely new pick list adopted for 2008 to match new ACS guidelines. Pick list adapted from ACS "Green Book" triage guidelines. Nearly every system code is now different from the 2005-2007 list, even if the long text appears similar. When querying multiple years of data, pay attention to the old and new codes.
- "High-risk crash: Intrusion > 12 in. occup site >18 in. other" refers to an intrusion greater than 12 inches in the occupant site or an intrusion greater than 18 inches in any site.
- Not Documented should be used if no triage criteria are documented.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was not treated by an EMS pre-hospital provider.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)	
Vitals Signs / Level of Consciousness:		
GCS < 14	Glasgow Coma Scale <=13	
SBP < 90	Systolic Blood Pressure, mm Hg <90	
RESP RATE < 10 OR > 29	Respiratory Rate /min - <10 or >29 - <20	
	infant under 1 yr	
	For adults > 65 , SBP < 110	
Anatomy of Injury:		
PENETRATING_HEAD	Penetrating injuries to head (retired 2018)	
PENETRATING_NECK	Penetrating injuries to neck (retired 2018)	
PENETRATING_TORSO	Penetrating injuries to torso (retired 2018)	
PENETRATING_EXTREMITY	Penetrating injuries to extremities proximal to	
	elbow & knee (retired 2018)	
PENETRATING INJURY	Penetrating injuries to head neck torso or	
	extremities (added 2018)	

FLAIL CHESTFlail Chest>=2 PROX LBONE FRACTURETwo or more proximal long-bone fracturesCRUSH_DEGLV_MANGLEDCrush, de-gloved, or mangled extremityAMPUT PROX WRIST/ANKLEAmputation proximal to wrist and anklePELVIC FRACTURESPelvic fracturesOPEN OR DEPR SKULL FRACTOpen or depressed skull fracturePARALYSISParalysisMechanism of Injury / High Energy Impact:ADULT FALL > 20 FEETFalls - Adult: >20 feet (1 story = 10 ft)CHILD FALL > 2.3 PT HEIGHTFalls - Child: Falls >10 ft or 2-3 times the height of the childCRASH INTRUSIONHigh-risk crash: Intrusion >12 in. occup site >18 in. otherEJECTION FROM AUTOHigh-risk crash: Death in same passenger compartmentVEH TELEMETRY RISKHigh-risk crash: Other criteria NOT listed (retired 2019)AUTO PEDESTRIANAuto v. pedestrian - thrown, run over or sign. >20mph impact (retired 2018)AUTO BICYCLE PEDESTRIANAuto v. pedestrian/bicyclist thrown, run over, or with significant (>20 mph) impact (added 2018)MOTORCYCLE >20 MPHMotorcycle crash >20 mphSpecial Patient or System Considerations: AGE >55 YRSAge: Children (retired 2019)ANTICOAG & BLEED DISORDAnticoagulation and bleeding disorders BURNS ONLYBURNS TRAUMABurns with trauma mechanism (triage to triage to burn center)TIME SENS EXT INJTime sensitive extremity injury (retired 2018)PREGNANCY >20 WEEKSPregnancy >20 weeksEMS JUDGMENTEMS provider judgmentOTHER HIGH RISK CRASHHigh-risk crash >20 mph <th></th> <th>NI/FREHUSF</th>		NI/FREHUSF
CRUSH_DEGLV_MANGLED Crush, de-gloved, or mangled extremity AMPUT PROX_WRIST/ANKLE Amputation proximal to wrist and ankle PELVIC_FRACTURES Pelvic fractures OPEN OR DEPR SKULL FRACT Open or depressed skull fracture PARALYSIS Paralysis Mechanism of Injury / High Energy Impact: ADULT FALL > 20 FEET Falls - Adult: >20 feet (1 story = 10 ft) CHILD FALL > 20 FET Falls - Child: Falls >10 ft or 2-3 times the height of the child CRASH INTRUSION High-risk crash: Intrusion >12 in. occup site >18 in. other EJECTION FROM AUTO High-risk crash: Death in same passenger compartment VEH TELEMETRY RISK High-risk crash: Other criteria NOT listed (retired 2019) AUTO PEDESTRIAN Auto v. pedestrian - thrown, run over or sign. >20mph impact (retired 2018) AUTO BICYCLE Auto v. bicyclist - thrown, run over or sign. >20mph impact (retired 2018) AUTO BICYCLE PEDESTRIAN Auto v. pedestrian - brown, run over or sign. >20mph impact (retired 2018) MOTORCYCLE >20 MPH Motoccycle crash >20 mph Special Patient or System Considerations: Age: Older - adults ->55 years old (retired 2019) ANTICOAG & BLEED DISORD Anticoagulation and bleeding disorders BURNS TRAUMA Burns with trauma mechanism (triage to trau		
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OPEN OR DEPR SKULL FRACTOpen or depressed skull fracturePARLYSISParalysisMechanism of Injury / High Energy Impact:ADULT FALL > 20 FEETFalls - Adult: >20 feet (1 story = 10 ft)CHILD FALL >2-3 PT HEIGHTFalls - Child: Falls >10 ft or 2-3 times the height of the childCRASH INTRUSIONHigh-risk crash: Intrusion >12 in. occup site >18 in. otherEJECTION FROM AUTOHigh-risk crash: Ejection (partial or complete) from autoDEATH SAME PASGR COMPARTHigh-risk crash: Death in same passenger compartmentVEH TELEMETRY RISKHigh-risk crash: Other - criteria NOT listed (retired 2019)AUTO PEDESTRIANAuto v. pedestrian - thrown, run over or sign. >20mph impact (retired 2018)AUTO BICYCLEAuto v. bicyclist thrown, run over, or with significant (>20 mph) impact (added 2018)MOTORCYCLE >20 MPHMotorcycle crash >20 mphSpecial Patient or System Considerations: AGE >55 YRSAge: Older adults >55 years old (retired 2019)AUTOAG & BLEED DISORDAnticoagulation and bleeding disorders BURNS ONLYBURNS ONLYBurns without other trauma mechanism (triage to burn center)BURNS TRAUMAEnd stage - renal disease - requiring dialysis (retired 2018)PREGNANCY >20 WEEKSPregnancy >20 weeksPREGNANCY >20 WEEKSPregnancy >20 weeksPREGNANCY >20 WEEKSPregnancy >20 weeksPRESNE PROTOCOLOther EMS Protocol not on ACS Field Triage	AMPUT PROX WRIST/ANKLE	Amputation proximal to wrist and ankle
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(retired 2018)PREGNANCY >20 WEEKSPregnancy >20 weeksEMS JUDGMENTEMS provider judgmentOTHER EMS PROTOCOLOther EMS Protocol not on ACS Field Triage	TIME SENS EXT INJ	Time sensitive extremity injury (retired 2018)
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PREGNANCY > 20 WEEKSPregnancy > 20 weeksEMS JUDGMENTEMS provider judgmentOTHER EMS PROTOCOLOther EMS Protocol not on ACS Field Triage		
OTHER EMS PROTOCOL Other EMS Protocol not on ACS Field Triage	PREGNANCY >20 WEEKS	
5	EMS JUDGMENT	EMS provider judgment
Decision Scheme (retired 2019)	OTHER EMS PROTOCOL	Other EMS Protocol not on ACS Field Triage
		Decision Scheme (retired 2019)

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRICRIT ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TRIAGE_CRT FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 25 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: P18 and P19 PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy 1. EMS Run Sheet

Data Element P3_03: Transport Type

DEFINITION:

Identifies which type of transport/EMS care is being documented. Each pre-hospital care/transport should have a separate entry, and only one leg will refer to the transport of the patient directly into your facility. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: New field. Major changes in data entry for pre-hospital care and legs of transport.
- 2009 changes: Pick list updated. Added FIRST_RESP 'First Responder Care (non-transport)'. When entering first responder care (non-transporter), select 'First Responder Care' from pick list.
- All records must have one (and only one) entry pertaining to the patient's arrival into your facility, even if there was no pre-hospital EMS involvement or run sheet is unavailable.
- One per leg of transport or EMS care. Enter pre-hospital care in order of occurrence. The first leg of EMS care should refer to the EMS care received at the injury scene. When there are multiple legs of care/transport, the last entry will always apply to the arrival of patient into your facility.
- Transports OUT of your facility are not captured in the pre-hospital section.
- "Arrival/transp of patient INTO YOUR FACILITY" will indicate to system which pre-hospital row to export to NTDB.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable should not be used. Every leg of transport must have a Transport Type entered.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
INTO_REPT_HOSP	Arrival/transport of pt INTO YOUR FACILITY (EMS &
	non-EMS)
FIRST_RESP	First Responder Care (non-transport)
OTHER	Any other prehospital care or transport

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRANSPRT (FLD) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TPT_TYPE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy 1. EMS Run Sheet

INJURY/PREHOSPITAL/TRANSPORT SECTION -"INJURY/PREHOSP"

Data Element P3_04: Transport Mode(s)

DEFINITION:

Identifies the modes of transport used to deliver the patient to the referring and/or reporting hospitals. Field allows for entry of both EMS and non-EMS transport modes. Single entry pick list. One per leg of transport. Enter legs of transport in order of occurrence.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: New field
- Each pre-hospital leg of transport should have a corresponding mode of transport entered. All modes of transport before patient arrived at your facility should be documented as separate legs of transport.
- All pre-hospital transport modes are exported to NTDB.
- Not Documented may be used if pre-hospital transport mode is unknown.
- Not Applicable should only be used if you are documenting first responder care (non-transport).

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
GRND_AMB	Ground Ambulance
HELIC_AMB	Helicopter Ambulance
FIXED_WING_AMB	Fixed-wing Ambulance
POV_WALK-IN	Private/Public Vehicle/Walk-in
POLICE	Police
OTHER	Other

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRANSPRT (FLD) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TRANS_MODE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: P_07 & P_08 PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy 1. EMS Run Sheet

INJURY/PREHOSPITAL/TRANSPORT SECTION -"INJURY/PREHOSP"

Data Element P3_05: Transported From (ORIGIN)

DEFINITION:

The origin (location the patient was transported or came from) immediately before arrival at the hospital or EMS Destination. This field applies to all patients, both EMS and non-EMS transports. Single entry pick list. One per leg of transport. Enter legs of transport in order of occurrence.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: New field
- 2009 changes: To eliminate data entry confusion, NURS_HM and JAIL_PRISO were removed from this pick list and converted to pick list option INJ_SCENE "From Injury Scene". The Nursing Home or Jail/Prison information will be captured in the E849 Injury Location pick list.
- Each pre-hospital leg of transport should have a separate origin documented. Typically only one leg of transport will pertain to the transport of the patient from the Injury Scene.
- If patient was injured at home and was transported from home, select "From Injury Scene".
- The only time you will select "From Home but Home was NOT the injury scene" is if patient was NOT injured at home, went home before going to the hospital, and then was taken from home to the hospital.
- Not Documented should be used if patient's origin is unknown.
- Not Applicable should be used if you are documenting non-transport first responder care. (Because there was no patient transport, this field would not apply.)

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
INJ_SCENE	From Injury Scene
REFER_FAC	From Referring Hospital
CLINIC_OFF	From Clinic/Doctor Office
URGENT_CAR	From Urgent Care Center
EMS_REND	From EMS Rendezvous Point
HOME	From Home but Home was NOT the injury scene
OTHER	From Other Location (NOT injury scene)

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRANSPRT (FLD) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ORIGIN FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 10 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

INJURY/PREHOSPITAL/TRANSPORT SECTION -"INJURY/PREHOSP" Data Source Hierarchy: 1. EMS Run Sheet

INJURY/PREHOSPITAL/TRANSPORT SECTION -"INJURY/PREHOSP"

Data Element P3_07: EMS Agency Code (Prehospital)

DEFINITION:

The system code for the EMS agency that provided first responder care or provided transport of the patient to the hospital or rendezvous site. Single entry pick list. One per leg of transport. Enter legs of transport in order of occurrence

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2023 changes: Picklist updated. The First Responder and Transport dropdown options were combined into one list labeled "Ground Transport". Now there are three options when you open the picklist: Air transport, Ground Transport, and No EMS Care. For agencies that may provide first responder or transport care, you will specify which it is on the "Transport Type" data element.
- 2008 changes: Pick list updated. All system codes are different from the 2005-2007 list, even if long text appears similar. When querying multiple years of data, pay attention to the old and new codes. Other changes were made in data entry of pre-hospital care and legs of transport. An auto-fill for NO_EMS_CARE was added to databases.
- If "No EMS Care" is selected from the pick list, the system will autofill Not Applicable (null value) entries into the remaining pre-hospital date/time and vital sign fields for this leg of pre-hospital care/transport.

The main pick list is shown below:

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
NO_EMS_CARE	No EMS Care
EMS_TRANSPORT	EMS Transporter
EMS_NON_TRANSPT	EMS 1st Response Non-Transport

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRANSPRT (FLD) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TRANS_AGNT FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

INJURY/PREHOSPITAL/TRANSPORT SECTION -"INJURY/PREHOSP"

Data Element P3_08: EMS Agency Name (Text Only)

DEFINITION:

Corresponding text name of the pre-hospital EMS agency code selected.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Auto-filled from agency code selected above
- .For data entry view only. Do not use this field for reporting.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRANSPRT (FLD) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TRAN_AGNCY FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 40 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N ED / TRAUMA SECTION

Data Element ED5_01: ED/Hospital Arrival Date

DEFINITION:

First recorded arrival date into your emergency department (or hospital) for this injury event. This field is found on both the Demographic and ED/Trauma page. Editing either field should update the other. Format mmddyyyy.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- If patient did not enter your hospital through the ED (e.g., direct admit), enter the date of first contact with the patient for this injury event.
- Determines the case date range for data submission and date range for ASTR data reporting. Valid entry required for all records.
- Field is used to calculate Patient Age, ED LOS and Total Hospital LOS.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable should not be used. Field should not be left blank.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRA; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TR_ENT_DT; FIELD TYPE: Date FIELD WIDTH: 8 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_01 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 4. Hospital Discharge Summary

Data Element ED5_02: ED/Hospital Arrival Time

DEFINITION:

First recorded arrival time into your emergency department (or hospital) for this injury event. Format hhmm, military time.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- If patient did not enter your hospital through the ED (e.g., direct admit), enter the time of first contact with the patient for this injury event.
- Field is used to calculate ED LOS and Total Hospital LOS.
- Time fields should be entered in AZ Mountain Standard Time (MST).
- Not Documented and Not Applicable should not be used. Field should not be left blank.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRA; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TR_ENT_TM; FIELD TYPE: Time FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_02 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 4. Hospital Discharge Summary

Data Element ED5_03: ED Exit Date

DEFINITION:

Date that patient physically left your emergency department or died in your ED. An actual change in level of care (i.e., transfer to an ICU transitional unit) is considered an ED Exit. Format mmddyyyy.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- If patient died in the ED, the date and time of ED exit is the time the patient was pronounced by the physician.
- Field is used to calculate ED LOS. (Also used to calculate Total Hospital LOS if patient was not admitted.)
- Not Documented should not be used.
- Not Applicable should be used if the patient was not treated in your hospital ED.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRA; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TR_EXIT_DT; FIELD TYPE: Date FIELD WIDTH: 8 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: Does not map to NTDB PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Hospital Discharge Summary
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. Physician's Progress Notes

Data Element ED5_04: ED Exit Time

DEFINITION:

Time that patient physically left your emergency department or died in your ED. Format hhmm, military time.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- If patient died in the ED, the date and time of ED exit is the time the patient was pronounced by the physician.
- Field is used to calculate ED LOS. (Also used to calculate Total Hospital LOS if patient was not admitted).
- Time fields should be entered in AZ Mountain Standard Time (MST).
- Not Documented should not be used.
- Not Applicable should be used if the patient was not treated in your hospital ED.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRA; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TR_EXIT_TM; FIELD TYPE: Time FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: Does not map to NTDB PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Hospital Discharge Summary
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. Physician's Progress Notes

Data Element ED5_05: Length of Stay (Hrs) in ED

DEFINITION:

The numbers of hours the patient was in the emergency department of your hospital. Automatically calculated as Date/Time of ED Exit minus Date/Time of ED Arrival.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New calculation instructions to ensure consistency between hospitals.
- Not Documented should be used if patient was treated in your ED, but LOS is unknown. This option should be used only in rare instances.
- Not Applicable should be used if the patient was not treated in your hospital ED.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRA; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TR_LOS; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 4 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Hospital Discharge Summary
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. Physician's Progress Notes

Data Element ED5_06: Length of Stay (minutes) in ED

DEFINITION:

Total number of minutes of patient stay in the emergency department of your hospital. Automatically calculated as difference between Date/Time of ED Arrival and Date/Time of ED Exit.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- ASTR system only. Automatically populated by ASTR database for State reporting purposes.
- Calculated in Minutes, no rounding.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: EDLOSMIN; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element ED5_07: Complete Trauma Team Arrival Time

DEFINITION:

Time when all activated trauma team members arrived (if the trauma team was activated at your hospital).

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Time fields should be entered in AZ Mountain Standard Time (MST).
- Not Documented may be used if the trauma team arrival time is unknown.
- Not Applicable should be used if a trauma team was not activated for this patient at your hospital.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRMTEAM; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ACT_TIME; FIELD TYPE: Time FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Hospital Discharge Summary
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. Physician's Progress Notes

Data Element ED5_08: Signs of Life

DEFINITION:

Indication of whether patient arrived at ED/Hospital with signs of life.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2020 No longer collected by NTDS; ASTR will continue to collect.
- 2011 change: New field for 2011 ED/Hospital Arrival Dates forward.
- A patient with no signs of life is defined as having none of the following: organized EKG activity, pupillary responses, spontaneous respiratory attempts or movement, and unassisted blood pressure. This usually implies the patient was brought to the ED with CPR in progress.
- Signs of Life (yes or no) refers to whether patient arrived with or without signs of life, as documented during an unassisted assessment of the patient's vitals.
- Per NTDB, PEA alone DOES count as arrived with signs of life.
- Not Documented may be used in rare instances, but this type of information should be available at your hospital.
- Not Applicable should not be used. Field should be completed for ALL patients, whether they arrived through the ED or were a direct admit.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
Υ	Arrived with signs of life
Ν	Arrived with NO signs of life

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): EMERG; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: SIGNSLIFE; FIELD TYPE: Time FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. Physician's Progress Notes
- 3. ED Nurses' Notes

Data Element ED5_09: ED Discharge Disposition

DEFINITION:

The disposition of the patient at the time of discharge from your ED. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2011 changes: Per national changes, the 2008-2010 three ED Death choices were retired. For 2011 forward, there is one ED DEATH option.
- Pick list differentiates between discharge "Home without services" and "Home with services". "Home with services" indicates the patient required MEDICAL services in order to discharge home (ex: home health care, outpatient physical, occupational or speech therapy, etc.) "Home with services" does not refer to social services, such as bus passes or shelter information.
- Field includes the NTDS 2008-2010 "ED Death" categories in an ED Disposition sub pick list.
- The NTDS purpose of this field is to "roughly characterize functional status at hospital discharge". If location is not on this list, select the option that most closely represents the level of medical support the patient required.
- Patients treated in accordance with "Do Not Resuscitate" (DNR) order should be coded under "Died in ED (other than failed resuscitation attempt)". Patients with DNR status should also be coded with the DNR co-morbid condition.
- DOA (2008-2011) means patient was declared dead on arrival with minimal or no resuscitation attempt and no invasive procedures were attempted.
- Further clarification of DOA: Arrival at the hospital with no signs of life, but with pre-hospital CPR as indicated below:
 - Age greater than 12 years and:
 - 1. Blunt trauma, more than 5 minutes pre-hospital CPR, or;
 - 2. Penetrating head/neck/abdomen trauma, more than 5 minutes pre-hospital CPR, or;
 - 3. Penetrating chest trauma, more than 15 minutes prehospital CPR.
 - Age less than or equal to12 years and:
 - 1. Blunt trauma, more than 15 minutes pre-hospital CPR, or;
 - 2. Penetrating trauma, more than 15 minutes pre-hospital CPR;
 - $\circ\,$ "No response 15 mins" refers to resuscitation activities in the reporting hospital.
- Not Documented may be used in rare instances, but attempts should be made to identify ED disposition.

- Not Applicable should be used if the patient was never seen in your ED (ex: direct admit).
- If the ED disposition entered does NOT indicate an acute care transfer, the system should auto-fill Not Applicable (null value) for ED Discharge Destination Hospital, ED Discharge Destination Transport Agency, and ED Transfer Reason.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
FLOOR	Floor bed (general admission, non-specialty unit
	bed)
HOME NO SE	Home without services
ICU	Intensive Care Unit (ICU)
OR	Operating Room
TELE STEPD	Telemetry/step-down unit (less acuity than ICU)
TRANSFER	Transferred to another hospital
OBSERVE	Observation Unit (unit that provides<24 hour
	stays)
ED DEATH	Deceased/expired (2011 data forward)
2008-2010 ED death options:	
ED DOA	Declared dead on arrival w/ minimal/no
	resuscitation attempt
DEATH RESU	Death after failed resuscitation attempt-no
	response 15 mins
DIED IN ED	Died in ED (other than failed resuscitation
	attempt)
LEFT AMA	Left against medical advice
HOME SERVI	Home with services
OTHER	Other (jail, institutional care, mental health, etc.)

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRA; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TR_DISPO; FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 10 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_19 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Discharge Sheet
- 2. Nursing Progress Notes
- 3. Social Worker Notes

Data Element ED5_10: ED Discharge Destination Hospital

DEFINITION:

The name of the acute care hospital that your facility transferred this patient to, after patient received care in your ED. Patient must be transferred by EMS to an acute care hospital for this field to be applicable. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Not Documented should be used if the discharge destination hospital cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should be used if this patient was not transferred from your ED to another acute care hospital. (See auto-fill note under ED Discharge Disposition.)

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ED_HDEST; FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy:

Data Element ED5_11: ED Discharge Transport Agency

DEFINITION:

The system code for the EMS agency that transported the patient from your ED to another acute care hospital. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Not Documented should be used if the discharge destination hospital cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should be used if this patient was not transferred from your ED to another acute care hospital. (See auto-fill note under ED Discharge Disposition.)
- Main pick list screen is documented below.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
NO_EMS_CARE	No EMS Care
EMS_TRANSPORT	EMS Transporter (Because this field refers to an EMS transport, user should only select an option from the EMS Transporter sub pick list.)
EMS_NON_TRANSPT	EMS 1st Response Non-Transport

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008;

ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ED_AGENCY; FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy:

Data Element ED5_12: ED Transfer Reason

DEFINITION:

The reason your facility transferred this patient from your ED to another acute care hospital. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Not Documented should be used if the ED transfer reason cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should be used if this patient was not transferred from your ED to another acute care hospital. (See auto-fill note under ED Discharge Disposition.)

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
HIGHER_CARE	Higher Level of Care/Specialty Care
BURN_UNIT	Transfer to Burn Unit
INSURANCE	Insurance Reason
RESOURCES	Resources Unavailable
PATIENT_RQST	Patient Request
LOWER_CARE	Lower Level of Care
OTHER	Other

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ED_REASON; FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy:

Data Element ED5_13: Transfer Delays

DEFINITION:

Documentation of factors which caused a delay in patient transfer out to higher level of care. Multiple entry pick list. Select all that apply.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2023 change: "Bed availability" added as picklist option.
- 2013 change: New field for Level III and IV Trauma Centers.
- This field is submitted by Level III and Level IV Trauma Centers.
- Not Documented should be used if the transfer delay cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was not transferred or if patient was transferred out and there was NO delay.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
WEATHER DELAY	Delays due to bad weather (can't fly, road
	closures, etc.)
AIR EMS AVAILABILITY	Air EMS Availability
GROUND EMS AVAILABILITY	Ground EMS Availability
RECEIVING FACILITY	Difficulty locating a receiving facility to
	accept patient
DIAGNOSIS/TREATMENT	Waiting on diagnosis or treatment before
	transfer
PATIENT STATUS	Patient's medical status delaying transfer
HOSPITAL EQUIPMENT	Hospital equipment problems (phone lines,
	lab, CT, etc.)
OTHER DELAY	Any other type of delay
BED AVALIABILITY	Waiting to secure a bed at the confirmed
	receiving facility.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2013; ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TXFRDELAY; FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 20 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy:

Data Element ED5_14: ED/Hospital Initial Pulse Rate

DEFINITION:

First recorded pulse rate in your ED/hospital (palpated or auscultated), expressed as a number per minute. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Values 0-299 or null values.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- If patient was a direct admit, enter the first vital signs that were collected at your hospital.
- Not Documented should be used if vital sign values are unknown, not recorded.
- Not Applicable should be used if the requested vital sign was not collected at your facility.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA); ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: HR; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 3 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_04 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_15: ED/Hospital Initial Respiratory Rate

DEFINITION:

First recorded respiratory rate in your ED/hospital (expressed as a number per minute). First recorded RR may be entered as assisted or unassisted. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Values 0-99 or null values.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- If patient was a direct admit, enter the first vital signs that were collected at your hospital.
- Not Documented should be used if vital sign values are unknown, not recorded.
- Not Applicable should be used if the requested vital sign was not collected at your facility.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA); ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: RESP_RATE; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 3 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED 06 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_16: ED/Hospital Initial Respiratory Assistance

DEFINITION:

Determination of respiratory assistance associated with the ED/Hospital Initial Respiratory Rate. Assistance is defined as mechanical and/or external support of respiration. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Single entry picklist.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Not Documented and Not Applicable may be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
1	Unassisted Respiratory Rate
2	Assisted Respiratory Rate

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA); ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: RESP_ASST; FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_07 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_17: ED/Hospital Initial Oxygen Saturation

DEFINITION:

First recorded oxygen saturation in the ED/hospital (expressed as a percentage). First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Values 0-100 or null values

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- If patient was a direct admit, enter the first vital signs that were collected at your hospital.
- Not Documented should be used if vital sign values are unknown, not recorded.
- Not Applicable should be used if the requested vital sign was not collected at your facility.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA); ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PULSE_OX; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 3 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_08 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_18: ED/Hospital Initial Supplemental Oxygen

DEFINITION:

Determination of the presence of supplemental oxygen during assessment of ED/Hospital initial oxygen saturation level. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Not Documented and Not Applicable may be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
1	No Supplemental Oxygen
2	Supplemental Oxygen

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA); ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: RESP_EXPS; FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_09 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_19: ED/Hospital Initial Systolic Blood Pressure

DEFINITION:

Patient's first recorded systolic blood pressure taken in the ED/hospital. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Values 0-300 or null values

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- If patient was a direct admit, enter the first vital signs that were collected at your hospital.
- Not Documented should be used if vital sign values are unknown, not recorded.
- Not Applicable should be used if the requested vital sign was not collected at your facility.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA); ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: SBP; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 3 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_03 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_22: ED/Hospital Initial GCS - Eye Opening

DEFINITION:

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Eye) in the ED/Hospital. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Single entry picklist.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- Adult and pediatric scales are the same for GCS eye opening.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable may be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
1	1 No eye movement when assessed
2	2 Opens eyes in response to painful stimulation
3	3 Opens eyes in response to verbal stimulation
4	4 Opens eyes spontaneously

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA); ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: EO; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_10 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_23: ED/Hospital Initial GCS - Verbal Response

DEFINITION:

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Verbal) in the ED/Hospital. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Single entry picklist.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- NTDB Note: If patient is intubated then the GCS Verbal score is equal to 1.
- A "Pediatric (<=2 yrs.)" scale is listed for data entry assistance. Data values are stored the same.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable may be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
1	1 No verbal response
2	2 Incomprehensible sounds
3	3 Inappropriate words
4	4 Confused
5	5 Oriented
Pediatric <= 2 yrs.	
1	1 No vocal response
2	2 Inconsolable, agitated
3	3 Inconsistently consolable, moaning
4	4 Cries but is consolable, inappropriate interactions
5	5 Smiles, oriented to sounds, follows objects,
	interacts

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA); ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: VR; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_11 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_24: ED/Hospital Initial GCS - Motor Response

DEFINITION:

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (Motor) in the ED/Hospital. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- "Pediatric (<=2 yrs)" scale is listed for data entry assistance. Data values are stored with the same codes.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable may be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
1	1 No motor response
2	2 Extension to pain
3	3 Flexion to pain
4	4 Withdrawal from pain
5	5 Localizing pain
6	6 Obeys commands
Pediatric <= 2 yrs.	
1	1 No motor response
2	2 Extension to pain
3	3 Flexion to pain
4	4 Withdrawal from pain
5	5 Localizing pain
6	6 Appropriate response to stimulation

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: MR; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY NTDS Data Element #: ED_12 PICK-I

COPY FIELD: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_25: ED/Hospital Initial GCS - Total

DEFINITION:

First recorded Glasgow Coma Score (total) in the ED/Hospital. GCS measures basic neurological functions of eye-opening, verbal response, and motor response. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Value range = 3 (worst) - 15 (best).

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Auto-calculated when EO, VR, and MR are entered.
- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable may be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: GCS; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 2 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED 13 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_26: Intubation Status at Time of ED/Hospital Vitals

DEFINITION:

Indicates if patient was intubated prior to collection of the ED vital signs being documented. Intubation before GCS and RR can result in inefficient data for these values. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Pick list updated. U (unknown) removed from list.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable may be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
Y	Yes
Ν	No

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: INTUBATED; FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_27: Paralytic Agent in Effect in ED/Hospital

DEFINITION:

Describes paralytic/sedative agents in effect before 1st recorded ED GCS was assessed. Prior administration can result in inefficient data for GCS. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 Change: Pick list updated. U (unknown) removed from list.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable may be used.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
Р	Paralytic
S	Sedated
X	Sedated and Paralytic
Ν	No Paralytic or Sedative Agents

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PAR_AGENT; FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_28: ED/Hospital Initial GCS Qualifiers

DEFINITION:

Documentation of factors potentially affecting the first assessment of GCS upon arrival in the ED/Hospital. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. (GCS qualifier field for NTDB export) Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 Change: New field
- 2012 change: NTDB added new pick list values. This field has maximum 1 character width, so pick list was expanded using both letters A H for new choices. Pick list titles (display only) were added for data entry purposes.
- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- Identifies treatments given to the patient that may affect the first assessment of GCS. This field does not apply to self-medications the patient may administer (i.e., ETOH, prescriptions, etc.).
- If multiple factors are present affecting the GCS, be sure to select appropriate combination pick list choice.
- If an intubated patient has recently received an agent that results in neuromuscular blockade such that a motor or eye response is not possible, then the patient should be considered to have an exam that is not reflective of their neurologic status and the chemical sedation modifier should be selected.
- Neuromuscular blockade is typically induced following the administration of agent like succinylcholine, mivacurium, rocuronium, (cis)atracurium, vecuronium, or pancuronium. While these are the most common agents, please review what might be typically used in your center so it can be identified in the medical record. Each of these agents has a slightly different duration of action, so their effect on the GCS depends on when they were given. For example, succinylcholine's effects last for only 5-10 minutes.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was not chemically sedated, intubated and did not have eye obstruction.

2012 FORWARD PICK LIST CHOICES:		
Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)	
Pick list title: YES Intubation & NO Eye Obstruction:		
3	Intubated Only (NO Chemical Sedation or Paralytic	
	Agent)	
A	Intubated & Chemically Sedated & Paralytic Agent	
4	Intubated & Chemically Sedated	
В	Intubated & Paralytic Agent	
Pick list title: NO Intubation & YES Sedation or Paralytic Agent:		
1	Chemically Sedated Only	
С	Paralytic Agent Only	
D	Chemically Sedated & Paralytic Agent	
Picklist title: NO Intubation & YES Eye Obstruction:		
6	Intubated & Eye Obstruction	
7	Intubated & Eye Obstruction & Sedated	
G	Intubated & Eye Obstruction & Paralytics	
Н	Intubated & Eye Obstruction & Sedated & Paralytics	

2008-2011 PICKLIST CHOICES:		
Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)	
1	Patient Chemically Sedated	
2	Obstruction to the Patient's Eyes	
3	Patient Intubated	
4	Chemically Sedated & Intubated	
5	Chemically Sedated & Obstruction to Eyes	
6	Obstruction to Eyes & Intubated	
7	Chem. Sedated & Obstruction to Eyes & Intubated	

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: BP_MEASURE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_14 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. EMS Run Sheet
- 3. ED Record
- 4. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_29: ED/Hospital Initial Temperature

DEFINITION:

First recorded temperature taken in your ED/hospital. First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- ASTR accepts temperature in Fahrenheit or Celsius. If temperature is entered in Fahrenheit, conversion to Celsius will be needed before export to NTDB.
- Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- Not Documented means temperature was taken but value is unknown or not recorded.
- Not Applicable means no temperature was taken.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TEMP FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 6.1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_05 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element ED5_30: Units of Temperature

DEFINITION:

The units used to document the patient's initial temperature. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- ASTR accepts temperature in Fahrenheit or Celsius. If temperature is entered in Fahrenheit, conversion to Celsius will be needed before export to NTDB.
- Not Documented means temperature was taken but value is unknown or not recorded.
- Not Applicable means no temperature was taken.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
F	Fahrenheit
С	Celsius

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TEMP_UNITS FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

ED/TRAUMA SECTION - "AZ-TRAUMA"

Data Element ED5_31: Temperature Route

DEFINITION:

The route used to measure the patient's initial temperature. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Pick list updated. NOT DOCUMENTED removed from pick list. Null value Not Documented (*ND) to be used instead.
- 2009 change: Pick list updated. TEMPORAL was added to list.
- Not Documented means temperature was taken but value is unknown or not recorded.
- Not Applicable means no temperature was taken.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
ORAL	Oral
RECTAL	Rectal
AXILLARY	Axillary
TYMPANIC	Tympanic
FOLEY	Foley
TEMPORAL	Temporal Artery Sensor
OTHER	Other

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TEMP_LOC FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

ED/TRAUMA SECTION - "AZ-TRAUMA"

Data Element ED5_32: ED/Hospital Initial Revised Trauma Score

DEFINITION:

Patient's initial ED/Hospital Revised Trauma Score. Auto-calculated when ED/Hospital SBP, RR, and GCS are entered. Weighted RTS only. Constraint values 0-7.85 or null values.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

• Not Documented and Not Applicable may be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: RTS FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 7.1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N TOXICOLOGY FINDINGS SECTION

Data Element T6_01: Alcohol Use Indicator

DEFINITION:

Use of alcohol by the patient. A blood alcohol concentration (BAC) test was performed on the patient within 24 hours after first hospital encounter. Single entry pick list. Select most appropriate option.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Alcohol testing may be documented at any facility (or setting) treating this patient event.
- Per NTDS, "Trace levels" is defined as any alcohol level below the legal limit of the testing state, but not zero. ASTR instructions: If lab result indicates alcohol value <10mg/dL or a result too low to specify a value, enter "No (confirmed by test)".
- "Beyond the legal limit" is defined by a BAC above the legal limit for the testing state. In AZ, the legal BAC limit is .08 (BAC >= 80 mg/dL). For patients under age 21, any conclusive level would be "beyond legal limit."
- Not Documented may be used if there is no documentation regarding alcohol testing.
- Not Applicable should not be used. "No, not suspected" should be used if patient was not suspected of alcohol use and no testing was performed.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
NOT_SUSPECTED	NO- not suspected
CONFIRMED_NONE	NO- confirmed by test
SUSPECTED	Suspected use, not tested
PT REPT_NO TEST	Patient reported use, not tested
BELOW_LEGAL_LMT	YES- confirmed by test, under legal limit (NTDB trace level)
ABOVE_LEGAL_LMT	YES- confirmed by test, beyond legal limit

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008

ASTR DATABASE FIÈLD	NAME (system on	ly)*:	A_INDICATE
FIELD TYPE: Character	FIELD WIDTH:	15	COPY FIELD:
NTDS Data Element #:	ED_17		PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Nurses notes 5. Self/Family report

Data Element T6_02: Blood Alcohol Content - mg/dL

DEFINITION:

Level of blood alcohol concentration (BAC) detected in the patient's blood (milligrams per deciliter, no decimals). Must be submitted as mg/dL (3 digit value, no decimal).

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- If lab result indicates alcohol value <10mg/dL or a result too low to specify a value, enter 0 (zero).
- Blood alcohol concentration (BAC) may be documented at any facility (or setting) treating this patient event, including referring facility lab results. Only first recorded blood alcohol concentration (BAC) results within 24 hours after first hospital encounter.
- Not Documented may be used if there is no documentation in record regarding alcohol testing.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient's BAC was not tested.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): VITALS (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ETOH_LEVEL; FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 3 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element T6_03: Drug Use Indicator

DEFINITION:

Use of drugs by the patient (prescription, illegal, and recreational). First recorded positive drug screen results within 24 hours after first hospital encounter (select all that apply). Single entry pick list, per software system design.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Entirely new pick list adopted to match NTDS list. Many system codes are different from the 2005-2007 list, even if long text appears similar. When querying multiple years of data, pay special attention to the old and new codes.
- Enter "Yes, confirmed legal AND illegal use drugs" if patient used both legal and illegal drugs.
- Field applies to drugs used by patient prior to, or at the time of injury. This field does NOT pertain to drugs given to patient by EMS provider or drugs given at your hospital.
- "Illegal use drug" includes the illegal use of prescription drugs. Registrar should carefully review chart for indication if prescription drug was being used legally. If this cannot be determined, registrar will select "legal use" for prescription drug.
- Drug use may be documented at any facility (or setting) treating this patient event.
- Not Documented may be used if there is no documentation in record regarding drug testing.
- Not Applicable should not be used. "No (not suspected)" should be used if patient was not tested for drugs.
- "Legal use" will still be used for patients who test positive for THC and have a documented prescription for medical reasons.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
NOT_SUSPECTED	NO- not suspected
CONFIRMED_NO	NO- confirmed by test
SUSPECTED	Suspected use, not tested
YES_LEGAL_USE	YES- confirmed by test, legal use prescription drug
YES_ILLEGAL_USE	YES- confirmed illegal use drug or illegal use prescription
YES_LGL+ILLEGAL	YES- confirmed legal AND illegal use drugs

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TRA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: TR_UNCPROB FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: ED_18 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Nurses notes
- 5. Self/Family-report

Data Element T6_04: Toxicology Substances Found

DEFINITION:

Specific drugs used by patient. If drug screen was positive, select all substance(s) detected. Multiple entry pick list. Select all that apply.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Field applies to drugs used by patient prior to, or at the time of injury. This field does NOT pertain to drugs given to patient by EMS provider or drugs given at your hospital.
- "Illegal use drug" includes the illegal use of prescription drugs. Registrar should carefully review chart for indication if prescription drug was being used legally. If this cannot be determined, registrar will select "legal use" for prescription drug.
- Drug use may be documented at any facility (or setting) treating this patient event.
- Noted 2023: we will follow the federal law and capture marijuana use (THC) as illegal drug use unless the person has a documented medical marijuana card; in which case it will be collected as legal prescription use.
- Not Documented may be used if there is no documentation in record regarding drug testing.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient's blood was not tested for drugs or if no drugs were found.

Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
Methamphetamine
Barbiturates
Benzodiazepine
Cocaine
Ecstasy (2017 forward)
Fentanyl
Methadone (2017 forward)
Methamphetamine (2017 forward)
Opiate
Oxycodone (2017 forward)
Phencyclidine
THC Marijuana
Trycyclic antidepressant (2017 forward)
Other
None
Not Tested

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): TOXIANAL ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: SUBSTANCE FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 20 NTDS Data Element #:

COPY FIELD: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. EMS Run Sheet
- 4. Nurses notes
- 5. Self/Family-report

DISCHARGE SECTION

Data Element D7_01: Final Outcome

DEFINITION:

Indicates whether patient was alive or deceased at the time of ED or inpatient discharge from your facility.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Pick list updated. U (Unknown) removed from pick list.
- Not Documented may be used in rare instances, but every attempt should be made to determine patient outcome at discharge.
- Not Applicable should not be used. Outcome should be entered for all patients regardless of admission status.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
L	Lived
D	Died

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): POSTHOSP ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: FNL_OUTCM FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Triage Form / Trauma Flow Sheet
- 2. ED Record
- 3. Nurses notes

Data Element D7_02: Total ICU Length of Stay

DEFINITION:

The total number of patient days in any Intensive Care Unit (ICU) - including all episodes. Values 1 - 400 or null values. For zero, use *NA null value.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Added NTDS clarification regarding calculation of ICU LOS.
- Per NTDS, record in full day increments with any partial day listed as a full day. Total time spent in ICU should be calculated in hours and rounded to the next full day increment.
- Field allows for multiple admission and discharge dates and autofills with total ICU LOS. If a patient is admitted and discharged on the same date, the LOS is one day. Refer to Appendix H1-A2 for example Total ICU calculations, per NTDB instructions.
- Only the total ICU value should be submitted to ASTR.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient did not receive care in the ICU. Per NTDB, do not use 0 (zero).

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): ICU ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: LOS FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 4 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: 0_01 PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. ICU Nursing Flow Sheet
- 2. Calculate Based on Admission Form and Discharge Sheet
- 3. Nursing Progress Notes

Data Element D7_05: Hospital (Inpatient) Discharge Date

DEFINITION:

The date the patient was discharged (as an inpatient) from your hospital.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Entry of Not Applicable in this field will indicate to system that ED Exit date/time should be used in calculation of Total Hospital LOS.
- Field is used to calculate Admission LOS and Total Hospital LOS.
- Not Documented should not be used.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was never admitted as an inpatient to your hospital.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE):POSTHOSPASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*:PH_ENT_DTFIELD TYPE:DateFIELD WIDTH:8COPY FIELD:NTDS Data Element #:Does not map to NTDBPICK-LIST?:

- 1. Hospital Record
- 2. ICU Nursing Flow Sheet
- 3. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 4. Physician Discharge Summary

Data Element D7_06: Hospital (Inpatient) Discharge Time

DEFINITION:

The time the patient was discharged (as an inpatient) from your hospital. hhmm - Military time format

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- If patient died while admitted to your hospital, the date and time of discharge is the time the patient was pronounced by the physician.
- Time fields should be entered in AZ Mountain Standard Time (MST).
- Field is used to calculate Total Hospital LOS.
- Not Documented should not be used.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was never admitted as an inpatient to your hospital.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): POSTHOSP ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PH_ENT_TM FIELD TYPE: Time FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: Does not map to NTDB PICK-LIST?: N

- 1. Hospital Record
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. Physician Discharge Summary

Data Element D7_07: Hospital Admission Length of Stay (Days)

DEFINITION:

The total number of days the patient was an inpatient at your facility. Calculated in days.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- Automatically calculated as the date difference between Hospital Admission Date and Hospital (Inpatient) Discharge Date. Admission and discharge times are not used in this calculation. Admission time is not an ASTR required field.
- Note: Admission and Discharge on the same day equals LOS of one day. (Admit 1/1/08 and D/C 1/1/08 = 1 day / Admit 1/1/08 and D/C 1/2/08 = 1 day / Admit 1/1/08 and D/C 1/3/08 = 2 days, Admit 1/1/08 and D/C 1/4/08 = 3 days, etc.)
- Not Documented should not be used.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was never admitted as an inpatient to your hospital.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: LOS FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 4 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element D7_08: Total Hospital Length of Stay (ED + Admission)

DEFINITION:

The patient's total ED and hospital stay at your facility. Calculated in Days, up to 2 decimal places, no rounding. Auto-calculated by System.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Calculation for admitted patients: If patient was admitted, the system will calculate Hospital (Inpatient) Discharge Date/Time minus ED/Hospital Arrival Date/Time.
- Calculation for ED only patients: If Hospital (Inpatient) Discharge Date is entered by the user as Not Applicable (null value), the system will use ED Exit Date/Time instead of Hospital Discharge Date/Time to calculate Total Hospital LOS.
- Not Documented and Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008 ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: A_THOSPLOS FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 9.2 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element D7_09: Hospital (Inpatient) Discharge Disposition

DEFINITION:

The disposition of the patient at discharge from your hospital (after an inpatient stay). Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2014 Change: Picklist items added per NTDB:
 - COURT/LAW Discharge/Transfer to court/law enforcement
 - INPATIENT REHAB Discharge/Transfer to Inpatient Rehab
 - LTCH Discharge/Transfer to Long Term Care Hosp
 - PSYCHIATRIC Discharge/Transfer to psychiatric hosp or unit
 - OTHER INSTITUTION Discharge/Transfer to other institution
- 2013 change: Per national changes, "Left against medical advice" was updated to "Left against medical advice or discontinued care".
- The NTDS purpose of this field is to "roughly characterize functional status at hospital discharge". "Discharged home with no home services" refers to any non-medical facility that is patient's current place of residence. Prison, Child Protective Services, etc. are similar in the level of medical care that would be required at home. Discharge to any other medical facility, other than those on list, should be coded as "Discharged/ Transferred to another type of rehabilitation or long-term care facility".
- The ACUTE CARE option in AZ databases (Discharge/Transfer to another acute care hospital using EMS) should be mapped to NTDS option 1 (Discharged/Transferred to a short-term general hospital for inpatient care.)
- If disposition entered does NOT indicate an acute care transfer, the system should auto-fill Not Applicable (null value) for Hospital Discharge Destination Hospital, Hospital Discharge Destination Transport Agency, and Hospital Discharge Transfer Reason.
- Skilled Nursing Care is "daily nursing and rehabilitative care that is performed only by or under the supervision of skilled professional or technical personnel. Skilled care includes administering of medication, medical diagnosis and minor surgery.
- Intermediate care facility (ICF) is "a facility providing a level of medical care that is less than the degree of care and treatment that a hospital or SNF is designed to provide but greater than the level of room and board."
- Home Health Agency must be an organized home health service. This is a "a certified service approved to provide care received at home as part-time skilled nursing care, speech therapy, physical or occupational therapy or, part-time services of home health aides."

- Hospice is "an organization which is primarily designed to provide pain relief, symptom management and supportive services for the terminally ill and their families."
- Not Documented may be used in rare instances, but attempt should be made to identify disposition.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was never admitted to your hospital.

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
ACUTE CARE	Discharge/Transfer to another acute care hospital
	using EMS
INTERM CARE FACILITY	Discharge/Transfer to an Intermediate Care Facility
HOME HEALTH	Discharge/Transfer to home under care of Home
	Health Agency
LEFT AMA	Left against medical advice or discontinued care
EXPIRED	Deceased/Expired
HOME	Discharged to home or self-care (routine discharge)
DISCHARGED, SNF	Discharge/Transfer to Skilled Nursing Facility
HOSPICE	Discharge/Transfer to hospice care
COURT/LAW	Discharge/Transfer to court/law enforcement (2014
	Forward)
INPATIENT REHAB	Discharge/Transfer to Inpatient Rehab (2014
	Forward)
LTCH	Discharge/Transfer to Long Term Care Hosp (2014
	Forward)
PSYCHIATRIC	Discharge/Transfer to psychiatric hosp or unit (2014
	Forward
OTHER INSTITUTION	Discharge/Transfer to other institution (2014
	Forward)

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): POSTHOSP ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: DSCHG_TO FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 25 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: 0_05 PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Element D7_10: Hospital Discharge Destination Hospital

DEFINITION:

The name of the acute care hospital that your facility transferred this patient to, after patient received inpatient care at your facility. Patient must be transferred by EMS to an acute care hospital for this field to be applicable.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Not Documented should be used if the discharge destination hospital cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was not transferred from your hospital to another acute care hospital after inpatient care. (See auto-fill note under Hospital Discharge Disposition.)

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008 ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: A_HDESTH FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Element D7_11: Hospital Discharge Transport Agency

DEFINITION:

The code for the EMS agency that transported the patient from your facility to another acute care hospital, after patient received inpatient care at your facility. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Not Documented may be used if the name of the EMS transport agency is unknown.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was not transferred from your hospital to another acute care hospital after inpatient care. (See auto-fill note under Hospital Discharge Disposition.)

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
NO_EMS_CARE	No EMS Care
EMS_TRANSPORT	EMS Transporter (Because this field refers to an EMS transport, user should only select an option from the EMS Transporter sub pick list.)
EMS_NON_TRANSPT	EMS 1st Response Non-Transport

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008

ASTR DATABASE FIELD N	AME (system only)*:	A_HTAGNT
FIELD TYPE: Character	FIELD WIDTH: 15	COPY FIELD:
NTDS Data Element #:		PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Element D7_12: Hospital Discharge Transfer Reason

DEFINITION:

The reason your facility transferred this patient to another acute care hospital, after patient received inpatient care at your facility. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: New field
- Not Documented should be used if the transfer reason cannot be determined.
- Not Applicable should be used if patient was not transferred from your hospital to another acute care hospital after inpatient care. (See auto-fill note under Hospital Discharge Disposition.)

Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
HIGHER_CARE	Higher Level of Care/Specialty Care
BURN_UNIT	Transfer to Burn Unit
INSURANCE	Insurance Reason
RESOURCES	Resources Unavailable
PATIENT_RQST	Patient Request
LOWER_CARE	Lower Level of Care
OTHER	Other

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): STAT2008 ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: A_HDREASON FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y INJURY DIAGNOSIS SECTION

RETIRED: Data Element I8_01: ICD-9-CM Injury Diagnosis Code(s)

DEFINITION:

ICD-9-CM final injury diagnoses related to all identified injuries (Also referred to as N-codes, nature of injury). Multiple entry pick list. Select all that apply. (NTDS = max 50). Refer to ICD-9-CM coding manual for more details.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: retired
- Valid ICD-9-CM injury diagnosis codes. Submit to ASTR as a 3 digit number, followed by decimal, and 4th or 5th digit as required. If you double-click your selection from the pick list, the ICD-9-CM code will format properly and the system will generate the body region, severity value, and an ICD-9-CM Injury Severity Score based on injury diagnoses selected.
- Diagnosis codes 800.00-999.9 (do not enter E-codes in this field)
- ICD-9-CM and AIS 2005 codes do not need to be entered together line by line. Do not leave extra spaces or *NA values in the middle of the coding.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (*NA) should be entered on the <u>first</u> diagnosis line if the patient meets the ASTR patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDIAG (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: INJ_COMP FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 6 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: DG_02 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Hospital Discharge Summary
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. Trauma Flow Sheet
- 4. ER and ICU Records

RETIRED: Data Element I8_02: Severity Value (for ICD diagnosis codes)

DEFINITION:

Corresponding AIS severity code that reflects the severity of the ICD-9-CM injury diagnosis entered.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: retired
- One selection per diagnosis entered. Auto-generated by system after selecting a valid ICD-9-CM injury diagnosis from the pick list.
- AIS severity values include: 1 (minor), 2 (moderate), 3 (serious), 4 (severe), 5 (critical), 6 (maximum injury/virtually unsurvivable)
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (*NA) should be entered on the <u>first</u> diagnosis line if the patient meets the ASTR patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDIAG (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: AIS FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

RETIRED: Data Element I8_03: Body Part Injured (for ICD diagnosis codes)

DEFINITION:

Corresponding body region for the ICD-9-CM injury diagnosis entered.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: retired
- 2008 change: 2005-2007 data for this field was a mix of AIS and ICD-9-CM body region values. For 2008, this field will only reflect the body region values for ICD-9-CM diagnoses only. Starting January 2008, a separate body region, severity and ISS is calculated for ICD-9-CM and AIS 2005 codes.
- One selection per diagnosis entered. Auto-generated by system after selecting a valid ICD-9-CM injury diagnosis from the pick list.
- Body Part values include: 1 (head or neck), 2 (face), 3 (chest), 4 (Abdominal or pelvic contents), 5 (Extremities or pelvic girdle), 6 (external)
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (*NA) should be entered on the <u>first</u> diagnosis line if the patient meets the ASTR patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDIAG (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: BODY_PART FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

RETIRED: Data Element I8_04: Injury Severity Score (calculated based on ICD-9-CM Injury Diagnoses)

DEFINITION:

Injury Severity Score calculated based on the ICD-9-CM injury diagnoses entered. Overall scoring system for patients with multiple injuries. Value range = 1 to 75.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: retired
- 2008 change: 2005-2007 data for this field was a mix of AIS-98 and ICD-9-CM ISS values. For 2008 forward, this field will only reflect the ISS values for ICD-9-CM diagnoses only. Starting January 2008, a separate body region, severity and ISS is calculated for ICD-9-CM and AIS 2005 codes.
- In most cases, system will generate the body region, severity value, and an Injury Severity Score based on the ICD-9-CM injury diagnosis codes entered.
- Reporting note: Hospitals have reported that some DOA patients have a low ISS score, even if the injuries were fatal. This happens in instances where no autopsy was completed and there is a lack of information regarding the patient's injury diagnoses.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (*NA) should be entered on the <u>first</u> diagnosis line if the patient meets the ASTR patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ISS FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 2 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element I8_11: ICD-10-CM Injury Diagnosis Code(s)

DEFINITION:

ICD-10-CM final injury diagnoses related to all identified injuries (Also referred to as N-codes, nature of injury). Multiple entry pick list. Select all that apply. (NTDS = max 50). Refer to ICD-10-CM coding manual for more details.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 Change: New field.
- Valid ICD-10-CM injury diagnosis codes. If you double-click your selection from the pick list, the ICD-10-CM code will format properly and the system will generate the body region, severity value, and an Injury Severity Score based on injury diagnoses selected.
- Diagnosis codes ICD-10-CM (injury diagnosis code) within categories: S00 through S99 with 7th character modifiers of A, B, or C ONLY. (Injuries to specific body parts –initial encounter)
- T07 (unspecified multiple injuries)
- T14 (injury of unspecified body region)
- T20 through T28 with 7th character modifier of A ONLY (burns by specific body parts –
- initial encounter)
- T30 through T32 (burn by TBSA percentages)
- T79.A1 through T79.A9 with 7th character modifier of A ONLY (Traumatic Compartment
- Syndrome –initial encounter):
- ICD-10-CM and AIS 2005 codes do not need to be entered together line by line. Do not leave extra spaces or *NA values in the middle of the coding.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (*NA) should be entered on the <u>first</u> diagnosis line if the patient meets the ASTR patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDIAG (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: INJ_ICD10 FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 7 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: DG_03 PICK-LIST?: Y

- 1. Hospital Discharge Summary
- 2. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet
- 3. Trauma Flow Sheet
- 4. ER and ICU Records

Data Element I8_12: Severity Value (for ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes)

DEFINITION:

Corresponding AIS severity code that reflects the severity of the ICD-10-CM injury diagnosis entered.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 Change: New Field
- One selection per diagnosis entered. Auto-generated by system after selecting a valid ICD-10-CM injury diagnosis from the pick list.
- AIS severity values include: 1 (minor), 2 (moderate), 3 (serious), 4 (severe), 5 (critical), 6 (maximum injury/virtually unsurvivable)
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (*NA) should be entered on the <u>first</u> diagnosis line if the patient meets the ASTR patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDIAG (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: AIS_ICD10 FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N

Data Element I8_13: Body Part Injured (for ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes)

DEFINITION:

Corresponding body region for the ICD-10-CM injury diagnosis entered.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: New Field.
- One selection per diagnosis entered. Auto-generated by system after selecting a valid ICD-10-CM injury diagnosis from the pick list.
- Body Part values include: 1 (head or neck), 2 (face), 3 (chest), 4 (Abdominal or pelvic contents), 5 (Extremities or pelvic girdle), 6 (external)
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (*NA) should be entered on the <u>first</u> diagnosis line if the patient meets the ASTR patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): INJDIAG (TRA) ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: BP_ICD10 FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 1 COPY FIELD: Multi NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Element I8_04: Injury Severity Score (calculated based on ICD-10-CM Injury Diagnoses)

DEFINITION:

Injury Severity Score calculated based on the ICD-10-CM injury diagnoses entered. Overall scoring system for patients with multiple injuries. Value range = 1 to 75.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2016 change: New Field
- In most cases, system will generate the body region, severity value, and an Injury Severity Score based on the ICD-10-CM injury diagnosis codes entered.
- Not Documented may be used.
- Not Applicable (*NA) should be entered on the <u>first</u> diagnosis line if the patient meets the ASTR patient inclusion criteria but no injuries are detected.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): MAINDATA ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: ISS FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 2 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?: N FINANCIAL SECTION

Data Element F9_01: Primary Method of Payment

DEFINITION:

Primary source of payment to the hospital for this visit. Single entry pick list.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 changes: Entirely new pick list was adapted to match NTDS list. Many system codes are different from the 2005-2007 list, even if the long text appears similar. Codes in bold are new or revised in 2008 (examples: SELF-PAY in 2007 is now SELF PAY in 2008, Medicaid and AHCCCS were combined in 2008). When querying multiple years of data, pay special attention to the old and new codes.
- Arizona's AHCCCS Medicaid program should be coded under "Medicaid (includes AHCCCS)." IHS should be coded under "Other Government". Auto Insurance should be coded under "Private/Commercial Insurance" unless patient had coverage under an out of state No Fault Auto plan. Arizona is not a No Fault Auto state so this option should not be selected frequently.
- Not Documented should be used if method of payment for this visit is unknown.
- Not Applicable should not be used. If patient does not have insurance and was billed, select "Self Pay". If patient was not billed, select "Not Billed (for any reason)."

Diale list Data Malusa	District Descriptions (Long Tout)
Pick list Data Values	Pick list Descriptions (Long Text)
MEDICAID/AHCCCS	Medicaid (includes AHCCCS)
NOT BILLED	Not Billed (for any reason)
SELF PAY	Self Pay
PRIV-COMMERCIAL	Private/Commercial Insurance
NO FAULT AUTO	No Fault Automobile (Retired 2015)
MEDICARE	Medicare
OTHER GOVT	Other Government
WORKERS COMP	Workers Compensation
BCBS	Blue Cross/Blue Shield (Retired 2015)
OTHER	Other

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): HOSPREV ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: PAYOR FIELD TYPE: Character FIELD WIDTH: 15 COPY FIELD: 1 NTDS Data Element #: F_01 PICK-LIST?: Y

Data Source Hierarchy

1. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet

2. Hospital Admission Form

Data Element F9_03: Total Hospital Charges

DEFINITION:

Final amount (in whole dollars) billed for this visit. Submitted as nearest whole dollar, no decimal.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Updated data export instructions.
- Financial data is to be exported twice for each record, similar to the way other updates are sent to ASTR. The initial data should be sent on the record's regular quarterly due date. All updates should then be included with the next quarterly submission.
- Not Documented may be used if hospital charges for this visit cannot be obtained. Required data element. Not Documented for most records will not be accepted from designated trauma centers.
- If patient was not billed for this visit, enter 0. Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): FINANCE ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: T_HOS_CHRG FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 12 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?:

Data Source Hierarchy

1. Billing Sheet / Medical Records Coding Summary Sheet

Data Element F9_04: Total Reimbursements

DEFINITION:

Amount (in whole dollars) collected by hospital for this visit. Submitted as nearest whole dollar, no decimal.

COMMENTS (including when null values are appropriate):

- 2008 change: Updated data export instructions.
- Financial data is to be exported twice for each record, similar to the way other updates are sent to ASTR. The initial data should be sent on the record's regular quarterly due date. All updates should then be included with the next quarterly submission.
- Not Documented may be used if reimbursements for this visit cannot be obtained. Required data element. Not Documented for most records will not be accepted from designated trauma centers.
- If no reimbursement was received for this visit, enter 0. Not Applicable should not be used.

ASTR TABLE NAME (CARE PHASE): FINANCE ASTR DATABASE FIELD NAME (system only)*: T_HOSP_RECP FIELD TYPE: Numeric FIELD WIDTH: 12 COPY FIELD: NTDS Data Element #: PICK-LIST?:

Appendix A2 - Copy of ASTR Trauma Data Submission Guidelines

Records of patients meeting the ASTR Trauma Patient Inclusion Definition must be submitted to the Arizona State Trauma Registry within 90 days of the close of the quarter, according to the following schedule:

Reporting Quarter	ED/Hospital Arrival Dates	ASTR Data Due Date
Quarter One	January 1 – March 31	July 1 of the same year
Quarter Two	April 1 – June 30	October 1 of the same year
Quarter Three	July 1 – September 30	January 2 of the following year
Quarter Four	October 1 – December 31	April 1 of the following year

Trauma data must be submitted in a format authorized by the Arizona Department of Health Services and must include valid entries in all State required fields. All data must be accompanied by a Trauma Data Quarterly Submission Form.

In order to receive updates on previous quarters, please submit the previous quarter's data with the current quarter. The final submission should include the previous quarter's records and any other quarter's records for the current year that have been added or changed. If you are unsure, submit all 4 quarters.

The following are acceptable electronic media formats for data submission:

- The data file may be transferred to the state Trauma Data Administrator using ADHS-approved secure file transfer protocol (sftp). The data submission form may be sent by regular email or sftp.
- The data file may be transferred to the state Trauma Data Administrator using ADHS-approved secure email. The data submission form may be sent by regular or secure email.
- Hospitals entering data directly into the state Web Registry should email a completed data submission form to the state Trauma Data Administrator on or before each quarterly due date to indicate that the data entry was completed and the total number of records entered for that quarter.

For questions regarding the Arizona State Trauma Registry, please contact the Arizona State Trauma Data Administrator.

For more information on Arizona statutes and rules that pertain to the trauma registry, please refer to A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 21.1 and A.A.C. Title 9, Chapter 25.

Appendix G – Data Dictionary Change Log

Revisions to the final version (v. 1.1) of the 2008 data dictionary after its official release on 2/6/08:

Change Notes:

- "Typing change only" indicates that a data dictionary error was identified and corrected;
- "SYSTEM CHANGE" indicates that an actual change was made to state and hospital databases;
- "Data Entry Clarification" indicates that additional information was added to clarify questions regarding the data entry process;

Revision 1 - 2/15/08 - Data Dictionary version number was updated from 1.1 to 1.2 to reflect the following changes:

- "Alcohol Use Indicator" (ED/Trauma Toxicology)
- Typing change only: System code "NOT SUSPECTED" updated to "NOT_SUSPECTED"
- Typing change only: System code "CONFIRMED NO" updated to "CONFIRMED_NONE"
- Typing change only: System code "SUSPECT_NO TEST" updated to "SUSPECTED"
- SYSTEM CHANGE: System code "TRACE LEVELS" was changed to "BELOW_LEGAL_LMT" (Jan-Feb data already entered will be updated)
- Typing change only: System code "ABOVE LEGAL LMT" updated to "ABOVE_LEGAL_LMT"
- "Drug Use Indicator" (ED/Trauma Toxicology)
- Typing change only: System code "NONE" updated to "NOT_SUSPECTED"
- Typing change only: System code for "NO- confirmed by test" was listed as "SUSPECTED" but should be "CONFIRMED_NO"
- SYSTEM CHANGE: Added new pick list choice 2/15/08: "SUSPECTED / Suspected use, not tested"
- SYSTEM CHANGE: System code "YES_PRESCRPTN" was changed to "YES_LEGAL_USE" (Jan-Feb data already entered will be updated)
- Typing change only: System code "YES_BOTH" updated to "YES_LGL+ILLEGAL"

Revision 2 - 4/8/08 - Data Dictionary version number was updated from 1.2 to 1.3 to reflect the following changes:

"Co-morbid Conditions" (Demographics):

• Data entry clarification: Updated note: Definitions of co-morbidities can be found in Appendix H (Glossary of NTDS Terms) of this dictionary or in the NTDS Data Dictionary v. 1.2.1.

"Protective Devices" (Injury):

 Data entry clarification: Added note: For patients with EMS run sheets documented only as "Restrained" (but not further specified), select "Lap Belt"

"Airbag Deployment Details" (Injury):

• Data entry clarification: Old text: Indication of airbag deployment during a motor vehicle crash. Added to definition: "..., if an airbag was present"

Data entry clarification: Added note: "Airbag Not Deployed" should be selected if an airbag was known to be present and did not deploy "Triage Criteria" (Pre-hospital):

- Data entry clarification: Data Element Definition change, per TRUG request. Old definition: "Indicates the triage criteria used by any prehospital EMS provider to identify that this patient required care in a trauma center." New definition: Indicates the ACS triage criteria that apply to this patient and injury event, per available EMS and hospital documentation
- Deleted text at end of sentence: Not Documented should be used if no triage criteria are documented on the EMS Run Sheet

"Transport Type" (Pre-hospital)

Data entry clarification: Added additional wording to end of sentence: All records must have one entry pertaining to the patient's arrival into your facility even if there was no pre-hospital EMS involvement or run sheet is unavailable

"EMS Agency" (Pre-hospital)

- Data entry clarification: Added note: If agency is both the first responder and the transporter, select from the EMS Transporter pick list.
- "Run Sheet Available?" (Pre-hospital)
- Data entry clarification: Added note: "Yes Received but INCOMPLETE" means the EMS run sheet does not contain enough information for the registrar to complete all ASTR pre-hospital required data elements.

"Initial Field Respiratory Rate" (Pre-hospital Vitals)

- Data entry clarifications: Old definition did not specify if an assisted respiratory rate may be entered. NTDS clarified that only unassisted rate should be entered. New definition: First recorded unassisted respiratory rate in the prehospital setting (expressed as a number per minute)
- Updated note: Not Documented means that an unassisted rate cannot be determined from available documentation
- Updated note: Not Applicable should be used if patient was not treated by a pre-hospital provider

"Intubation Status at Time of Field Vitals" (Pre-hospital Vitals)

- Data entry clarification: Definition updated. Added note: Intubation before 1st Field GCS and RR can result in inefficient data for these values.
- "Field Revised Trauma Score" (Prehospital Vitals)
- Data entry clarifications: Added reporting note: Field RTS could be affected by inefficient data for GCS
- Updated note: Not Documented means that patient was treated by an EMS provider, but a required value for the RTS calculation is unknown
- Updated note: Not Applicable should be used if patient was not treated by a pre-hospital provider

"Inter-facility Transfer?" (Referring)

 Data entry clarification: Added note: Includes EMS transports to your hospital from IHS clinics and other outlying facilities providing emergency care services and stabilization

"Initial Revised Trauma Score in Referring Hospital" (Referring)

Data entry clarification: Added reporting note: Referring Facility RTS could be affected by inefficient data for RR and GCS

"ED Discharge Disposition" (ED/Trauma)

• Data entry clarifications:

- Added NTDS note: Patients treated in accordance with "Do Not Resuscitate" (DNR) order should be coded under "Died in ED (other than failed resuscitation attempt)"
- Added note: NTDS definition of "Dead on Arrival" can be found in Appendix H (Glossary of NTDS Terms) at the end of ASTR dictionary
- Added NTDS note: "No response 15 mins" refers to resuscitation activities in the reporting hospital

"ED/Hospital Initial Respiratory Rate" (ED/Trauma)

• Data entry clarification: Added note: First recorded RR may be entered as assisted or unassisted

"ED/Hospital Initial Respiratory Assistance" (ED/Trauma)

• Data entry clarification: Added NTDS definition: Assistance is defined as mechanical and/or external support of respiration.

"Intubation Status at Time of ED/Hospital Vitals" (ED/Trauma)

• Data entry clarification: Definition updated. Added note: Intubation before the 1st ED/Hospital GCS and RR can result in inefficient data for these values.

"Revised Trauma Score (ED/Hospital)" (ED/Trauma)

• Data entry clarification: Added reporting note: ED/Hospital RTS may be calculated using an assisted or unassisted respiratory rate (as indicated in the Respiratory Assistance field). RTS could be affected by inefficient data for RR and GCS.

"Alcohol Use Indicator" (ED/Trauma - Toxicology)

• Data entry clarification: Added note: For patients under age 21, any conclusive level would be "beyond legal limit."

"Total Ventilator Days" (Discharge)

- Data entry clarification: Added note: Includes all mechanical ventilation time, except mechanical ventilation initiated solely for an OR procedure. Includes ED vent time but not vent time for organ harvesting.
- Text update: Not Applicable should be used if patient did not receive any mechanical ventilation or if patient received ventilation solely for an OR procedure.

"Hospital Complications" (Discharge)

• Data entry clarification: Updated note: Definitions of complications can be found in Appendix H (Glossary of NTDS Terms) of this dictionary or in the NTDS Data Dictionary v. 1.2.1.

"Primary Method of Payment" (Financial)

 Data entry clarification: Added more detail to notes: Arizona's AHCCCS Medicaid program should be coded under "Medicaid." IHS should be coded under "Other Government". Auto Insurance should be coded under "Private/Commercial Insurance" unless patient had coverage under an out of state No Fault Auto plan. Arizona is not a No Fault Auto state so this option should not be selected frequently. (Pick list changes 2008.)

"Secondary Method of Payment" (Financial)

- Data entry clarification: Added note to definition: This field only applies if patient had two forms of payment for this visit.
- Also added more detail to notes: Arizona's AHCCCS Medicaid program should be coded under "Medicaid." IHS should be coded under "Other Government". Auto Insurance should be coded under "Private/Commercial Insurance" unless patient had coverage under an out of state No Fault Auto plan. Arizona is not a No Fault Auto state so this option should not be selected frequently. (Pick list changes 2008.)

Appendix A - Facility Codes in ASTR database

• SYSTEM CHANGE: Facility code for Flagstaff Medical Center was changed from 13169 to TFLG, per request of vendor. Vendor will convert all Flagstaff records in ASTR database to new code. Reporting will be unaffected.

Appendix H

- "Glossary of NTDS Terms" was added with definitions of NTDS Comorbidities, NTDS Hospital Complications, and other NTDS terms.
 Appendix I
- "ASTR Trauma Patient Inclusion Definition" was added to ASTR Data Dictionary.

Appendix J

• "ASTR 2008 Required Data Elements" list was added to ASTR data dictionary.

Appendix K

• "INDEX" was added to ASTR data dictionary.

Revision 3 - 12/30/08 - Data Dictionary version number was updated from 1.3 to 1.4 to reflect the following changes:

Cover Page

- The title "2008 DATA DICTIONARY" was updated to "2008-2009 DATA DICTIONARY".
- Effective date range January 1, 2008 December 31, 2008 was changed to January 1, 2008 to December 31, 2009.
- 2008 and 2009 change notes were updated throughout the document to assist users relying on the data dictionary for reporting
 - "Registration Number" (Demographics)
 - Updated data entry instructions requesting same format as submitted to ADHS HDD. This is to aid in linking ASTR data.
 - "Medical Record Number" (Demographics)
 - Updated data entry instructions requesting same format as submitted to HDD. This is to aid in linking ASTR data.
 - "Street Address of Residence" (Demographics)
 - Added a list of suggested abbreviations for entering address data.
 - "Alternate Home Residence" (Demographics)
 - Added additional NTDS data entry information. NTDS definitions of pick list items were added to Appendix H.
 - "Co-morbid Conditions" (Demographics)
 - NO_NTDS is no longer an option for 2009 data entry (NO_NTDS was on state pick list from 1/1/08 12/31/08)
 - OTHER was added to list January 2009. Note: In 2008, user was instructed to enter NO_NTDS if user had no co-morbidities OR if patient only had co-morbidities not on the pick list. For 2009, user was instructed to enter OTHER when patient had other comorbidities not on pick list. If patient did not have any comorbidities at all, user was instructed to enter Not Applicable (*NA).
 - Added PREGNANCY back to state co-morbidity list. This pick list option was previously removed, per NTDS list, on Jan. 1, 2008. However, TRUG decided this option is necessary so the choice was added back on Jan 1, 2009. Note: PREGNANCY was not a pick list option for 2008 data.
 - "Injury Location ICD-9-CM E-code (E849)" (Injury)

- For January 2009, option 7 "Residential Institution" was expanded with a sub-pick list to document the type of residential institution where injury occurred. 7A - 7E are new to the pick list and supplement the E849 list.
- "Street Location of Injury Incident" (Injury)
 - Added additional data entry instructions (format, abbreviations, etc.) to facilitate geocoding of the trauma data.
- "Injury Event Details" (Injury)
 - Added this as a new field for 2009 with data entry instructions regarding what should be captured in this field.
- "Patient Position in Vehicle" (Injury)
 - Data element description name changed from "Patient Position in Vehicle" to "Position in Vehicle / Vehicle Type".
- A new sub-pick list was added titled "Rider of off-road vehicle (street and non-street use)"
 - ATV_RIDER was moved under the "Rider of off-road..." pick list;
- New off-road codes for 2009: RHINO_UTV, DUNEBUG_SANDRAIL, DIRTBIKE, GOLF_CART, GO_KART, SNOWMOBILE, OTHER_OFF-RD;
- RAILWAY_OCCUPANT was added as a new pick list choice for 2009
- $\circ~$ WATERCRAFT_OCCUPANT was expanded into a sub pick list to identify the type of watercraft.
 - Note: In 2008, only WATERCRAFT_OCCUPANT was available to describe water vehicles.
- New watercraft codes for 2009: MOTOR_BOAT, NONMOTORIZED_BOAT, PERSONAL_WATERC, UNSPECIFIED_WATERC;
- AIRCRAFT_OCCUPANT was expanded into a sub pick list to identify the type of aircraft.
 - Note: In 2008, only AIRCRAFT_OCCUPANT was available to describe air vehicles.
- New aircraft codes for 2009: FIXED_WING, ROTOR_WING, NON_MOTOR_AIRC, UNSPECIFIED_AIRC
- "System Access (Inclusion Criteria)" (Pre-hospital)
 - Added INTERF_TRNSFR "Acute care injury transfer in or out of your facility by EMS" to 2009 pick list, per inclusion criteria update.
- The following long text (data entry descriptions) was also updated to clarify data entry questions. (These changes do NOT affect reporting.)
 - Data entry screen update: "Triaged from Scene to Trauma Ctr/ED per EMS Trauma Protocol" was changed to "Triaged from Scene to your facility per EMS Trauma Protocol"
 - Data entry screen update: "Trauma Team Activation" was changed to "Trauma Team Activation at your facility"
- "Triage Criteria" (Pre-hospital) Data Dictionary typing corrections only. Hospital databases already had this information for 2008:
 - Short text for "Falls Adult: >20 feet (1 story=10 ft.)" corrected to "ADULT FALL > 20 FEET".
 - Short text for "Amputation proximal to wrist and ankle" corrected to "AMPUT PROX WRIST/ANKLE".
 - Short text for "Crush, degloved, or mangled extremity" corrected to "CRUSH_DEGLV_MANGLED".
- "Transport Type" (Pre-hospital)
 - Added FIRST_RESP to pick list as new option for 2009.

- "Transported From (Origin)" (Pre-hospital)
 - Having "From Nursing Home" and "From Jail or Prison" on the pick list with "Injury Scene" was causing confusion in data entry. NURS_HM and JAIL_PRISO were removed from the pick list and data will be converted to data value INJ_SCENE. The nursing home and jail/prison information will now be captured in the Injury Location E849 picklist field.
 - Added data entry clarification: The only time you will select "From Home but Home was NOT the injury scene" is if patient was NOT injured at home, went home before going to the hospital, and then was transferred from home to the hospital.
- "Transported From (Hospital)" (Pre-hospital)
 - Added data entry clarification: If you know that patient came from another hospital, but the hospital name is unknown, select "Unspecified Acute Care Hospital" from list.
- "EMS Agency" (Pre-hospital)
 - Added new EMS air agency to pick list: TAB016 Trauma Flight, Inc.
- "Run Sheet Number" (Pre-hospital)
 - Field was changed from optional to required, as it is necessary for ASTR data linkage.
- Pre-hospital Run Sheet Data (Pre-hospital)
 - Added data clarification notes to the EMS date and time fields.
 "Scene" may also refer to referring hospital or EMS rendezvous point depending upon which EMS leg of care is being entered. Notes added to help data entry users understand these fields.
- Pre-hospital Vital Signs (Pre-hospital)
 - 2008 data dictionary used to request only the first recorded vital signs. However, some hospitals are capturing more than one set of vital signs. Data dictionary was updated to require first recorded but allow optional submission of other vital signs.
- Notes were added regarding NTDS data export.
- "Initial Field Respiratory Rate" (Pre-hospital)
 - Constraint values were updated, per NTDS, from 0-59 to 0-99.
- "Field Airway Management" (Pre-hospital)
 - Pick list updated. PULSEOX, ETDLAD and LMA added to pick list. EOA removed from pick list. EOA/Combitube 2008 data will be converted to ETDLAD/Combitube so EOA was removed from list.
- "Referring Hospital Respiratory Rate" (Referring Facility)
 - Respiratory Rate constraint values were updated, per NTDS, from 0-59 to 0-99.
- "ED Exit Date/Time" (ED/Trauma)
 - Added data entry clarification note reminding registrars that if a patient dies in the ED, the exit date/time is when the patient was pronounced.
- "ED Disposition" (ED/Trauma)
 - Added NTDS definitions and data entry instructions to clarify several of the pick list choices.
- "ED/Hospital Respiratory Rate" (ED/Trauma)
 - Respiratory Rate constraint values were updated, per NTDS, from 0-59 to 0-99.
- "Temperature Route" (ED/Trauma)

- Added TEMPORAL "Temporal Artery Sensor" as new pick list choice, per hospital request.
- "Blood Alcohol Content" (Toxicology)
 - Added data entry clarification that only one BAC value is submitted to ASTR. Instructed registrars to submit the first recorded alcohol results (the blood draw closest to the time of injury).
- "Hospital Discharge Date/Time" (Discharge)
 - Added data entry clarification note reminding registrars that if patient dies after admission, the discharge date/time is when the patient was pronounced.
- "Hospital Discharge Disposition" (Discharge)
 - Added NTDS definitions and data entry instructions to clarify several of the pick list choices.
- "Complications" (Discharge)
 - NO_NTDS is no longer an option for 2009 data entry (NO_NTDS was on state pick list from 1/1/08 12/31/08)
 - OTHER was added to list January 2009. Note: In 2008, user was instructed to enter NO_NTDS if user had no complications OR if patient only had complications not on the pick list. For 2009, user was instructed to enter OTHER when patient had other complications not on pick list. If patient did not have any complications at all, user was instructed to enter Not Applicable (*NA).
- "State Patient?" (Discharge)
 - Moved this field to the discharge section of the dictionary, as this is where the field is located on the data entry screen.
- "ICD-9-CM Diagnoses" (Diagnosis)
 - Following the NTDS data entry instructions, ASTR removed the note indicating that diagnosis codes must be entered in order of severity. Added data entry note clarifying entry of ICD-9-CM and AIS 2005 codes: ICD-9-CM and AIS 2005 codes do not need to be entered together line by line. Do not leave extra spaces or *NA values in the middle of the coding.
- AIS 2005 Six Digit Injury Identifier(s) (Diagnosis)
 - Added data entry note clarifying entry of ICD-9-CM and AIS 2005 codes: ICD-9-CM and AIS 2005 codes do not need to be entered together line by line. Do not leave extra spaces or *NA values in the middle of the coding.
- "Primary Method of Payment" (Financial)
 - Typing change (correction): The short text for "Private/Commercial Insurance" was changed to "PRIV-COMMERCIAL". This short text change was already made with the AZ 2008 database changes, but this change was not reflected in the data dictionary.
 - Updated the data entry screen and long text for "Medicaid" to say "Medicaid (includes AHCCCS)". Will not change reporting, only assists registrars with correct data entry. System code "MEDICAID/AHCCCS" remains the same.
- "Secondary Method of Payment" (Financial)
 - Typing change (correction): The short text for "Private/Commercial Insurance" was changed to "PRIV-COMMERCIAL". This short text change was already made with

the AZ 2008 database changes, but this change was not reflected in the data dictionary.

- Updated the data entry screen and long text for "Medicaid" to say "Medicaid (includes AHCCCS)". Will not change reporting, only assists registrars with correct data entry. System code "MEDICAID/AHCCCS" remains the same.
- Appendix F "Hospital List"
 - Data Dictionary typing corrections only. Hospital databases already had this information for 2008: Short text for "Unspecified Acute Care Hospital" corrected to "UNS0012". Short text for "Urgent Care Facility (EMS transfer only)" corrected to "URG0001". Other hospital codes already matched HDD list. Any previous MED3242 data in the system will be converted to MED0195 so this change will not affect data reporting.
- Removed MED0226 (Mesa General) Hospital closed
- Added new hospital MED3795 Arizona Regional Medical Center
- Appendix I "ASTR Inclusion Criteria"
 - Inclusion Criteria 1B was added to the inclusion criteria, after Bureau of EMS & Trauma System (BEMSTS) clarification of the criteria on 11-19-08.

Revision 4 - 8/3/09 - Data Dictionary version number was updated to 1.5 to reflect the following minor changes:

- Database schema changes:
 - In March 2009, the software vendor made changes to the database schema so that all reporting hospitals and the state system would have identical schema. Revised schema names were applied to all years of trauma data. Any changes to table names, care phases or fields names were updated in the 2008-2009 and 2005-2007 ASTR data dictionaries and field, table and care phase names in the Oracle data should be the same for all years of trauma data.
- NTDS national data element numbers:
 - A few of the national data element numbers were changed in the updated NTDS Data Dictionary version 1.2.5. These changes were made to the ASTR Data Dictionary and do not affect ASTR data entry or reporting.
- "Age" / "Age Units" (Demographics):
 - Data entry instructions for Age Units were not being followed by several trauma centers. Many centers were entering an age value using months for children between 12 and 23 months. Because this was consistent across several hospitals, the ASTR data dictionary instructions were changed to allow 13-23 months as a valid Age/Age Units entry.
- New data entry instructions (changes highlighted in bold):
 - Registrar note: If pt age is < 1 day, enter Age in "Hours". If pt age is >= 1 day but < 1 month, use "Days".
 - If patient age is >= 1 month but <1 year, use "Months".
 - If age is 13 23 months, you may enter the age in months or as 1 year. Age 2 or older must be entered in "Years".
- Old data entry instructions (deleted):
 - Registrar note: If pt age is < 1 day, enter Age in "Hours". If pt age is >= 1 day but < 1 month, use "Days".

- If patient age is >= 1 month but < 1 year, use "Months".
 Otherwise, enter patient age in "Years".
- "Protective Devices" (data entry clarification):
 - Common data entry error was identified, so wording was added as data entry clarification: NONE means that protective devices were not used (or pt was not wearing) any type of protective device at the time of injury event.
 - If an airbag was present, do not select None + Airbag Present. (Airbag was a protective device in use at time of injury event, even if it did not deploy.)
- Pre-hospital (calculated time fields):
 - The pre-hospital transport section may contain more than one leg of EMS care. The EMS time calculations represent the time per EMS Agency and not a total EMS time overall. The names of these data elements were changed to make the reporting variables more clear. Example "Total EMS Time (minutes)" refers to the time elapsed for that specific EMS Agency from notification to arrival at destination, NOT the total time from when the first EMS Agency arrived on scene to the time of arrival of the last EMS agency at the destination hospital.
 - To clarify what is captured by these data elements, the titles of the following data elements were updated:
 - "Total EMS Response Time (minutes)" was changed to "EMS Agency Response Time (minutes)"
 - "Total EMS Scene Time (minutes)" changed to "EMS Agency Scene Time (minutes)"
 - "Transport Time Scene to Destination (minutes)" changed to "Transport Time - EMS Agency Scene to Destination (minutes)"
 - "Total EMS Time (minutes)" changed to "EMS Agency Total Time (minutes)"
 - These data dictionary name changes do not affect the data entry calculation and name change is meant to help user when reporting.
- Appendix A1 Reporting Facility List
 - Updated reporting facility list to include new designation information and 2009 reporting hospitals.
- Appendix A2 Data Submission Guidelines
 - Added a copy of ASTR Data Submission Guidelines as an appendix in the data dictionary.
- Appendix B City of Residence and City of Injury Lists
 - It was discovered that the software city auto-fill and the ASTR city pick list did not match for 2008 data.
 - All ASTR data 2008 forward was converted to match the software auto-fill codes. Appendix B was edited to the new city codes.
 - ASTR 2005-2007 data did not use these new city codes, so caution is needed when reporting on multiple years of data.
 - Hospital databases may have some older codes leftover in their 2008 data.
- Appendix E EMS Agency List
 - Added EMS Air Agencies TAB015, TAB016, TAB017, TAN016, TAN017

- Added Ground Transport Agency TGCON086
- Added First Responder Agencies FRN0199, FRN0200
- Appendix F Hospital/Destination List
 - Added Hospital MED2568
- Index 2 DATA ELEMENTS LISTED IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER OF DATA ELEMENT NAME
 - A second index was added to assist users in searching the data dictionary for specific data elements. Multiple naming variations are given in the event the hospital data entry screens are different than ASTR data dictionary. The previous index was maintained as Index 1 (listed in order as found in ASTR database, with the data element name of the ASTR data dictionary).

Revision 5 - 1/1/2011 - Data Dictionary version number was updated to 1.6 to reflect the following changes:

- "Co-morbid Conditions" (Demographics)
 - NTDB added Cirrhosis to the list of national complications for 2011 data forward. ASTR accepted this change (per TEPI) for ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 1/1/2011 forward.
- "Activity E-code" (Injury)
 - New state field for records 2011 forward (optional data for NTDB submission 2011 forward.) Supplemental code that provides additional reporting information about the activity being performed at time of injury event.
- "Signs of Life" (ED/Trauma)
 - NTDB added a new national required field "Signs of Life" for 2011 data. ASTR accepted these changes (per TEPI) for ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 1/1/2011 forward.
- "ED Discharge Disposition" (ED/Trauma)
 - For 2011 data, NTDB retired the 3 ED Death national choices used for 2008-2010 data and replaced them with one ED Death choice. ASTR accepted these changes (per TEPI) for ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 1/1/2011 forward:
 - NEW 2011 State and National ED Death choice:
 - ED DEATH: Death in ED
 - 2008-2010 State and National ED Death choices (retired for 2011 data forward):
 - ED DOA: Declared dead on arrival w/ minimal/no resuscitation attempt
 - DEATH RESU: Death after failed resuscitation attempt-no response 15 mins
 - DIED IN ED: Died in ED (other than failed resuscitation attempt)
- "Total ICU Length of Stay" (Discharge)
 - Per NTDB instructions, added note that ICU Length of Stay cannot be Zero. Instead registrar should use *NA (Not Applicable) if no ICU stay.
- "Total Ventilator Days" (Discharge)
 - Per NTDB instructions, added note that Total Ventilator Days cannot be Zero. Instead registrar should use *NA (Not Applicable) if no Vent Days.
- "Procedures Performed (ICD-9-CM)" (Discharge)

- For 2011 data, NTDB released a list of their minimum required procedures to be entered for trauma patients. Added Appendix H1-B to ASTR data dictionary listing the national required procedures for 2011 data. ASTR accepted these changes (per TEPI) for ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 2011 forward. Hospitals may enter any additional procedures needed at their institution, as NTDB list is the minimum. The Referring facility and Reporting facility procedure required lists are the same, per TEPI.
- "Hospital Complications" (Discharge)
 - NTDB made changes to the national Hospital Complications List for 2011 data. ASTR accepted the new Hospital Complications list (per TEPI) for ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 1/1/2011 forward.
 - Hospital Complications (NTDB changes):
 - RETIRED for 2011 forward:
 - ABCS: Abdominal compartment syndrome
 - ABFA: Abdominal fascia left open
 - BASE: Base deficit
 - BLEE: Bleeding
 - COAG: Coagulopathy
 - COMA: Coma
 - PRES: Intracranial pressure
 - SEPS: Systemic sepsis
 - WNDD: Wound disruption
 - CONTINUED from 2010:
 - RENF: Acute renal failure
 - ARDS: Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS)
 - CAWC: Cardiac arrest with CPR
 - DECU: Decubitus ulcer
 - DINF: Deep surgical site infection
 - DRUG: Drug or alcohol withdrawal syndrome
 - DVTT: Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT) / thrombophlebitis
 - EXCS: Extremity compartment syndrome
 - FAIL: Graft/prosthesis/flap failure
 - MYCI: Myocardial infarction
 - INFE: Organ/space surgical site infection
 - PNEU: Pneumonia
 - PEMB: Pulmonary embolism
 - SCVA: Stroke / ĆVA
 - SINF: Superficial surgical site infection
 - UINT: Unplanned intubation
 - OTHR: OTHER COMPLICATIONS EXIST not on this list
 - NEW for 2011 forward:
 - UNTI: Urinary Tract Infection
 - CRBI: Catheter-Related Blood Stream Infection
 - OSTM: Osteomyelitis
 - UROR: Unplanned return to the OR
 - UICU: Unplanned return to the ICU
 - SSEP: Severe sepsis
- Appendix A1 Reporting Facility List

- Updated reporting facility list to include any new reporting hospitals, as of April 2011.
- Appendix E EMS Agency List
 - Added EMS Air Agencies TAB019
 - Added Ground Transport Agency TGCON087
 - Added First Responder Agencies FRN0201 & FRN0202. Changed text name for code FRN0080 to Northern AZ Cons. FD (was Hualapai Valley Fire Dist.)
 - First Responder code FRN0152 was archived, as Sonoita-Elgin now has a CON and was assigned EMS Transporter number TGCON087
- Appendix F Hospital/Destination List
 - Added Hospital MED4239
 - Added Hospital MED4420
 - Added Hospital MED4382
 - Added Hospital MED4346
 - Added Hospital MED4160
 - Added Hospital UNK0067
- Revision 6 2/1/2012 Data Dictionary version number was updated to 1.7 to reflect the following changes:
- "Alternate Home Residence" (Demographics)
 - NTDB updated text "Migrant" to "Migrant Worker". ASTR accepted this text change. Reporting code is the same.
- "Co-morbid Conditions" (Demographics)
 - NTDB added DEMENTIA to the list of national complications for 2012 data forward.
 - NTDB added DRUGABUSE to the list of national complications for 2012 data forward.
 - NTDB added PSYCH to the list of national complications for 2012 data forward.
 - NTDB added PREHOSPCARDIAC to the list of national complications for 2012 data forward.
 - IMPAIRSENS was retired from list for 2012 data forward.
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "Advanced directive limiting care (DNR)" replaced original text "Do Not Resuscitate (DNR) status".
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "Currently receiving chemotherapy for cancer" replaced original text "Chemotherapy for cancer within 30 days."
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "Chronic renal failure" replaced original text "Currently requiring or on dialysis".
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "History of myocardial infarction" replaced original text "History of myocardial infarction within past 6 months".
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "History of PVD" replaced original text "History of revascularization / amputation for PVD".

ASTR accepted these changes (per TRUG & Program Managers) for ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 1/1/2012 forward:

- "Initial Field Respiratory Rate" (Prehospital)
 - Respiratory Rate constraint values were updated, per NTDS. RR cannot be >99 if age >=6; RR cannot be >120 if age<6.
- "Initial Field GCS" (Prehospital)

- Added data entry instructions from NTDB Data Dictionary regarding documentation and scoring.
- "System Access(Inclusion)" (Prehospital)
 - Per TEPI, Inclusion Criteria 1B was updated for 2012 data forward to: Level III or IV: Injury Transfer by EMS to other acute care (INTERF_TRNSFR2012)
 - Previous 2008-2011 1B criteria: "Acute care injury transfer in or out of your facility by EMS" (INTERF_TRNSFR).
- "ED/Hospital Respiratory Rate" (ED/Trauma)
 - Respiratory Rate constraint values were updated, per NTDS. RR cannot be >99 if age >=6; RR cannot be >120 if age<6.
- "ED/Hospital Initial GCS" (ED/Trauma)
 - Added data entry instructions from NTDB Data Dictionary regarding documentation and scoring.
- "ED/Hospital Initial GCS Qualifier" (ED/Trauma)
 - NTDB added new paralytic options to required list. Picklist choices A through H were added to accommodate new options.
- "Procedures Performed (ICD-9-CM)" (Discharge)
 - For 2012 data, NTDB updated the minimum required procedures list to be entered for trauma patients.
- Added Appendix H1-A to ASTR data dictionary listing the national required procedures for 2012 data.
- Special note was added to clarify data entry of blood products.
- ASTR accepted these requirements (per TRUG & Program Managers) for ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 1/1/2012 forward:
 - Hospitals may enter any additional procedures needed at their institution, as NTDB list is the minimum.
- "Hospital Complications" (Discharge)
 - NTDB made changes to the national Hospital Complications List for 2012 data.
 - ASTR accepted the new Hospital Complications list (per TEPI) for ED/Hospital Arrival Dates 1/1/2011 forward.
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "Acute kidney injury / Acute renal failure" replaced original text "Acute renal failure."
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "Acute lung injury/Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS)" replaced original text Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS).
- Appendix A1 Reporting Facility List
 - Updated reporting facility list to include any new reporting hospitals, as of February 2012.
- Appendix E EMS Agency List
 - Added Air Agencies TAB020, TAB021, TAB022.
 - Archived TGCON028 and FRT0028 Agency no longer in service.
 - Archived TGCON042- No longer CON provider.
 - Archived TGCON070- No longer CON provider.
 - Added First Responder Agencies-FRN203, FRN0204, FRN0205, FRN0206, FRN0207, FRN0208, FRN0209, FRN0210, FRN0211,
 - FRN0212, FRN0213, FRN0214, FRN0215.
 - Added Ground Transport Agency TGCON088.
- Appendix F Hospital/Destination List
 - Text change for MED0257: "University of AZ Medical Center-UNIVERSITY CAMPUS (was UMC)"

- Text change for MED2863: "University of AZ Medical Center-SOUTH CAMPUS (was UPH Kino)"
- Text change for MED3005: "Tsehootsooi Medical Center Ft Defiance"
- Facility Closed archived MED4382
- Facility Closed archived MED4160
- Added MED4433 as new stand-alone ER
- Added MED4578 as new stand-alone ER
- Text change for MED2640: updated text to include city: "West Valley Hospital (Goodyear)"
- Added new hospital MED4766 "Florence Hospital"
- Text change for MED4346: updated text :"Florence Hospital" to "Florence Community Healthcare"

Revision 7 - 1/24/2013 - Data Dictionary version number was updated to 1.8 to reflect the following changes:

- "Co-morbid Conditions" (Demographics)
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "History of angina within 30 days" replaced original text "History of angina within past 1 month".
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "Pre-hospital cardiac arrest with resuscitative efforts by healthcare provider" replaced original text "Pre-hospital cardiac arrest with CPR".
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "History of PVD" replaced original text "History of revascularization / amputation for PVD".
- "System Access(Inclusion)" (Prehospital)
 - Per TEPI advisory committee, Inclusion Criteria inter-facility 1B criteria were updated back to the 2008-2011 criteria.
 - 2008-2011 and 2013 forward: "Acute care injury transfer in or out of your facility by EMS" (INTERF_TRNSFR).
 - 2012 only Level III or IV: Injury Transfer by EMS to other acute care (INTERF_TRNSFR2012)
- All Initial ED/Hospital Vital Signs national data entry clarification added. The following data entry instructions were added to all initial ED/Hospital vital signs, to be consistent with NTDB 2013 dictionary:
 - First recorded vitals should be within 30 minutes or less of ED/hospital arrival. Please note that first recorded hospital vitals do not need to be from the same assessment.
- "ED/Hospital Initial Height" new reporting field for NTDB and ASTR 2013 - Full Data set hospitals only
- "ED/Hospital Initial Weight" new reporting field for NTDB and ASTR 2013 - Full Data set hospitals only
- "Transfer Delays" new reporting field for ASTR 2013 Level III and IV Trauma Centers only
- "Hospital Complications" (Discharge)
 - NTDB text change (no code change): "Cardiac arrest with resuscitative efforts by healthcare provider" replaced original text "Cardiac Arrest with CPR".
- Appendix A1 Reporting Facility List
 - Updated reporting facility list to include any new reporting hospitals, as of January 2013.
- Appendix F Hospital/Destination List

- Facility Closed MED4346 option not archived yet as closure happened in 2012 and code may still be needed for 2012 data entry
- Added: MED4707, MED4535, MED4469
- Text change for MED2944: now "Oro Valley Hospital". Original text was "Oro Valley Hospital (Northwest Medical Center Oro Valley)"
- Appendix I ASTR Trauma Patient Inclusion Definition
 - Per TEPI advisory committee, Inclusion Criteria inter-facility 1B criteria were updated back to the 2008-2011 criteria.
 - 2008-2011 and 2013 forward: "Acute care injury transfer in or out of your facility by EMS" (INTERF_TRNSFR).
 - 2012 only Level III or IV: Injury Transfer by EMS to other acute care (INTERF_TRNSFR2012)
- Appendix J 2008-2013 ASTR Data Elements List
 - Updated list to include 2013 ASTR reporting changes
- Revision 8 7/22/2013 Data Dictionary version number was updated to 1.9 to reflect the following changes:
- Data Dictionary re-written to Word format;
- Appendices removed:
 - Appendix H removed; refer to the data dictionary on the <u>NTDS</u> website for NTDS definitions and coding ranges for Co-morbid conditions and Complications.
 - Appendix H1-A1 removed; refer to the data dictionary on the <u>NTDS website</u> for NTDS glossary of terms.
 - Appendix H1-A2 removed; refer to the data dictionary on the <u>NTDS website</u> for NTDS calculation of ICU and Ventilator Days.
 - Appendix H1-B removed; refer to the data dictionary on the <u>NTDS website</u> for NTDS glossary of terms.
 - Appendix H2-A, H2-A1 and H2-B removed; refer to the data dictionary on the <u>NTDS website</u> for NTDS required hospital procedures.
 - Appendix I removed, please find the ASTR Inclusion Criteria at the beginning of this document or on the <u>ASTR</u> website.
 - Appendix J removed, please find the list of data elements on the <u>ASTR</u> website.
 - Appendix K removed, refer to the data dictionary on the <u>NTDS</u> website for NTDS occupation definitions.

Revision 9 - 2014 - Data Dictionary version number was updated to 2.0 to reflect the following changes:

- "ICD-9 Primary E-Code" (AZ-Injury)
 - NTDB field name change (no code change): "ICD-9 Primary External Cause Code" replaced original text "ICD-9 Primary E-Code ". Throughout this field, 'E-code' has been replaced with 'External cause code'.
- "ICD-9 Primary E-Code" (AZ-Injury)
 - NTDB field name change (no code change): "ICD-9 Primary External Cause Code" replaced original text "ICD-9 Primary E-Code ". Throughout this field, 'E-code' has been replaced with 'External cause code'.
- "Report of Physical Abuse" (AZ-Injury)
 - New Field for NTDB and ASTR 2014 Full and Reduced Data set hospitals

- "Investigation of Physical Abuse" (AZ-Injury)
 - New Field for NTDB and ASTR 2014 Full and Reduced Data set hospitals
- "Caregiver at Discharge" (AZ-Injury)
 - New Field for NTDB and ASTR 2014 Full and Reduced Data set hospitals
- $\circ~$ Added MED5410, Sonoran Health and Emergency Center, as new stand-alone ER (April, 2014)
- Added Picklist items to Discharge Disposition (April, 2014):
 - COURT/LAW Discharge/Transfer to court/law enforcement
 - INPATIENT REHAB Discharge/Transfer to Inpatient Rehab
 - LTCH Discharge/Transfer to Long Term Care Hosp
 - PSYCHIATRIC Discharge/Transfer to psychiatric hosp or unit
 - OTHER INSTITUTION Discharge/Transfer to other institution (2014 Forward)
- Revision 10 2015 Data Dictionary version number was updated to 2.1 to reflect the following changes:
 - Revisions to Co-morbid Conditions (Demographics)
 - Added: "Attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADD/ADHD)";
 - Retired: "Ascites within 30 days";
 - Retired: "Esophageal varices";
 - Retired: "Obesity";
 - Retired: "Prehospital cardiac arrest with resuscitative efforts by healthcare provider";
 - Updated: "Cerebrovascular accident (CVA)";
 - Updated: "Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)";
 - Updated: "Drug use disorder";
 - Field Added (Prehospital)
 - Added: "Pre-hospital Cardiac Arrest" (Y/N);
 - Revisions to Trauma Criteria Picklist (Prehospital)
 - Added: "For adults > 65; SBP <110";
 - Updated: "Glasgow Coma Score <=13";
 - Revisions to ED Discharge Disposition (ED/Trauma)
 - Updated: "Deceased/expired";
 - Revisions to Hospital Discharge Disposition (Discharge)
 - Updated: "Deceased/expired";
 - Updated: "Discharged to home or self-care (routine discharge);
 - Revisions to Complications (Discharge)
 - Updated: "Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS)";
 - Updated: "Unplanned admission to the ICU";
 - Revisions to Primary Method of Payment (Financial)

- Retired: "No Fault Automobile";
- Retired: "Blue Cross/Blue Shield";
- Added TGCON091 American Medical Response of Maricopa as a transporter;

• Added MED5829, Dignity Health – Arizona General Hospital;

Revision 11 - 2016 - Data Dictionary version number was updated to 2.2 to reflect the following changes:

- Remove Inclusion Criteria this document is posted separately
- o on the <u>ASTR Website</u>
- Remove Appendix A1 the Reporting facility list is posted on the ASTR Website
- Revision to Age Units Picklist (Demographics)
 - Added: I. 'Minutes';
 - (AZ-Injury)
 - Injury Location External Cause Code ICD-10;
 - Primary Injury External Cause Code ICD-10;
 - (AZ-Diagnoses)
 - Injury Diagnoses ICD-10;

Revision 12 - 2017 - Data Dictionary version number was updated to 2.3 to reflect the following changes:

- (AZ-Toxicology)
 - Substances:
 - Added Ecstasy;
 - Added Methadone;
 - Added Methamphetamine;
 - Added Oxycodone;
 - Added Trycyclic antidepressant;

Revision 13 – 2018 Data Dictionary version number was updated to 2.4 to reflect the following changes as a result of new Trauma Rules effective January 1, 2018:

- (Demographics Patient Info)
 - Add new required data elements:
 - City of Residence;
 - State of Residence;
 - Zip Code of Residence
 - County of Residence;
- (Injury/Prehosp)

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- Add new required data elements:
 - Injury details;
 - Child Restraint detail;
 - Airbag Deployment;
- o (ED/Admit)
 - Add new required data elements:
 - Complete Trauma Team Arrival Time;
 - Pulse Rate;
 - Respiratory Rate;
 - Oxygen Saturation;
 - Systolic Blood Pressure;
 - Temperature;
 - Units of Temperature;
 - Temperature Route;
 - Respiratory Assistance;

- Supplemental Oxygen;
- GCS Eye Opening;
- GCS Verbal Response;
- GCS Motor Response;
- GCS Qualifier;
- Intubated;
- Paralytic;
- Revised Trauma Score;
- ED Discharge Transport Agency;
- ED Reason for Transfer;
- Inpatient Discharge Transport Agency;
- Inpatient Reason for Transfer;

Data Entry Clarification 7/25/2018 – Toxicology Section

 Update the definition of Alcohol Use Indicator and Drug Use Indicator to include this verbiage, consistent with NTDB: 'First recorded results within 24 hours after the first hospital encounter.'

Prehospital Section 7/25/2018:

- Update to Triage Criteria, consistent with CDC field triage variables:
 - Add: PENETRATING INJURY;
 - Add: AUTO BICYCLE PEDESTRIAN;
 - Retire: AUTO BICYCLE;
 - Retire: AUTO PEDESTRIAN;
 - Retire: PENETRATING HEAD;
 - Retire: PENETRATING NECK;
 - Retire: PENETRATING TORSO;
 - Retire: PENETRATING EXTREMITY;
 - Retire: TIME SENS EXT INJ;
 - Retire: ENDSTAGE RENAL;

Revision 14 – 2019 Data Dictionary version number was updated to 2.5 to reflect the following changes:

- In Pre-hospital Section, update data element P3_02 Triage Criteria to match NTDB requirements for collection of these data.
 - Update the definition of Triage Criteria as follows: Indicates the ACS CDC triage criteria that apply to this patient and injury event, per available EMS and hospital documentation run sheet(s) for patients transported via EMS from the injury scene. Multiple entry pick list. Select all that apply.
 - Remove bullet:
 - "High-risk crash: Other criteria NOT listed" should only be selected if the other highrisk crash criteria on this list do not apply.
 - Retire the following picklist items:
 - OTHER HIGH RISK CRASH;
 - AGE > 55 YRS;
 - CHILDREN;
 - OTHER EMS PROTOCOL;

- Update NTDB data element correlations 1/01/2019
 - I2_04a: ICD-10 Place of Occurrence External Cause Code correlates to NTDB element I_07;
 - I2_06: ZIP Code of Injury Incident Location correlates to NTDB element I_09;
 - I2_08: City of Injury Incident Location correlates to NTDB element I_13;
 - I2_09: County of Injury Incident Location correlates to NTDB element I_12;
 - I2_10: State of Injury Incident Location correlates to NTDB element I_11;
 - I2_13a: ICD-10 Primary External Cause Code correlates to NTDB element I_06;
 - I2_21: Protective Devices correlates to NTDB element I_14;
 - I2_22: Child Specific Restraint Details correlates to NTDB element I_15;
 - I2_23: Airbag Deployment Details correlates to NTDB element I_16;
 - I2_29: Report of Physical Abuse correlates to NTDB element I_17;
 - I2_30: Investigation of Physical Abuse correlates to NTDB element I_18;
 - I2_31: Caregiver at Discharge correlates to NTDB element I_19;
 - ED5_03: ED Exit Date does not map to NTDB;
 - ED5_04: ED Exit Time does not map to NTDB;
 - ED5_08: Signs of Life correlates to NTDB element ED_21
 - ED5_09: ED Discharge Disposition correlates to NTDB element ED_20;
 - D7_05: Hospital Discharge Date does not map to NTDB;
 - D7_06: Hospital Discharge Time does not map to NTDB;
 - T6_01: Alcohol Use Indicator correlates to NTDB element ED_18;
 - T6_03: Drug Use Indicator correlates to NTDB element ED_17;
 - I8_11: ICD-10-CM Injury Diagnosis Code(s) correlates to NDTB element DG_02;
- Correct I2_12 Trauma Type
 - Correct Burn picklist value to N
- Clarify definition of I2_13a: ICD-10 Primary External Cause Code to include valid codes.

Revision 15 – 2020 Data Dictionary version number was updated to 2.6 to reflect the following changes:

- Effective 1/1/2020:
 - NTDS retired data element I2_29 Report of Physical Abuse; ASTR will continue to collect;
 - NTDS is no longer collecting data element I2_30 Investigation of Physical Abuse; ASTR will continue to collect;

- NTDS is no longer collecting data element I2_31 Caregiver at Discharge; ASTR will continue to collect;
- NTDS is no longer collecting data element ED5_08 Signs of Life; ASTR will continue to collect;
- Update Appendix A2;
- Remove Appendix B AZ City of Residence List;
- Remove Appendix C ASTR State of Residence List;
- Remove Appendix D ASTR Country of Residence List;
- Remove Appendix E ASTR EMS Agency List;
- Remove Appendix F ASTR Hospital List;

Revision 16 – 2021 Data Dictionary was updated to reflect the following changes:

- Effective 1/1/2021:
 - Under Gender
 - Add picklist item NON-BINARY;
- Effective 8/1/2023:
 - Transfer Delays picklist updated
 - Added Bed Availability
- Effective 8/31/2023:
 - Substance picklist updated
 - Fentanyl