Cystic Fibrosis Newborn Screening (CF NBS)
Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

1. What is a “positive CF NBS” and what does it mean?
   
   It means that the immunoreactive trypsinogen assay (IRT) tested above the 97.8%ile or the day of the test. This triggered DNA analysis for 46 common CF genes in our population. That test was positive for at least 1 CF gene mutation. **This test is only done on the first sample.**

2. Does that mean my patient has CF?
   
   That means that child possesses at least 1 common gene for CF gene mutation. It also means one of their parents also must carry the gene. Your patient is at least a carrier of one CF gene mutation.

3. I thought you needed 2 gene mutations to have CF?
   
   This is true. CF is an autosomal recessive disease. **A child could have one common CF gene mutation and one uncommon CF gene mutation.** Only the common CF gene mutation would be detected in the newborn screen. This panel of 46 common CF gene mutations accounts for about 92% of CF disease. At this time there are over 1400 known CF gene mutations. That’s why the positive NBS needs further evaluation.

4. Why don’t we just send a genetic test for DNA?
   
   Unless you test for all the genes with expanded testing (which takes weeks and is very expensive) you will not have a definitive answer. Sometimes after the genetics are obtained the answers still remain unclear. The patient may have a new novel gene mutation and may even involve testing other family members as well. It is an expensive process that can delay an accurate diagnosis.

5. So the patient has a +NBS; what should I do now?
   
   At a minimum the child needs to obtain a sweat chloride test at a qualified testing center facility. Currently, those centers are at Phoenix Children’s Hospital and Saint Joseph’s Hospital in Phoenix and University Medical Center in Tucson.

6. What will happen at the NBS clinic visit?
   
   After you receive a call from the CF center regarding the +NBS, a test can be arranged, including follow up management of the patient and testing. The child may be seen at the time of the sweat chloride exam. During this visit the child is assessed for early subtle signs of CF. The family is also given accurate information about CF and given genetic counseling for family regarding the CF gene mutation. This service includes information back to your office about the testing and any further implications for your patient and their family. Providing accurate and rapid testing for your patient and information to you and your patient’s family will follow.
Please have your referral coordinator obtain an authorization for both a visit/consultation and testing. The ICD-9 code is 796.6.

7. If a child had a positive CF NBS what should we do about a sibling?

The CF NBS in Arizona started in 10/07. If a child has a + NBS for CF, any siblings that have not been previously screened (because they were born before Arizona began screening or were born in a state that didn’t screen for CF) should have a sweat chloride.

8. Does the NBS detect all CF patients?

CF NBS detection rate is about 92%. *Meaning 8% of children could be lost to care through a variety of reasons.* The program detailed above is an attempt to limit some of the extraneous factors causing a delay to diagnosis or misinformation about CF.

9. Now that there is a CF NBS can I take CF out of a patient differential diagnosis?

Absolutely not, as mentioned above CF NBS could miss 8% of diagnoses. This means that any child with, for example, failure to thrive, recurrent pneumonia, chronic diarrhea or malabsorption it should be left high in the differential. *

10. If I have further questions who can I call?

• Pediatric CF and NBS director at Phoenix Children’s Hospital, Department of Pediatric Pulmonology (602) 546-0985.

• Dr. Wayne Morgan, Tucson Cystic Fibrosis Center at (520) 626-7780.

• A pediatric pulmonologist of your choice

Another source of accurate information regarding CF is the Cystic Fibrosis Foundation at [www.CFF.org](http://www.CFF.org).

*Thanks to Dana Valletta from PCH CF Center for creating this valuable resource. She can be reached at 602-546-0985*