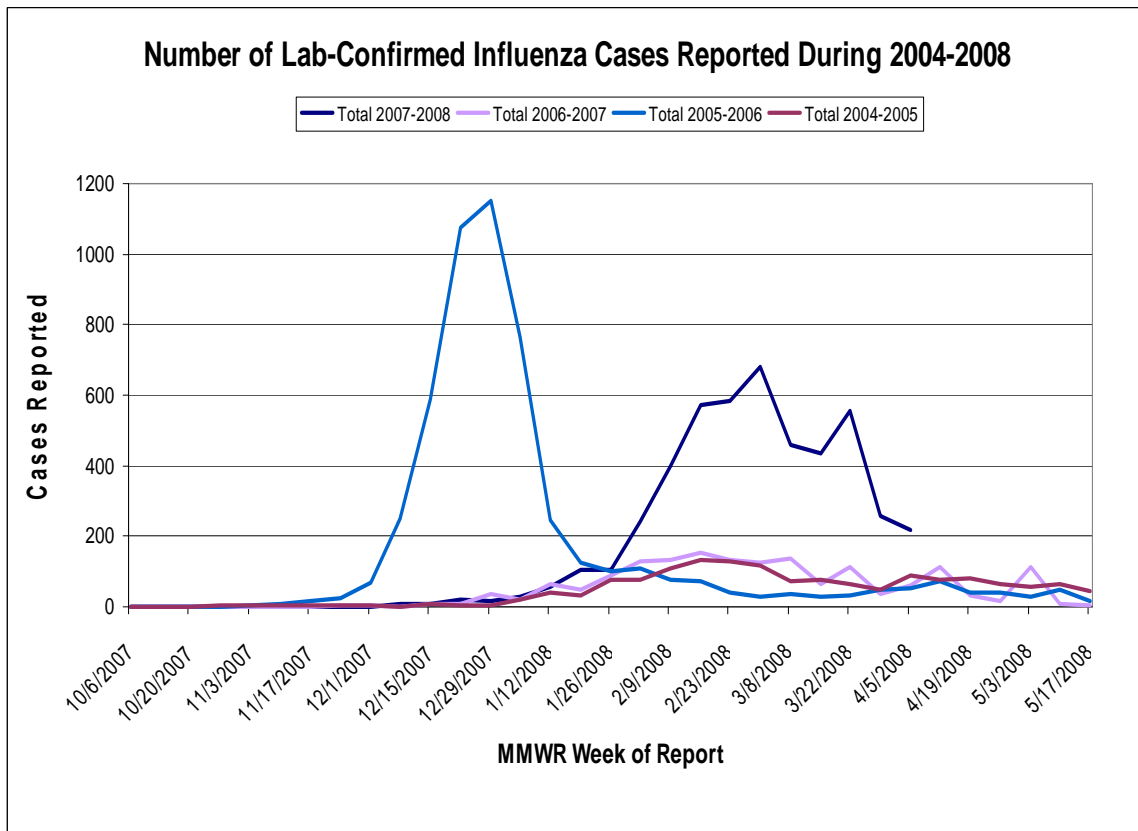


Weekly Influenza Summary:

Arizona’s influenza activity level declined to “regional” activity for the week ending 3/30/08 (week 13). During the 2007-2008 influenza season, 4,741 lab-confirmed cases have been reported from all fifteen counties in Arizona. One pediatric influenza-associated death was reported to ADHS during week 13. This is the first pediatric influenza-associated death in Arizona for the 2007-2008 influenza season. The influenza-like-illness rate is above the state baseline for week 12.

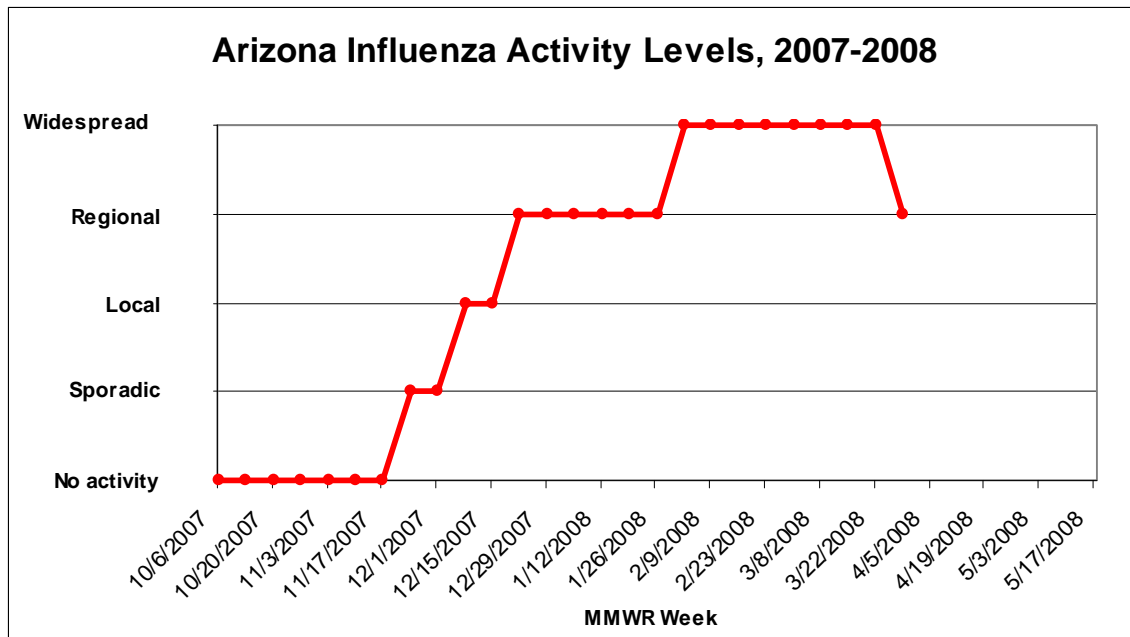
Data in this report are provisional and may change as more reports are received.

National influenza surveillance data are available at the CDC’s Influenza Surveillance site (<http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivity.htm>).



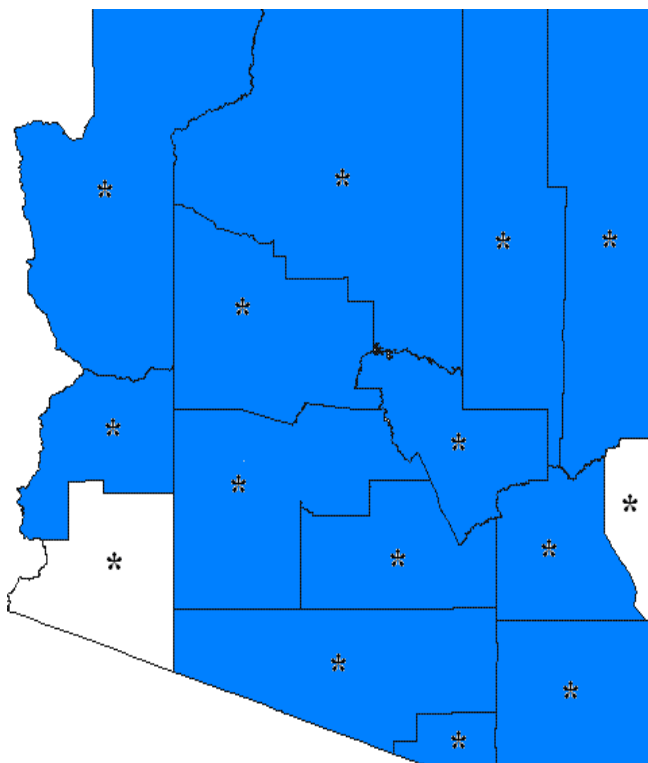
Arizona Influenza Activity Levels:

The graph below shows the influenza activity levels reported to the CDC for this season only. CDC has changed the reporting criteria for state activity levels so Arizona’s data from previous seasons are no longer directly comparable to the current season. For week 13, Arizona reported “regional” activity. Definitions of these reporting categories can be found at <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivity.htm>.



Laboratory-Confirmed Influenza Activity by County:

Arizona laboratories report positive influenza tests to ADHS. The positive cases are counted by the county of residence.



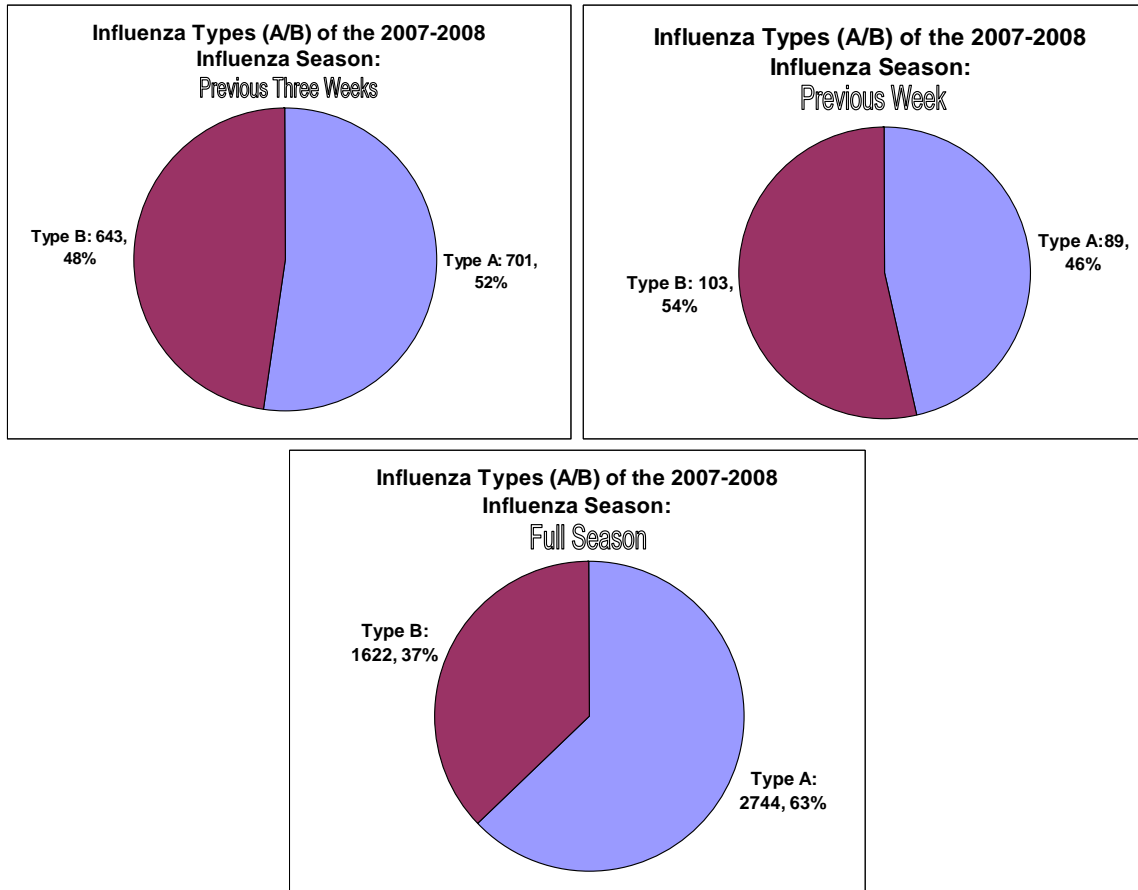
Key:

- * = Any activity reported this season
- Blue = Activity reported in past three weeks
- White = No activity reported in past three weeks

County	Number of Laboratory-Confirmed Cases		
	2007-2008 Season	Last Week	Last 3 Weeks
Apache	55	4	23
Cochise	88	2	74
Coconino	482	2	26
Gila	22	4	10
Graham	376	3	22
Greenlee	3	0	0
La Paz	3	2	2
Maricopa	2528	193	783
Mohave	118	3	24
Navajo	162	1	12
Pima	783	1	26
Pinal	53	0	12
Santa Cruz	24	1	10
Yavapai	41	0	4
Yuma	2	0	0
Unknown	1	0	0
Total	4741	216	1028

Laboratory Surveillance:

Arizona laboratories report positive influenza tests to ADHS.

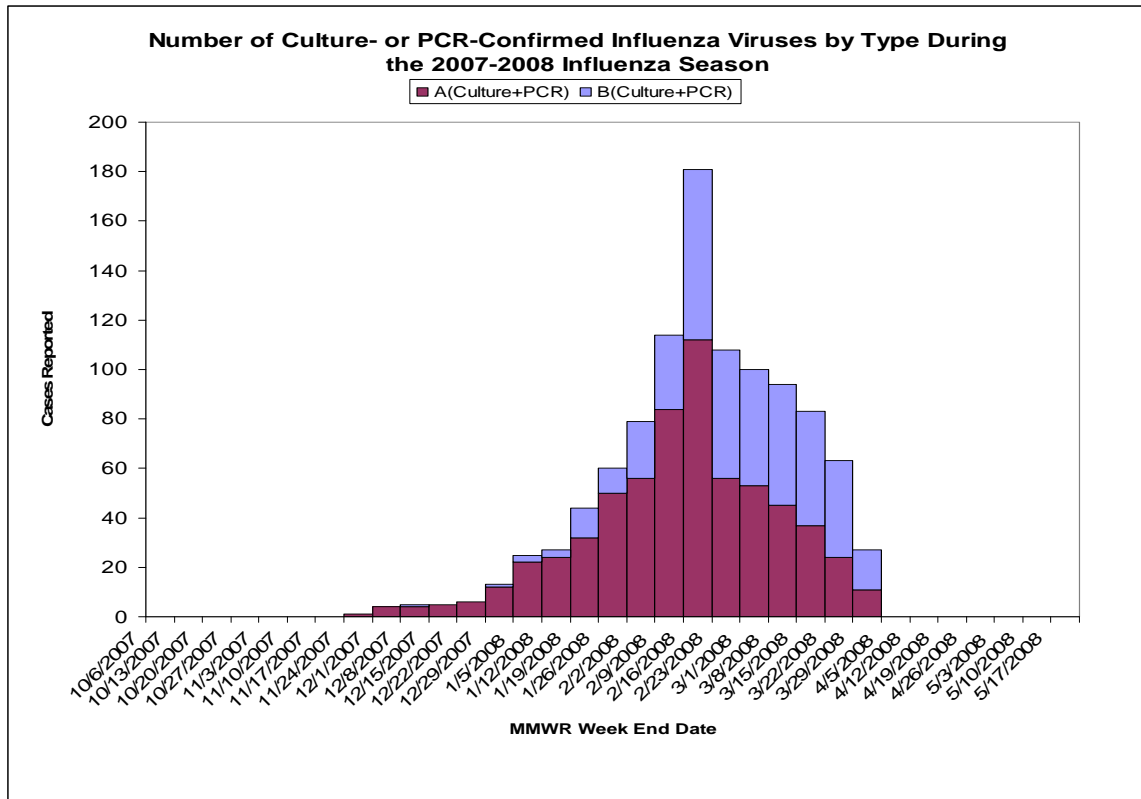


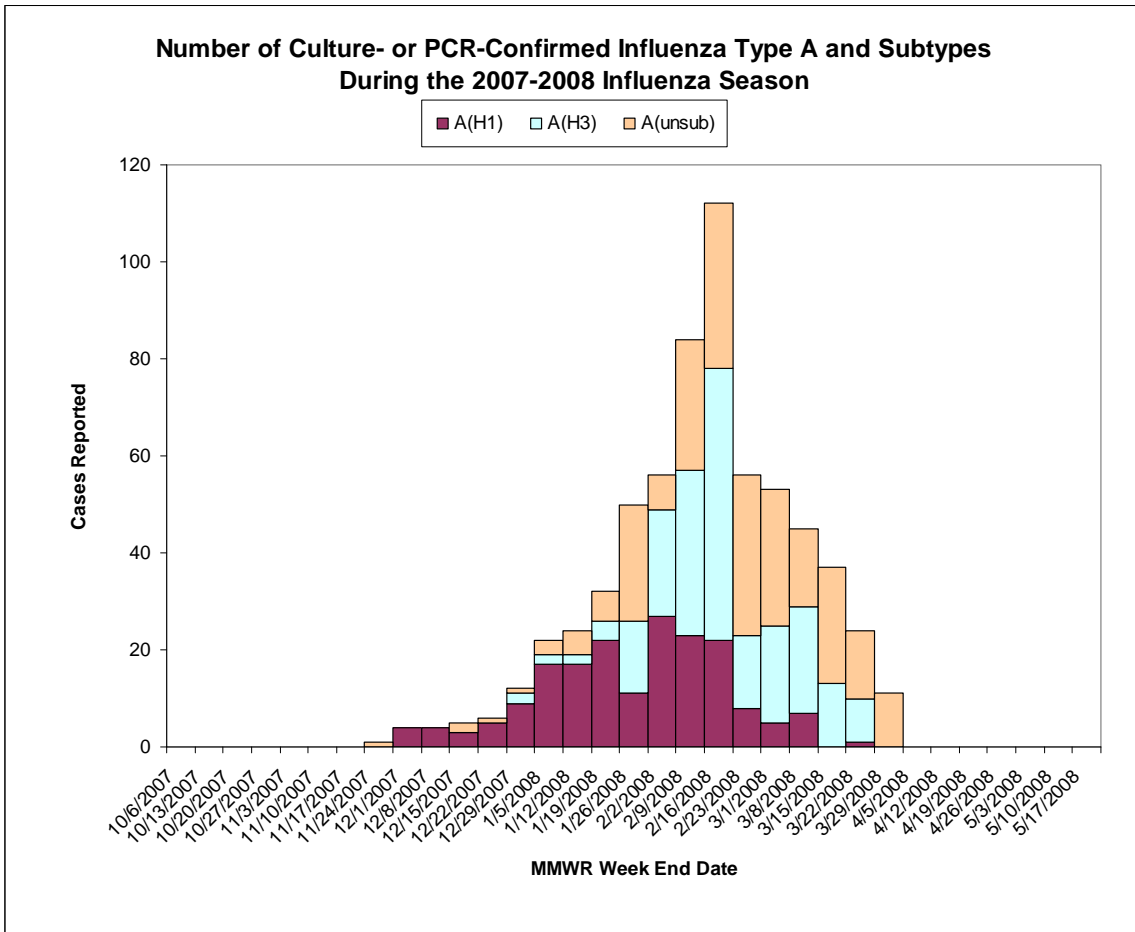
Subtyping – Culture or PCR Results:

Viral isolation (culture) and polymerase chain reaction (PCR) may provide further information about the circulation of influenza viruses. For influenza A, the subtype (e.g. H1 or H3) can be determined by a test called hemagglutination inhibition (HI) using viral isolates. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) can also be used to identify influenza B and the hemagglutinin (H) component of influenza A.

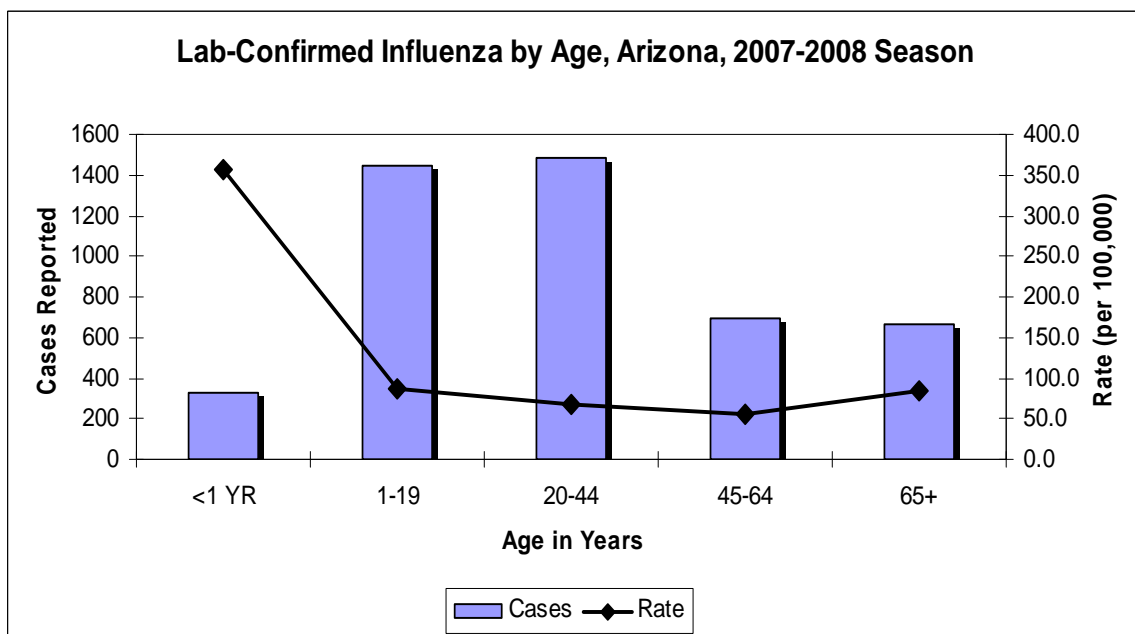
	2007-2008 Influenza Season			
	Season Types	Culture or PCR Results: Season	Last Week Types	Culture or PCR Results: Last Week
Total	4741	1039	216	27
Influenza A	2744	638	89	11
A/H1	0	91	0	0
A/H1N1	0	94	0	1
A/H3	0	204	0	9
A/H3N2	0	12	0	0
A/Unsub	0	237	0	11
Influenza B	1622	401	103	16
B/Malaysia	0	0	0	0
B/Shanghai	0	119	0	0
B/Unsub	0	282	0	16
Unknown	375	0	24	0

The following graphs explain further the culture- or PCR-confirmed influenza cases during the 2007-2008 influenza season.





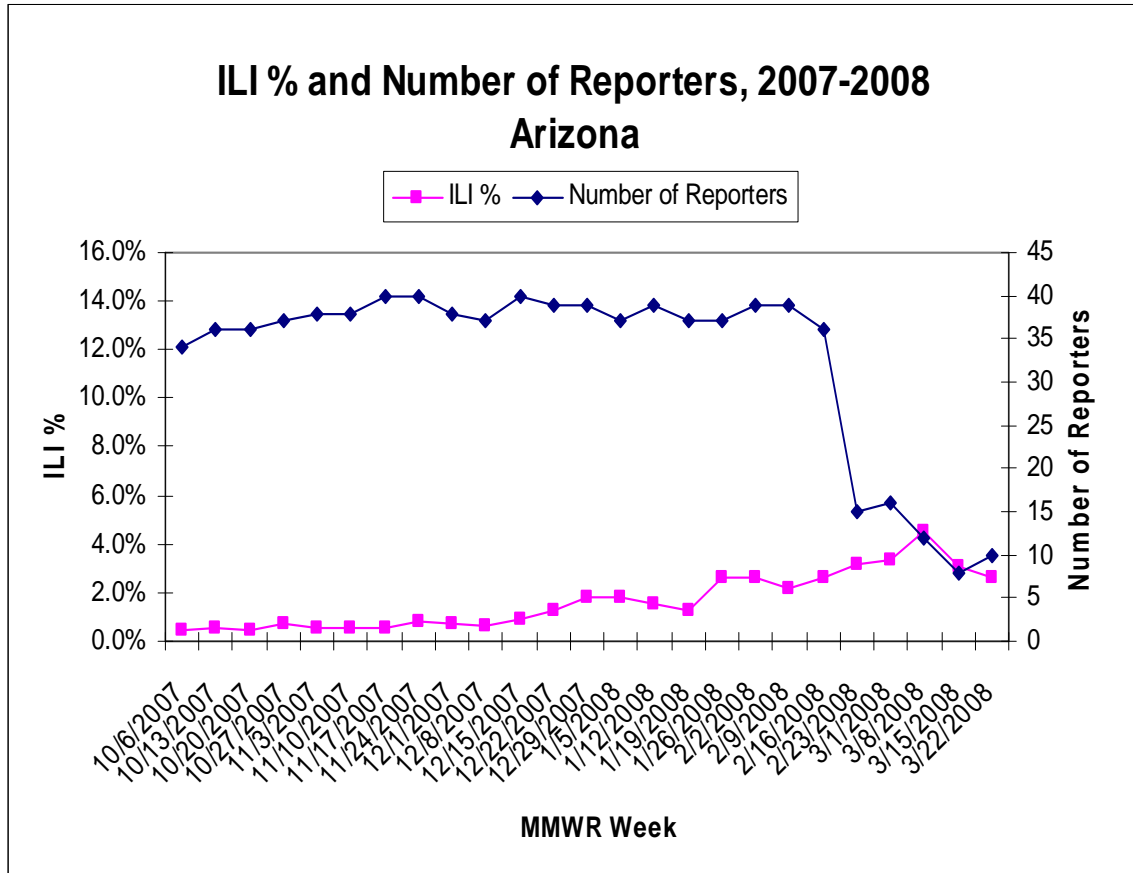
Age groups of reported cases range from less than one year to over 65 years.



Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Surveillance from Sentinel Providers

The proportion of patient visits to sentinel providers for ILI in the state was 2.6% for the week ending 3/22/2008 (week 12). This proportion is much higher than the Arizona ILI baseline (0.5%). As of 3/31/08, 10 sentinel providers reported by the end of week 11.

ILI is defined as a fever of at least 100°F plus either a cough or a sore throat.

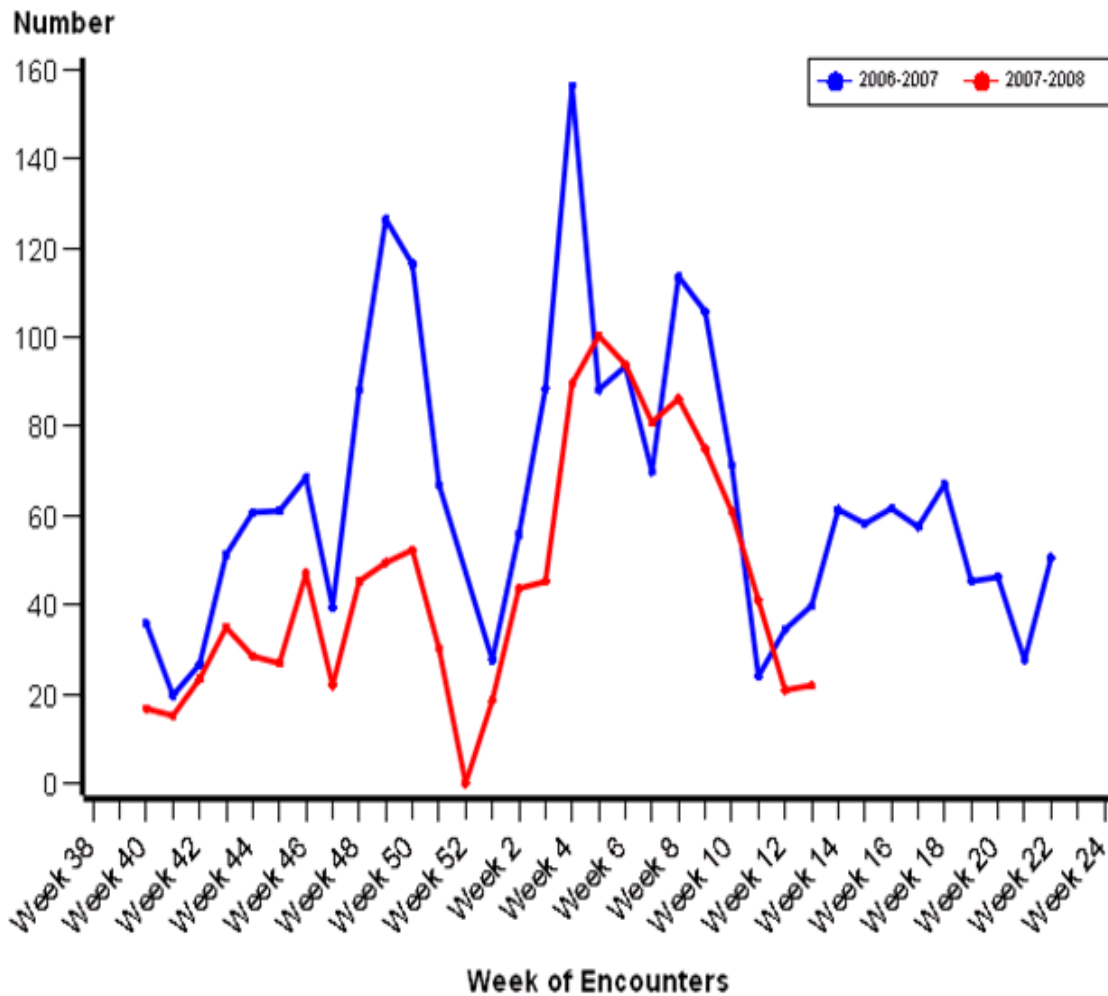


Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Surveillance from Participating Arizona Schools

ADHS and the Arizona School Nurse Consortium developed and implemented a software program called Child Health Indicator Program (CHIP) to assist school nurses in electronic management of student health records. Currently, nurses in 340 Arizona schools use the software to collect information on student health conditions for 266 nursing diagnosis codes, including influenza-like illness (ILI), rash, and gastrointestinal illness (GI).

The graph presents the weekly trend of ILI syndromes reported among students during the school years of 2006-2007 and 2007-2008. The number of school nurse encounters are not diagnosed cases of communicable diseases but are based on the nursing codes that school nurses enter to track student conditions. Also, the numbers in the graph are only from schools that used CHIP during the school year.

Influenza-Like Illness Per School Enrollment in Arizona (per 100,000)

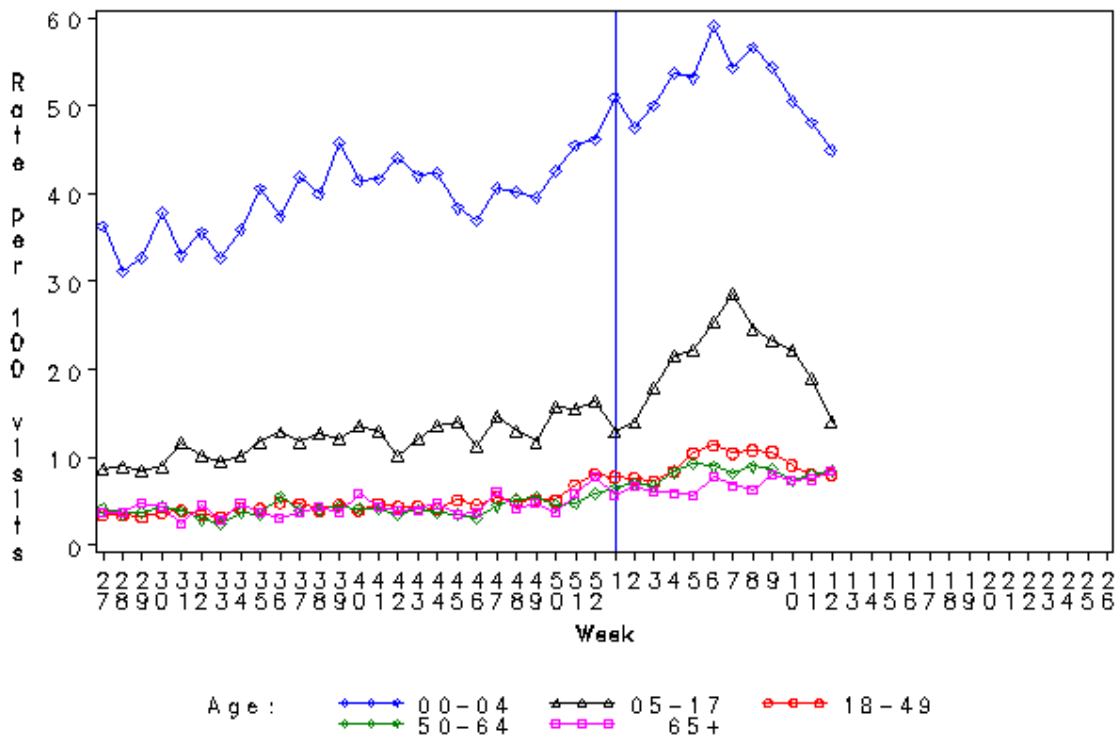


Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Surveillance from Biosense

BioSense is a national, real-time biosurveillance system that can be used for early event detection and health situational awareness. Currently, eight hospitals in Arizona submit data including patient chief complaint, physician diagnosis, supporting patient demographic data, daily hospital census to BioSense on daily basis. More information on BioSense can be found at <http://www.cdc.gov/biosense/>.

The graphs are time series analysis results based on BioSense emergency department chief complaint data in Arizona. The lines in the graph are the rate of Flu-Fever-Cough cases per 100 visits by age group.

**BioSense Hospitals Emergency Department Chief Complaint Data, Flu-Fever-Cough
Arizona
Season 2007-2008**



RSV Activity in Arizona:

As of 3/31/2008, 2,234 lab-confirmed cases have been reported. There were 49 new cases of RSV were reported during week 13.

