AMBULANCE REVENUE and COST REPORT FIRE DISTRICT and SMALL RURAL COMPANY

Arizona Department of Health Services Annual Ambulance Financial Report

			Elfrida Reporting An				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Address:	P-1	-	10293 N. G	Central High	nway			
City:	<u> </u>		Elfrida		Zip:	Zip: 85610		
			Report Fiscal	Year				
	From:	From: July 1 2018		9	То:	June 30 2019		
		Mo.	Day	Year		Mo.	Day	Year
	that I have dire		reparation of the enclos	sed annual r	eport in acco	rdance with	the reporti	ng
requirements o	of the State of A	Arizona. Preby verify	reparation of the enclos that the information pro accrual basis of accou	ovided is true				
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Mail to:

Department of Health Services Bureau of Emergency Medical Services Certificate of Necessity and Rates Section 150 North 18th Avenue, Suite 540 Phoenix, AZ 85007-3248

Telephone: (602) 364-3150 Fax: (602) 364-3567

06/22/2004 Formula's Excluded

Page 1

AMBULANCE REVENUE AND COST REPORT

FIRE DISTRICT and SMALL RURAL COMPANY

AW	BULANCE SERVICE ENTITY	:		Elfrida F	re District	
FOF	R THE PERIOD F	ROM:	July 1 2018	TO:	June 30 2019	
STA Line	TISTICAL SUPPORT DATA DESCRIPTION		(1) SUBSCRIPTION SERVICE TRANSPORTS	*(2) TRANSPORTS UNDER CONTRACT	(3) TRANSPORTS NOT UNDER CONTRACT	(4) TOTALS
1	Number of ALS Billable Transports:				155	155
2	Number of BLS Billable Transports:				27_	27
3	Number of Loaded Billable Miles:				ī	4,062
4	Waiting Time (Hr. & Min.):			***************************************		
5	Canceled (Non-Billable) Runs:					115
	AMBULANCE SERVICE ROUTIN	NE OPE	RATING REVENUE			
6	ALS Base Rate Revenue				\$	144,726
7	BLS Base Rate Revenue			,		25,221
8	Mileage Charge Revenue					65,292
9	Waiting Charge Revenue					
10	Medical Supplies Charge Revenue					
11	Nurses Charge Revenue					
12	Standby Charge Revenue (A	ttach Sc	chedule)			***************************************
13	TOTAL AMBULANCE SERVICE RO	UTINE (OPERATING REVENUE		(Post to Page 3, Line 1) \$	235,240
	SALARY AND WAGE EXPENSE				·····	
	GROSS WAGES:					** No. of FTE's
14	Management				\$69,102	1.5
15	Paramedics and IEMTs				\$83,813	2.9
16	Emergency Medical Technician (EMT)		nanananananananan		\$25,383	1.0
17	Other Personnel				\$14,747	3.6
18	Payroll Taxes and Fringe Benefits - All Pe	ersonnel	****		\$55,140	
19	Total Wages, Taxes & Benefits		(Sum Lines 14 through 18;	Post to Page 3, Line 10)	\$ 248,183	
					200 00	

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* This column reports only those runs where a contracted discount rate was applied.

** Full-time equivalents (F.T.E.) is the sum of all hours for which employees wages were paid during the year divided by 2080.

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AMBULANCE REVENUE AND COST REPORT FIRE DISTRICT and SMALL RURAL COMPANY

AM	BULANCE SERVICE ENTITY:			ElfridaFire District		
FOR	THE PERIOD	FROM:	July 1 2018	TO: June 30 2019		
SCH	EDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES				_	
Line						
No.	DESCRIPTION					
	Operating Revenues:					
1	Total Ambulance Service Operating Revenue)		(From: Page 2, Line 13)	\$	235,240
	Settlement Amounts:				_	
2	AHCCCS					19,905
3	Medicare				-	40,948
4 5	Subscription Service				V)	,
6	ContractualOther					
7	Total				_	
•	Total			(Sum of Lines 2 through 6)	_	60,853
8	Total Operating Revenue			(Line 1 minus Line 7)	\$_	174,387
	Operating Expenses:					
9	Bad Debt				e e	10 504
10	Total Salaries, Wages, and Employee-Related	Expenses	5	(From: Page 2 Line 19)	φ	12,564 248,183
11	Professional Services			(1 dgo 2, Ellio 10)	-	10,086
12	ravel and Entertainment				-	915
13	Other General Administrative			····		6,417
14	Depreciation				-	0,417
15	Rent / Leasing				-	
16	Building / Station					
17	venicie Expense			***************************************	-	1,065
18	Other Operating Expense		******************			3,124
19	Cost of Medical Supplies Charged to Patients					
20 21					_	69
	2				<u> </u>	
22	Total Operating Expense			(Sum of Lines 9 through 21)		282,423
23	Total Operating Income or (Loss)			(Line 8 minus Line 22)	\$	(108,036)
24	Subscription Contract Sales		********			
25	Other Operating Revenue				9	
26	Local Supportive Funding					
	Other Non-Operating Income (Attach Sche			***************************************	-	
28	Other Non-Operating Expense (Attach Sche	dule)				
29	NET INCOME or (LOSS) Before Income Taxes		(Sum of Lines 23	through 27, minus Line 28)	\$	(108,036)
	Provision for Income Taxes:					
30	Federal Income Tax	1/2	**************************************			
31	State Income Tax				******	
32	Total Income Tax			71.1	-	
••	Al. 1		KE	ECEIVED (Line 30, plus Line 31)		
33 .	Ambulance Service Net Income (Loss)			(Line 29, minus Line 32)		(108,036)

ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Saunders Company, Ltd. 6008 West Cortez Street Glendale, Arizona 85304 Fax 602-926-2431 Phone 623-476-8660

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

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SAUNDERS COMPANY, LTD

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CERTIFIED FRAUD EXAMINER
CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL MANAGER
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International Association of Certified Fraud Examiners Arizona Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Governing Board Elfrida Fire District Elfrida, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Elfrida Fire District, Elfrida, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elfrida Fire District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

6/30/2019

Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Required Supplementary Information and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Arizona Revised Statutes require disclosure of certain additional supplementary information required to comply with section 48-251 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by statute as an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 9, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Saunders Company, Ltd.

Glendale, Arizona January 9, 2020

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Elfrida Fire District P.O. Box 68 Elfrida, AZ 85610 520) 642-3749 or (520) 64

Phone: (520) 642-3749 or (520) 642-1722 Fax: (520) 642-3725

Martin Sierras



Fire Chief

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE DISTRICT JUNE 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of the Elfrida Fire District (the district's) financial performance presents management's overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements which begin immediately following this analysis. This annual financial report consists of two parts, Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) and the Basic Financial Statements.

Nature of Operation s

The Elfrida Fire District provides Fire, Wildland, Ambulance, Paramedic and other minor services to homes, property and persons residing within the District boundaries, as well as services to locations and persons outside the District thru mutual aid agreements and contracts.

Results of Operations

- The Elfrida District had 261 ambulance ALS/BLS ambulance runs, 11 fires and 18 wild land fires, 20 service calls, 5 good intent, 0 hazmat, 3 recues, 11 community events.
- Throughout the 201/2019 year the Elfrida Fire District has had 2 fulltime paramedic, 2 fulltime paramedic/FF, 2 part time paramedic/FF, 2 part time paramedic, 1 Part time paramedic/wildland/firefighter, 5 part time wildland firefighters, 5 part time EMT/wildland/fire fighter, 1 fulltime wildland engine boss, one fulltime bookkeeper. These are all the employees from our district throughout the entire year.
- Health benefits are paid for by the Elfrida Fire District for our "fulltime" employees (20/20.) This fiscal year we have had 4 eligible employees.
- The Elfrida Fire District has a pension/Retirement set up for our "fulltime" employees (20/20.) We had 4 eligible employees who all are on our retirement plan through Arizona State Retirement System.

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- The district performed a Fire Safety/Prevention program for the McNeal and Elfrida Elementary schools, and Double Adobe Elementry.
- The monthly Commodity Distribution Program continues to operate out of our Elfrida Fire District Building.
- The Elfrida Fire District provides stand by emergency services at no cost for public events, such as football, volleyball, basketball, rodeos, etc. The district also has a food drive during Christmas season. The fire district allows the schools to have car washes at the station to raise money for their school. The fire district provides "Fire Engine Noise/Escort Service" for the athletic busses leaving the community for "Playoffs" or "State" games. The district helps with the bon fire and tug of war during homecoming for the high school. The district also participates in the "Trunk-or- treat" and "Fall Festivals" at the Elfrida Elementary and Valley Union High School.
- The district is responsible for maintaining the community park located adjacent to the district's bay.
- The district has been keeping the grass mowed down the sidewalk through the community.
- The district participates in an annual clean the community day.

Financial Highlights

- District investment in capital assets decreased by \$7,466 or 18.22%.
- The District's net position decreased \$33,260 or 50.62% from the previous fiscal year.
- Total revenues increased \$25,939 or 6.56% over the previous fiscal year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted net position for the Governmental Activities was \$(1,052).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government - wide financial statements 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The main purpose of these statements is to provide the reader with sufficient information to assess whether or not the District's overall financial position has improved or deteriorated.

Government - Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with abroad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

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The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, use fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Net Position June 30, 2019

		LANCE 30, 2018	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$	40,967 24,742	\$	33,501 (1,052)
	<u>\$</u>	65,709	\$	32,449

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Elfrida Fire District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$32,449 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery, vehicles, and equipment); less any related debt still outstanding used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to Citizens, consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following page contains a comparative analysis between the current and the prior fiscal year for the government-wide statements.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

Governmental
Activities

	ILUCITACION	
	2018	2019
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 247,816	\$ 211,063
Capital assets	40,967	33,501
Total assets	288,783	244,564
Deferred outflows of resources	27,207	56,842
Current and other liabilities		
Current and other liabilities	14,140	12,419
Long-term liabilities	193,426	214,352
Total liabilities	207,566	226,771
Deferred inflows of resources	42,715	42,186
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	40,967	33,501
Unrestricted	24,742	(1,052)
Total net position	\$ 65,709	\$ 32,449

The unrestricted net position is \$(1,052).

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Governmental Activities

Most of the revenues for the District were derived from assessed property taxes and Fire District Assistance Tax from the County. The department also brings in money through ambulance and wildland.

Governmental Activities net position decreased by \$33,260. Key elements of this decrease are reported below:

Condensed Statement of Activities

	Governmental Activities			
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		
Expenditures: Fire protection and emergency services Total expenditures	\$ 449,861 449,861	\$ 453,584 453,584		
Program Revenues:				
Operating and Capital Grants	3,470	0		
Fees for service	127,148	127,582		
Total program revenues	130,618	<u>127,582</u>		
Net Program Expenditures	319,243	326,002		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	211,909	206,150		
Fire district assistance tax	36,418	37,526		
Interest	39,133	10,551		
Other income	20,851	38,515		
Total general revenues	308,311	292,742		
Change in net position	(10,932)	(33,260)		
Net position, beginning	76,641	65,709		
Net position, ending	\$ 65,709	\$ 32,449		

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Elfrida Fire District stayed within the budget, however some individual budget lines in the Revenue budget were not met. The District budgeted Fees for Service, wildland revenue, interest revenue and grant revenue in anticipation of receiving those amounts. Those amounts were not received during the year resulting in a negative variance within the budget. The District budgets for these items so that if they are received, the District is able to utilize the monies during the Fiscal Year.

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Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

In order to continue to provide the best service possible, the District spends a portion of the budget on fixed asset acquisition and capital projects.

Nothing was spent this fiscal year on Capital Assets.

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation June 30, 2019

Depreciable Assets	BALANCE 06/30/2018	BALANCE 06/30/2019
Vehicles Buildings Building Improvements Equipment, Fire	\$ 509,559 86,895 26,558 319,829	\$ 509,559 86,895 26,558 319,829
Total Historical Costs	942,841	942,841
Less Accumulated Depreciation		
Vehicles Buildings Building Improvements Equipment, Fire	501,364 66,284 17,344 319,829	506,011 68,439 18,008 319,829
Less: Total Accumulated Depreciation	904,821	912,287
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	38,020	30,554
Non-Depreciable Assets		
Land	2,947	2,947
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 40.967	\$ 33,501

Long Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had no outstanding debt.

Factors Affecting Future Results

The District is subject to general economic conditions such as increases or declines in property tax value or other types of revenues that vary with economic conditions.

The District is subject to general economic conditions such as increases or declines in property tax value or other types of revenues that vary with economic conditions. The department hopes to hire more staff and purchase new equipment in order to have better coverage for the district and surrounding areas.

Contacting the District

This financial report is designed to provide an overview of the District's finances for anyone with an interest in the government's finances. Any questions regarding this report or requests for additional information may be directed to Elfrida Fire District at 10293 N. Central Hwy located in Elfrida, Az.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit A

		rnmental tivities
ASSETS		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	100,467
Receivables:		
Ambulance Service Fees, Net of Allowances		21.005
for Doubtful Accounts		31,095
Wildland		2,455 51,766
Property Tax Prepaid Credit Card		10,080
Prepaid Expenses		15,200
Total Capital Assets, Net		33,501
		011.561
Total Assets		244,564
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension (ASRS)		55,292
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	(-	1,550
Total Assets and Outflow of Resources		301,406
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Payroll Taxes Payable		5,869
Wages Payable		2,925
Accounts Payable		1,686
Due in less than one year		
Compensated Absences		1,939
Non Current Liabilities		
Due in more than one year Compensated Absences		7,755
Net Pension Liability		,,
Net Pension Liability Related to Pension (ASRS)		206,408
Net Pension Liability Related to OPEB		189
Total Liabilities		226,771
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension (ASRS)		40,522
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		1,664
Total Liabilities and Inflow of Resources		268,957
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		33,501
Unrestricted		(1,052)
	ø	22.440
Total Net Position	\$	32,449

ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit B

	L'Amoit L	
	Governmental Activities	
EXPENDITURES		
Public Safety - Fire/EMS Protection		
Public Safety	\$	375,383
Administration		70,735
Depreciation		7,466
Total Program Expenditures		453,584
PROGRAM REVENUES		
Fees for Service		127,582
Total Program Revenues		127,582
Net Program Expenditures		326,002
GENERAL REVENUES		
Property Taxes		206,150
Fire District Assistance		37,526
Investment Earnings		10,551
Miscellaneous		38,515
Total General Revenues		292,742
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		(33,260)
NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		65,709
NET POSITION-END OF THE YEAR	\$	32,449

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⁻The Notes to the Financial Statements are an Integral Part of This Statement-

ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit C

	General	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 100,467	
Ambulance Service Fees, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts Wildland Property Taxes	31,095 2,455 51,766 15,200	
Prepaid Expenses Prepaid Credit Card	10,080	
Total Assets	\$ 211,063	
LIABILITIES		
Payroll Taxes Payable Wages Payable Accounts Payable Compensated Absences	\$ 5,869 2,925 1,686 1,939	
Total Liabilities	12,419	
DEFERED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Revenues	51,649	
Deferred Taxes		
Total Liabilities and Inflow of Resources	64,068	
FUND BALANCES		
Assigned Non-Spendable Unassigned	99,324 25,280 22,391	
Total Fund Balances	146,995	RECEIVED
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources & Fund Balances	\$ 211,063	JUL 0 2 2020
-The Notes to the Financial Statements are an Integral Part of Thi	is Statement-	BEMS/CON

ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit D

	General	
REVENUE		
Property Taxes	\$	217,599
Fire District Assistance Tax		37,526
Fees for Service		127,582
Investment Earnings		272
Miscellaneous		38,515
Total Revenues		421,494
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Public Safety		364,048
Administration		70,735
Capital Outlay	-	10,293
Total Expenditures		445,076
Excess (Deficiency) of		
Revenues over Expenditures		(23,582)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(23,582)
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		170,577
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	146,995

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-The Notes to the Financial Statements are an Integral Part of This Statement-

ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **JUNE 30, 2019**

Exhibit E

Reconciliation of Governmental Fun	d Balance to Net Position
(Exhibit A) of governmental acti	ivities:

(Exhibit A) of governmental activities:			
Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit C)		\$	146,995
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the other funds.			
Governmental Capital Assets	945,788		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(912,287)		33,501
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Related to Pension (ASRS)			55,292 1,550
Related to OPEB			1,550
Non Current liabilities are not due and payable			
in the current period and therefore are not			/
reported in the funds.			(7,755)
Net Pension Liability			
Related to Pension (ASRS)			(206,408)
Related to OPEB			(189)
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Related to Deferred Taxes			51,649
Related to Pension (ASRS)			(40,522)
Related to OPEB		-	(1,664)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A)		\$	32,449

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit F

Reconciliation of the change in fund balance-total governmental funds to the change in net position of governmental activities:

Net Change in Fund Balances -Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit D)

\$ (23,582)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are different because of the following:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expeditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

(7,466)

Net Change in Deferred Outlows and Inflows of Resources

(1,170)

The addition of non current liabilities (e.g., bonds, leases, leave) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of non current liabilities consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of non current liabilities and related items.

(1,042)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit B)

\$ (33,260)

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The District is a local governmental unit formed as a political subdivision of the local county which is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona. The District was formed under the provisions of Title 48 of Arizona Revised Statutes. The District operates under the guidance of an elected board, which is the policy making body of the District. The purpose of the District is to provide fire protection, emergency medical and related services to the residents and guests of the District and the surrounding area. The day to day operations are supervised by a fire chief and his staff.

The District has the power to issue bonds, levy taxes, bill for services and raise revenues with the power of the County government. The District has the power to expend public funds for any legitimate purpose required to further its needs. The District operates as an independent governmental agency directly responsible to the local taxpayers and voters.

Introduction

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, all organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations which by nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government would cause the financial statements to be incomplete or misleading if excluded. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Based on these criteria, there are no component units requiring inclusion in these financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

The accounting policies for the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies are described below.

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Government-wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to users of the services provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds

Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available as net current assets. All sources of revenue except interest become measurable when the District has rendered a service. Interest revenue is measurable when its rate becomes known. Revenues are considered available if they are received within 60 days of the end of any accounting period. Expenditures are generally recognized when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

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Financial Statements Amounts

Cash & Cash Equivalents

All savings, checking and money market accounts with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

Prepaid Items

Payments to vendors that benefit future accounting periods are classified as prepaid items until charged to expenditures in the period benefited.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	27.5 to 40 years
Equipment	5 to 7 years
Fire Trucks	10 years
Automobiles	5 years
Office Equipment	5 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/exp enditure) until then.

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In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation and leave time is normally accrued when incurred. The anticipated current portion of employee leave is accrued in the governmental fund, while the non current portion is recorded only in the non current group of accounts.

Non Current Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, non current liabilities and other non current obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

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Net Position/Fund Equity

Net Position on Government Wide Financial Statements - Exhibit A

Fund Equity, as defined in GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments" is defined as net position and is classified in the following categories:

- Restricted—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted –this balance is the amount of equity which is not included in the Restricted fund balance and the Investments in Capital Asset balances.
- Net Investment in Capital Assets This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Fund Balances on Government Fund Financial Statements - Exhibit C

Beginning with fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Non-spendable fund balance—amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., District Board). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District Board or by an official or body to which the District Board delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose.
 Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

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The District Board establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by District Board through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amount and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

A fire district shall prepare an annual budget that contains detailed estimated expenditures for each fiscal year and that clearly shows salaries payable to employees of the district. The budget summary shall be posted in three public places and a complete copy of the budget shall be published on the district's official website for twenty days before a public hearing at a meeting called by the board to adopt the budget. Copies of the budget shall also be available to members of the public on written request to the district. Following the public hearing, the district board shall adopt a budget. A complete copy of the adopted budget shall be posted in a prominent location on the district's official website within seven business days after final adoption and shall be retained on the website for at least sixty months. For any fire district that does not maintain an official website, the fire district may comply with this subsection by posting on a website of an association of fire districts in this state. ARS 48-805.2(a)

Pursuant to ARS 48.805.2(d), all fire district are required to submit certain information accompanying the budget which has been certified to by the chairman and clerk of the District Board. The budget and the accompanying certification are required to be submitted to the County Board of Supervisors no later than August 1st of each year.

Budgets are adopted by the District on basis consistent with Arizona Revised Statutes.

Encumbrance accounting is not employed by the District. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

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NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENT RISK & CASH MANAGEMENT

Deposits and Investments

The deposit of public funds is regulated by Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS). ARS 48-807 allows the District to establish bank accounts with any financial institution that is authorized to do business in the State of Arizona for the purpose of operating a payroll account, holding special revenues, ambulance revenues or both as necessary to fulfill the District's fiduciary responsibilities. The District may also establish, through the County Treasurer, accounts for monies from property taxes, grants, contributions and donations. The County Treasurer is required to establish a fund known as the "fire district general fund" for the receipt of all taxes levied on behalf of the District.

The District may register warrants only if separate accounts are maintained by the County Treasurer for each governmental fund of the District. Warrants may only be registered on the maintenance and operation account, the unrestricted capital outlay account and the special revenue accounts, and only if the total cash balance of all three accounts is insufficient to pay the warrants and only after any revolving line of credit has been expended. Registered warrants may not exceed ninety per cent of the taxes levied by the County for the District's current fiscal year. Registered warrants bear interest as prescribed by statute and are redeemed as provided for by law for County warrants.

Unless monies are legally restricted by contract, agreement or law, those monies may be transferred between fund accounts according to the original or amended budget of the Fire District.

Any surplus remaining the fire district general fund at the end of the fiscal year shall be credited to the fire district general fund of the district for the succeeding fiscal year and after subtraction of accounts payable and encumbrances, shall be used to reduce the tax levy for the following year.

The District accounts with the County Treasurer are part of an investment pool operated by the County Treasurer. The County treasurer invests the cash in a pool under policy guidelines established by the County Treasurer's office. The County accounts for the investment pool in their Fiduciary Investment Trust Fund. Credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk regarding the County Treasurer's Investment pool is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County. The fair value of each participant's position in the County Treasurer's Investment Pool approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool.

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Financial institutions accepting governmental monies in the State of Arizona are required to collateralize at 102% all government deposits which exceed the FDIC insurance limit. The current FDIC limit is \$250,000 for the total of all interest bearing accounts and \$250,000 for the total of all demand deposit accounts. The collateralization is required to be separately identifiable securities and be held by a third party financial institution or trust agency. ARS (Title 35) requires this to be monitored by the State Treasurer's Office.

The District may also place monies in investments which are subject to the risks identified below.

The following is a summary of the Cash and Cash Equivalents held by financial institutions at June 30, 2019:

DEPOSITORY ACCOUNTS:

DEFOSITORY ACCOUNTS.	C	eneral <u>Fund</u>
Insured Deposits (FDIC) County Treasurer Investment Pool	\$	15,696 86,197
Total Deposits		101,893
In Transit Items		(1,726)
Total Depository Accounts		100,167
NON DEPOSITORY ACCOUNTS		
Cash on Hand	<u></u>	300
Total Non Depository Accounts		300
Total Cash & Investments	\$	100.467

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes standards for measuring fair value and applying fair value to certain investments, establishes a three-tier hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value and enhances disclosures related to fair value hierarchy and valuation techniques.

These fair value measurement reporting levels are:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Significant other observable inputs.

Level 3 - Significant unobservable inputs.

Investments by fair value level: Level Two

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External investment pools measured at fair value:

County Treasurer Investment Pool

\$ 86,197

Total

\$ 86,197

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the system will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in external investment pools and in open-end mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Foreign Currency Risk. Arizona Revised Statutes do not allow foreign investments.

<u>Investment Policy.</u> The District does not have a formal policy with respect to credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk.

<u>Credit Risk</u> — Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment in a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices other than what is in the Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS). The Cochise County Treasurer's Investment Pool (CCTIP) are external investment pools with no regulatory oversight. The CCTIP is not required to register (and is not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. As of June 30, 2019, the CCTIP had not received a credit quality rating from a national rating agency.

Statues authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities, along with certain public obligations such as bonds or other obligations of any state of the United States of America or of any agency, instrumentality, or local governmental unit of any such state of which the District invests, that are rated in the highest rating category of nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> Concentration of credit risk is associated with investments in any one issuer that represent 5 percent or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are considered as excluded from this requirement.

Arizona Revised Statutes do not include any requirement for concentration of risk.

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<u>Interest rate risk</u>: This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Cochise County Treasurer invests the cash in a pool under policy guidelines established by the Cochise County Treasurer's office (the County). The County accounts for the investment pol in their Fiduciary Investment Trust Fund. Credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk regarding the County Treasurer's Investment Pool (CCTIP) is included in the Comprehensive Annual Report of the County. The fair value of each participant's position in the CCTIP approximated the value of the participant's shares in the pool.

NOTE 4 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and the public; and natural or manmade disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have never exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the District.

In addition, as the owner and operator of emergency response vehicles, the District is exposed to a high risk of loss related to these activities. The District carries commercial insurance on all vehicles and requires insurance coverage on all privately owned vehicles used for District activities.

NOTE 5 - INVENTORIES

The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased. All inventories of the District are considered immaterial.

NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

General and governmental fund receivables are recorded as received except for those funds collected and held by other governments on behalf of the Fire District. These amounts are recorded as soon as they are measurable and available in accordance with governmental accounting standards.

Ambulance receivables were \$88,160 with an allowance for bad debt of \$57,065 at June 30, 2019. This gave a net of \$31,095 which was expected to be collectable. The allowance for bad debt is the amount over 180 days in the accounts receivable aging report as of June 30, 2019.

Wildland receivable were \$2,455 with an allowance for bad debt of \$0 at June 30, 2019. This gave a net of \$2,455 which was expected to be collectable.

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Prepaid expenses were \$15,200 at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 7 – PROPERTY TAX REVENUE RECEIVABLE

Property Tax Receivables arise when property taxes are levied but not currently collected. The collectible portion (taxes levied less estimated uncollectible) are recorded as deferred inflow of resources in the period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arise.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended.

Depreciable Assets	BALANCE 06/30/2018	ADDITIONS DELETIONS		BALANCE 06/30/2019
Depreciable Assets				
Vehicles Buildings Building Improvements Equipment, Fire	\$ 509,559 86,895 26,558 319,829	\$ 0 0 0 0	\$ 0 0 0 0	\$ 509,559 86,895 26,558 319,829
Total Historical Costs	942,841	0	0	942,841
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Vehicles Buildings Building Improvements Equipment, Fire	501,364 66,284 17,344 319,829	4,647 2,155 664 0	0 0 0 0	506,011 68,439 18,008 319,829
Less: Total Accumulated Depreciation	904,821	7,466	0	912,287
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	38,020	(7,466)	0	30,554
Non-Depreciable Assets				
Land	2,947	0	0	2,947
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 40.967</u>	<u>\$ (7,466)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 33.501</u>

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NOTE 9 - DEFERRED OUTLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position," and GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities," the District recognized deferred outflows of resources in the governmentwide statements. These items are a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. The District reports the deferred inflows and outflows as follows:

	Governmentwide <u>Activities</u>
Governmentwide Deferred Outflows Deferred Pension OPEB Total Governmentwide Activities	\$ 55,292 1,550 \$ 56.842
Governmentwid e Deferred Inflows Deferred Pension OPEB Total Governmentwide Activities	\$ 40,522 1,664 \$ 42.186
	Governmental Activities
Unavailable Revenue Deferred Taxes Total Governmental Activities	\$ 51,649 \$ 51,649

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

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NOTE 11 – ACCUMULATED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated unpaid vacation and leave time is accrued when incurred. The current portion of such amounts has been accrued in the governmental fund (using the modified accrual basis of accounting).

The District has adopted a policy of not vesting sick leave however, unused sick leave is accumulated. The District is not obligated to pay accumulated sick time upon termination. Therefore, no liability for sick time has been recognized in the District's financial statement. The District currently shows accumulated sick time to be \$11,549.

NOTE 12 – CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts Payable are liabilities considered due and payable in 60 days or less.

Short-Term Debt are those liabilities payable within one year or less which are not considered as Accounts Payable.

The District utilizes an unsecured revolving credit line thru the Cochise County Treasurer. Interest on this line of credit is based on Prime rate plus ½% at the time the line of credit is utilized. The District routinely pays the balance in full when funds are available.

	Balance June 30, 2018		Additions		<u>Deletions</u>		Balance <u>June 30, 2019</u>	
Payroll Taxes Payable	\$	4,775	\$	1,094	\$	0	\$	5,869
Wages Payable		1,787		1,138		0		2,925
Accounts Payable		2,750		0		1,064		1,686
Credit Card Payable		4,828		0		4,828		0
Compensated Absences		0		1,939		0		1,939
Line of Credit	-	0	-	7,550	•	7,550	3 	0
Totals	<u>s</u>	14,140	<u>\$</u>	11.721	\$	13,442	\$	12.419

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS

The District has a line of credit with Cochise County. The District did not have a balance outstanding on this line of credit as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 14 – NON-CURRENT LIABILITIE S

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities in the statement of net assets.

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General Obligation Bonds

The District does not currently have any general obligation bonds.

Operating Leases

The District does not currently have any operating leases.

Capital Leases

The District does not currently have any capital leases.

Changes in Non-Current Liabilities:

Balance <u>June 30, 2018</u>		<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2019	
Compensated Absences	\$ 6,713	\$ 1,042	\$ 0	<u>\$</u> 7,755	
Totals	<u>\$ 6,713</u>	<u>\$ 1.042</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$</u> 7.755	

NOTE 15 – NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

The District's Net Position consists of restricted, unrestricted, and net investment in capital assets amounts.

The District's Governmental Funds fund balances consist of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned amounts.

Restricted fund balances are amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance is amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., District Board). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance is amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District Board or by an official or body to which the District Board delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance is amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

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Non-spendable fund balances are amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact (such as a deposit on a credit card).

Net Position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$	33,501 (1,052)
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	32,449
Governmental Fund Balances:		
Assigned – Payroll Capital	\$	66,793 32,531
Total Assigned Fund Balances		99,324
Non-Spendable		25,280
Unassigned Fund Balances	-	22,391
Total Fund Balance	\$	146,995

NOTE 16 - PROPERTY TAXES

The District is authorized to levy property taxes in an amount sufficient to operate the District. This levy cannot exceed three dollars and twenty-five cents per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation. It also cannot exceed the amount of the levy in the preceding tax year multiplied by 1.08.

The District levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

The District also levies various personal property taxes during the year, which are due at the same time as real property taxes.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

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The taxpayers may, by vote of the electorate, authorize a permanent override, depending upon certain criteria being met. The taxpayers also may authorize the issuance of bonds for capital acquisitions in addition to the operating taxes referred to above.

The County collects a County-Wide Fire District Assistance Tax (FDAT) and distributes the funds to all Fire Districts in the County, according to a formula established by state law. The maximum awarded to a District cannot exceed \$400,000 per year.

NOTE 17 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND POST EMPLOYMENT PLANS

The District and employees contribute to a retirement plan. This plan is the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). Benefits for personnel are established based on contributions to the plan. For personnel, state statute regulates retirement, death, long-term disability, and survivor insurance premium benefits.

The cost of postemployment healthcare benefits, from an accrual accounting perspective, should be associated with the periods in which future costs are earned rather than in the future years when they will be paid (similar to the cost of pension benefits), GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions requires the District to recognize the entire OPEB liability and a comprehensive measure of OPEB expense. The comprehensive measures of OPEB expense includes immediate recognition in OPEB expense of the effects of changes of benefit terms, as well as the incorporation of the amortization of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB over a defined, closed period.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for which it contributes:

-	ASRS		LTD		OPEB	
Net pension liability	\$	206,408	\$	733	\$	(544)
Deferred outflows of resources		55,292		488		1,062
Deferred inflows of resources		40,522		75		1,589
Pension expense		3,284		294		544

A. Arizona State Retirement System

<u>Plan Description:</u> The District contributes to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan; and a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan administered by the *Arizona State Retirement System* (ASRS) that covers employees of the State of Arizona and employees of participating political subdivisions and school districts.

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The ASRS is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of Arizona Revised Statute Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. Reports may be obtained online at www.azasrs.gov, by writing or calling: Arizona State Retirement System, 3300 N. Central Avenue, Phoenix, Arizona 85012, (602) 240-2000.

Benefits Provided – Benefits are established by State Statute and generally provide retirement, long-term disability, and health insurance premium benefits, including death and survivor benefits. The retirement benefits are generally paid at a percentage, based on years of service, of the retiree's average compensation. Long-term disability benefits vary by circumstance, but generally pay a percentage of the employee's monthly compensation. The health insurance premium benefit is paid as a fixed dollar amount per month toward the retiree's health care insurance premiums, in amount based on whether the benefit is for the retiree or for the retiree and his or her dependents. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Retirement initial membership date

	Before July 1, 2011	After July 1, 2011
Years of service and receive benefits	Sum of years and age equals 80 10 years age 62 any years age 65	30 years age 55 25 years age 60 5 years age 50* Any years age 65
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120 months	Highest 60 months of last 120 months
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits

Retirement benefits for member who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013 are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contribution and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$150 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

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Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the District's contribution rates. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2019 active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.80 percent (11.64 percent retirement, .00 percent for health benefit supplement premiums and .16 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.80 percent (11.18 percent for retirement, 0.46 percent for health insurance benefit, and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of covered annual payroll of retired members who worked in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to ASRS. The District's contributions to ASRS for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$ 16,038.

The District's combined contributions for pension and OPEB for the current and two preceding years, all of which were equal to the require contributions, were as follows:

Years ended June 30	Total Contribution
2019	\$ 16,920
2018	16,732
2017	12,617

During fiscal year 2019, the District paid for ASRS from the general fund.

Liability – At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$ 206,408 for its proportionate share of the ASRS net pension liability. The net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using updated procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all employers' contribution for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's proportion measure as of June 30, 2018, was 0.00148 percent, which was consistent to its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

The District proportion of the net liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's proportions measured as of June 30, 2018, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2017, were:



ASRS	Proportion	Increase (Decrease) from		
·	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017		
Pension	0.00148%	0.00028%		
Health insurance premium benefit	0.00151%	0.00029%		
Long-term disability	0.00148%	0.00027%		

The net assets and net liabilities measured as of June 30, 2018, will reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016. The change in the District net assets and net liabilities as a result of these changes is not known.

Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$ 3,284. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASR from the following sources:

	Pen	sion	OPI	EB	LTD		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,686	\$ 1,138	\$ 0	S 502	\$ 20	\$ 0	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	5,462	18,301	1,049	0	167	0	
Net difference between projected and actual carnings	0	4,964	0	1,086	0	75	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	29,335	16,119	13	I	97	0	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	14,809	0	0	0	204	0	
Total	\$ 55,292	\$ 40.522	S. L062	S 1.589	\$ 488	<u>\$ 75</u>	

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources relates to ASRS pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30	Pe	ension	Health In Premium		Long- Disal	
2020	\$	2,824	\$	(207)	\$	17
2021		6,892		(206)		16
2022		(7,529)		(207)		16
2023		(2,226)		22		36
2024		0		71		40
Future		0		0		84

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Asset Valuation	Fair Value
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%
Projected salary increases	2.7 - 7.2%
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP
Recovery Rates	2012 GLDT
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Not Applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fire-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.50 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class of ASRS are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	50%	5.50%
Fixed Income	30%	3.83%
Real Estate	20%	5.85%
Other	0%	0.00%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

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Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pensions liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona Statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future payment of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension Liability in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percent point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate

	1% Decrease 6.50%	Current Discount Rate 7.50%	1% Increase 8.50%
Net Insurance Premium Benefit Liability	<u>\$ 1.927</u>	<u>\$ (544)</u>	\$ (2.648)
Net Long-Term Disability Benefit	<u>\$ 876</u>	<u>\$ 733</u>	<u>\$ 673</u>
The district's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 294,239	\$ 206.408	<u>\$ 133.026</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

NOTE 18- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events and does not know of any comments or disclosures that should be made thru the date of this report.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit G

	Ori	Budgeted ginal	Amo Fin		Actu	no1	Budg	ce with Final get Positive legative)
Revenues:	011	gillai	1/111	ai	Acti	iai		icgative)
Property Taxes	\$	215,627	\$	215,627	\$	217,599	\$	1,972
Fire District Assistance	Ψ	40,000	~	40,000	70	37,526		(2,474)
Fees for Service		350,701		350,701		127,582		(223,119)
Grant Revenue		160,000		160,000				(160,000)
Interest		1,000		1,000		272		(728)
Miscellaneous	-	37,472	ŭ	37,472		38,515		1,043
Total Revenues	0 	804,800		804,800)	421,494		(383,306)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Safety		727,890		727,890		364,048		363,842
Administration		93,810		93,810		70,735		23,075
Capital Outlay	-	88,100	-	88,100		10,293		77,807
Total Expenditures		909,800		909,800		445,076		464,724
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues over Expenditures	_	(105,000)	Ž.	(105,000)		(23,582)		81,418
Net Change in Fund Balances		(105,000)		(105,000)		(23,582)		81,418
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		105,000		105,000		170,577		65,577
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	146,995	\$	146,995

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY REQUIREMENTS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with the Arizona Revised Statutes, the District is required to adopt an annual operating budget no later than August 1st. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and appropriations lapse at year-end.

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2019

RSI-5	2014 through 2009	Information	not available			
	2015 Measurement Date (2014)	\$ 15,711	15,711	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 136,862	11.48%
	2016 Measurement Date (2015)	\$ 14,876	14,876	ا ا ج	\$ 141,665	10.50%
	2017 Measurement Date (2016)	\$ 12,617	12,617	ι (\$ 141,217	8.93%
	2018 Measurement Date (2017)	\$ 16,732	16,732	ا چ	\$ 149,246	11.21%
	2019 Measurement Date (2018)	\$ 16,038	16,038	ι છ	\$ 127,352	12.59%
	ASRS - Pension	Actuarially determined contribution	District's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	District's contribution deficiency (excess)	District's covered-employee payroll	covered-employee payroll

Note: 2015 is the first year of reporting this information - prior years are not available.

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2019

						RSI-6
ASKS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	Measurement Date (2018)	Measurement Date (2017)	Measurement Date (2016)	Measurement Date (2015)	Measurement Date (2014)	through 2009
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 647	\$ 655				
District's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution District's contribution deficiency (excess)	. 647	\$ 655		INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE	IOT AVAILABLE	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 127,352	\$ 149,246				
Districts contributions as a percertage of covered-employee payroll	0.51%	0.44%				

Note: 2018 is the first year of reporting this information - prior years are not available.

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					0.01			
								RSI-7
ASRS - Long-Term Liability	•	0,700		0700	1,000	200	2000	V P.O.C
	Meas	Measurement	Mea	Measurement	Measurement	Measurement	Measurement	through
	Date	Date (2018)	Dal I	Date (2017)	Date (2016)	Date (2015)	Date (2014)	5005
Actuarially determined contribution	↔	235	↔	164				
Districts contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		235		164		INFORMATION	INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE	
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	↔	1	မှ	1				
District's covered-employee payroll	↔	127,352	8	149,246				
Districts contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.18%		0.11%				

Note: 2018 is the first year of reporting this information - prior years are not available.

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See accompanying notes to the Pension Schedules

ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (ASRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30, 2019

RSI-8

ASRS - Pension	Mea	2019 Measurement Date (2018)	Meas	2018 Measurement Date (2017)	Mea	2017 Measurement Date (2016)	Mea	2016 Measurement Date (2015)	Mea	2015 Measurement Date (2014)	2014 through 2009
District's proportion of net pension liability (asset)		0.14800%		0.00120%		0.00146%		0.00147%		0.00149%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	₩	206,408	₩	186,937	↔	235,659	↔	231,450	-⟨γ-	235,659	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	127,352	\$	149,246	-\$-	141,217	\$	141,665	<γ-	136,862	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Φ	162.08%		125.25%		166.88%		163.38%		172.19%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.40%		69.92%		%90.29		68.35%		69.49%	

Note: 2015 is the first year of reporting this information - prior years are not available.

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (ASRS)

Last Ten Fiscal Years Year Ended June 30, 2019

								RSI-9	
ASRS - OPEB	<u> </u>	2019 Weasurement	Mea	2018 Measurement	2017 Measurement	2016 Weasurement	2015 Measurement	2014 through	
	Da	Date (2018)	Dat	Date (2017)	Date (2016)	-	Date (2014)	2009	
District's proportion of net pension liability (asset)		0.00151%		0.00122%					
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	.	(544)	₩.	(664)		INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE	OT AVAILABLE		
District's covered-employee payroll	↔	127,352	\$	149,246					
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-0.43%		-0.44%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a									

Note: 2018 is the first year of reporting this information - prior years are not available.

69.92%

73.40%

percentage of the total pension liability

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (ASRS)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30, 2019

RSI-10

ASRS - LTD	Mea	2019 Measurement Date (2018)	Mea	2018 Measurement Date (2017)	2017 Measurement Date (2016)	2016 Measurement Date (2015)	2015 Measurement Date (2014)	2014 through 2009
District's proportion of net pension liability (asset)		0.00148%		0.00121%				
District's proportionate share of the net LTD liability (asset)	↔	733	↔	439	2	INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE	JT AVAILABLE	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	127,352	⇔	149,246				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.58%		0.29%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.40%		69.92%				

Note: 2018 is the first year of reporting this information - prior years are not available.

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NOTES TO PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptins used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Entry age Normal Actuarial cost method:

Level percent-of-pay, closed Amortization method:

Remaining amortization period: 21 years; if the actuarial value of assets exceeded the actuarial accrued liability, the excess was amortized over

an open period of 21 years and applied as a credit to reduce the normal cost which otherwises would be payable.

7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor Asset valuation method:

In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0 - 8.0%. In the 2014 actuarial valuation,

wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%.

Wage growth:

In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.0%-8.0% to 3.75%-7.5%. In the 20134actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0%. Projected Salary Increases:

PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1, 2017: In the 2016 actuarial

valuation the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the

investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

PSPRS members with initial membership on or after July 1, 2017: 7%.

Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2016

Retirement age:

Mortality:

valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2011 - June 30, 2016.

RP-2014 morality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

Members retire on or before July 1, 2011: 2% of overall average benefit compounded annually. All members receive the same dollar amount of increase. Members retired on or after August 1, 2011: 0.5% of overall average benefit compounded annually. Assumed future permanent benefit increases:

All members receive the same dollar amount of increase.

These changes will increase the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effectTheseive date. changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law changing the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee Also, the District refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the District to reduce its actual employer contributions for effective date. As a result, PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent behefit increases for those members and the refund amounts. As a result, the District pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019. pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were revised actuarial assumptions to explicity value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT ANNUAL REPORT INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

AZ Revised Statutes (ARS) requires certain additional information be attached to the audit report to comply with ARS 48-251 & 48-253 as required to meet the requirements of the AZ "Annual Report" of Special Districts. This information is included as other supplementary information.

FIRE BOARD MEETINGS:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Locatio n</u>
July 24, 2018	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
Aug 28, 2018	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
Sep 25, 2018	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
Oct 23, 2018	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
Nov 26, 2018	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
Dec 18, 2018	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
Jan 22, 2019	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
Feb 26, 2019	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
Mar 27, 2019	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
Apr 23, 2019	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
May 29, 2019	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizona
June 25, 2019	5:00 p.m.	Station #1 – Elfrida, Arizon a

BOARD MEMBERS:

Name	Business Phone Number	<u>Occupation</u>
Dale Hedges	520-642-3749	Member
Alma Garcia	520-642-3749	President
Rosa Aguallo	520-642-3749	Member
Sandra Overfield	520-642-3749	Secretary
Andrew Warn	520-642-3749	Treasurer

LOCATION OF POSTING OF MEETING NOTICES (all meetings):

Fire Station #1 Elfrida, Arizona
Bob's Hometown Hardware Elfrida, Arizona
U.S. Post Office Elfrida, Arizona

LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARY CHANGES:

None

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT AUDIT STANDARDS June 30, 2019

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ELFRIDA FIRE DISTRICT

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SAUNDERS COMPANY, LTD

JAMES H. SAUNDERS, CPA, CFE, CGFM, PI. TRICIA E. SAUNDERS, PI.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
CERTIFIED FRAUD EXAMINER
CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL MANAGER
LICENSED PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS #01534603, # 1003706

6008 W. CORTEZ ST GLENDALE, ARIZONA 85304 Tel: (623) 476-8660 Fax: (602) 926-2431 E-Mail: JamesH49@AOL.com Triciacsaunders@ yahoo.com

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Arizona Society of Certified Public Accountants Arizona Association of Licensed Private Investigators

International Association of Certified Fraud Examiners Arizona Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Governing Board Elfrida Fire District Elfrida, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Elfrida Fire District, Elfrida, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 9, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effective ness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control... June 30, 2019 Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Saunders Company, Ltd.

Glendale, Arizona January 9, 2020

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SAUNDERS COMPANY, LTD

JAMES H. SAUNDERS, CPA, CFE, CGFM, PI. TRICIA E. SAUNDERS, PI.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
CERTIFIED FRAUD EXAMINER
CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL MANAGER
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE OF ARIZONA FIRE DISTRICT REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

To the Governing Board Elfrida Fire District Elfrida, Arizona

Report on Compliance

We have audited the Elfrida Fire District's (the District) compliance with the requirements of Arizona Revised Statutes Title 48-805 for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated January 9, 2020. Our audit included test work on the District's compliance with the selected requirements identified in the State of Arizona Revised Statutes and the Arizona State Constitution including, but not limited to, Title 48, Chapter 5, Article 1 and ARS 48-805.

Management's Responsibilit y

The management of the District is responsible for compliance with all requirements identified above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit; specifically, the following statements:

- 1. That the District has not incurred any debt or liability in excess of taxes levied and to be collected and the monies actually available and unencumbered at that time in the District general fund except for those liabilities as prescribed in section 48-805, subsection B, paragraph 2 and sections 48-806 and 48-807.
- 2. That the District complies with subsection F of section 48-805.
- 3. Whether the audit or report disclosed any information contrary to the certification made as prescribed by subsection D, paragraph 1 of section 48-805.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the District complied with the requirements identified above for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of the applicable compliance requirements identified in the Arizona Revised Statutes as noted above and the results of that testing based on the state requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Saunders Company, Ltd.

Glendale, Arizona January 9, 2020

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